

Q.2

Date: .....

A non-zero matrix  $F$  is fundamental matrix corresponding to a pair of camera matrices  $P$  &  $Q$  if & only if  $Q^T F P$  is skew symmetric.

The above statement is true.

Proof :

For matrix to be skew-symmetric, it should satisfy the condition

$$-A = A^T \quad \text{i.e. } \{a_{ij} = -a_{ji}\}$$

For fundamental matrix, following condition is always satisfied.

$$x'^T F x = 0$$

where  $x'$  &  $x$  are corresponding points.

[ ]

The condition that  $Q^T F P$  is skew-symmetric is equivalent to

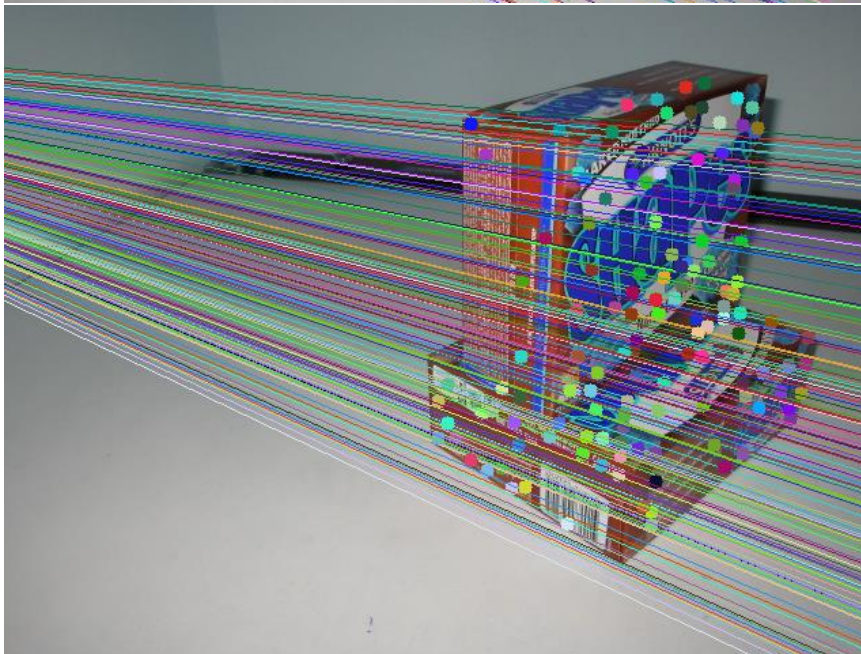
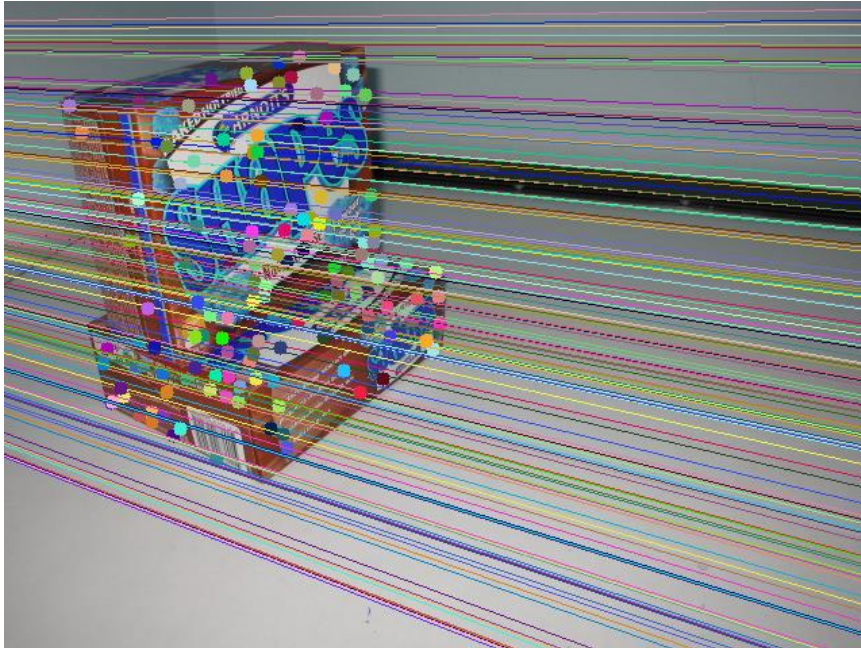
$$X^T Q^T F P X = 0 \text{ for all } X.$$

Setting  $x' = QX$  &  $x = PX$ , is equivalent to  $x'^T F x = 0$ , which is defining equation for fundamental matrix.

### Question1.

```
F = array([[ 5.66273998e-07,  1.11471297e-05,  1.88345714e-04],  
          [-9.08797916e-06,  8.54051030e-07, -7.35518978e-03],  
          [ 3.42708318e-04,  4.82238229e-03,  1.60356357e-01]])
```

### Images



Using RANSAC

Matrix =

```
array([[ 1.10265562e-06,  2.76924500e-05, -3.04593721e-03],  
       [-2.26323779e-05,  3.32186504e-06, -8.94697303e-03],  
       [ 2.86386807e-03,  6.36736274e-04,  1.00000000e+00]])
```