

Assignment 3
Prince Patel
MT15046

Question 1 -

Question1Report.pdf contains the walkthrough over all code.

Question1.pynb is ipython notebook for the solution.

1. Created the dataset with label "1" as vehicle and "0" as non -vehicle.
2. Splitted the dataset in 80-20.
3. For all training images -
 - a. Take a image, split the image in 10 patches.
 - b. For each patch compute the HOG descriptor.
 - c. Cluster the features of patches.(k = 20).
4. Compute the histogram of the training images.
5. Compute the histogram of the testing images.
6. Normalize the histogram.

Note: If I follow the approach where the patches are not taken, then accuracy comes better. But it was not done as the concept of patches is mentioned in assignment.

Accuracy = 0.4968

Question 2 -

Code Readme -

1. IOU computation code is taken from blog.
2. Lucas Kanade is taken from opencv toolbox of python.

Work Done -

1. Two models are explored.
2. One with Harris detector and one with Shi Tomasi corner detection.

Changes done -

Use of Shi Tomasi corner detection. The Harris Corner Detector is just a mathematical way of determining which windows produce large variations when moved in any direction. With each window, a score R is associated. Based on this score, you can figure out which ones are corners and which ones are not. The Harris corner detector has a corner selection criteria. A score is calculated for each pixel, and if the score is above a certain value, the pixel is marked as a corner. The score is calculated using two eigenvalues. That is, you gave the two eigenvalues to a function. The function manipulates them, and gave back a score. Shi and Tomasi suggested that the function should be done away with. Only the eigenvalues should be used to check if the pixel was a corner or not.

Graphs -



