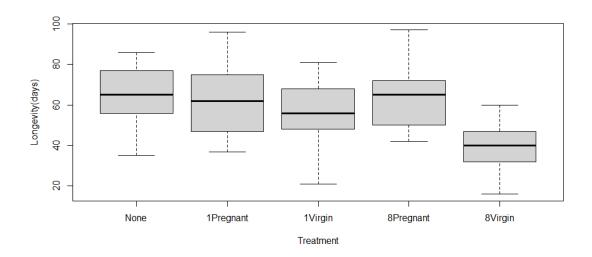
Untitled

Kah Meng Soh

1/29/2022

```
data=read.table("http://www.stat.umn.edu/~gary/book/fcdae.data/pr3.2",header=
TRUE)
attach(data)
trt=as.factor(trt)
m=lm(days~trt)
summary(m)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = days ~ trt)
##
## Residuals:
##
     Min
             10 Median
                                 Max
                            3Q
## -35.76 -8.76
                  0.20 11.20 32.44
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                 63.360
                            2.962 21.394 < 2e-16 ***
## trt2
                 0.200
                            4.188
                                    0.048
                                              0.962
## trt3
                 1.440
                            4.188
                                    0.344
                                              0.732
                            4.188 -1.576
## trt4
                -6.600
                                              0.118
## trt5
               -24.640
                            4.188 -5.883 3.73e-08 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 14.81 on 120 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3121, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2892
## F-statistic: 13.61 on 4 and 120 DF, p-value: 3.516e-09
#Null hypothesis = all group mean is same, reproductive activity does not
affect longevity
#Alternative hypothesis = some group mean is not same, reproductive activity
does affect longevity
#We see that the p-value of the F score is small at 0.000433 therefore we
have enough evidence to reject null hypothesis and conclude that the mean is
not same.
#Display data as side by side boxplot
None = data$days[which(data$trt==1)]
Pregnant1= data$days[which(data$trt==2)]
Virgin1=data$days[which(data$trt==3)]
Pregnant8=data$days[which(data$trt==4)]
```

```
Virgin8=data$days[which(data$trt==5)]
boxplot(None,Pregnant1,Pregnant8,Virgin1,Virgin8,ylab="Longevity(days)",xlab=
"Treatment",names=c("None","1Pregnant","1Virgin","8Pregnant","8Virgin"))
```



#We see that even the graphical visualization support that the mean is not same, hence reproductive activity does affect the longevity (days) of male flies

#We know and can calculate from the coefficient of the model that the estimate mean of treatment 1,2,3,4,and 5 is 63.36,63.56,64.8,56.76,and 38.72 respectively, the estimated grand mean is 57.44. Therefore the estimated treatment effect of 1 is 63.36-57.44=5.92.

```
#For the 95% confidence interval of treatment effect 1.
anova(m)
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: days
              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
##
                                           Pr(>F)
              4 11939 2984.82 13.612 3.516e-09 ***
## trt
## Residuals 120 26314 219.28
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#We need the mean square for error which is 219.28
#The t value
qt(0.025,120,lower.tail=FALSE)
## [1] 1.97993
Lowerboundery = 5.92 - 1.97993*(2.6489)
Upperboundery = 5.92 + 1.97993*(2.6489)
```

```
CI=c(Lowerboundery, Upperboundery)
CI
## [1] 0.6753634 11.1646366
#To create a 95% confidence interval on the contrast \mu 1-\mu 4, coefficient
(1,0,0,-1,0)
#Point estimate of \mu 1-\mu 4 is 63.36-56.76=6.6
#T value with 120 df is 1.97993
#MSE is 219.28, square root of MSE is 14.808
#Square root of sum(weight^2/ni)=(1/25+1/25)^0.5= 0.2828
#Standard Error of Contrast = 14.808*0.2828=4.1877
Lowerboundery = 6.6 - 1.97993*(4.1877)
Upperboundery = 6.6 + 1.97993*(4.1877)
CI=c(Lowerboundery, Upperboundery)
## [1] -1.691353 14.891353
#To study if longevity of male flies supplied with pregnant companions is
different from male flies with virgin companions. Consider the contrast
weight coefficient (0,0.5,-0.5,0.5,-0.5)
#Null hypothesis: longevity is same: (\mu 2 + \mu 4)/2 - (\mu 3 + \mu 5)/2 = 0
#Alternative hypothesis: longevity is not the same (\mu 2+\mu 4)/2 - (\mu 3+\mu 5)/2 != 0
#Point estimate of (\mu 2 + \mu 4)/2 - (\mu 3 + \mu 5)/2 is 8.4
#T value with 120 df is (8.4-0)/(14.808*0.2)=2.8363
2*pt(2.8363,120,lower.tail=FALSE)
## [1] 0.005358702
#The p-value is 0.005358702, therefore we have enough evidence to reject the
null hypothesis that the longevity is the same for both group.
```