

Logic Building 31-Jan 2022 to 05 Feb 2022

Day-2

Trainers:

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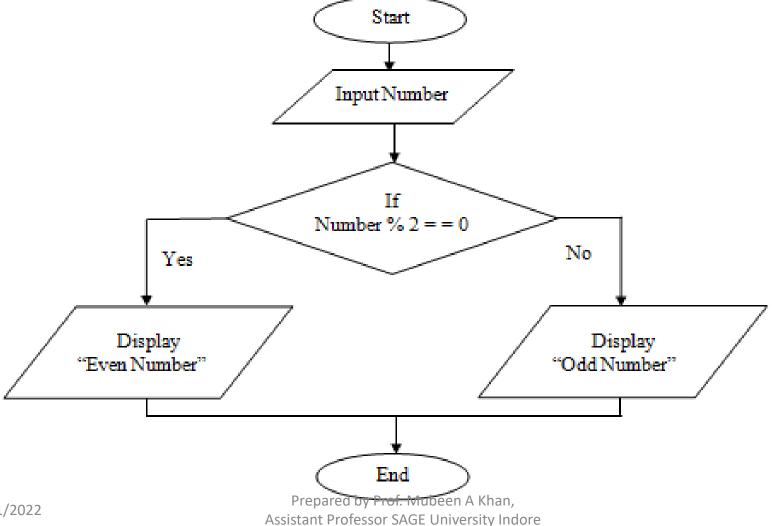


Contents

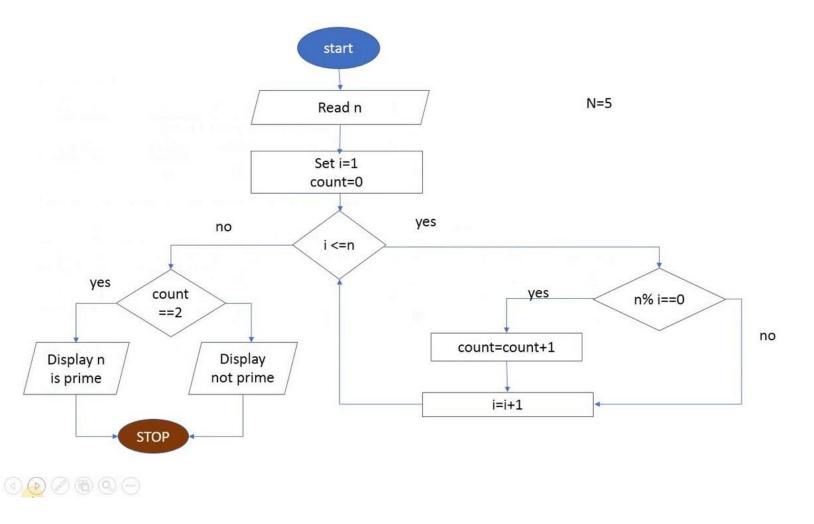
- Logic for checking even or odd.
- Logic for checking prime numbers
- Logic for checking perfect numbers
- Logic for Fibonacci series
- Logic for finding factorial of a given number
- Logic for swapping of two integers
- Logic for asterisks graph
- Logic for checking divisibility(2,3,4,5,6,7)



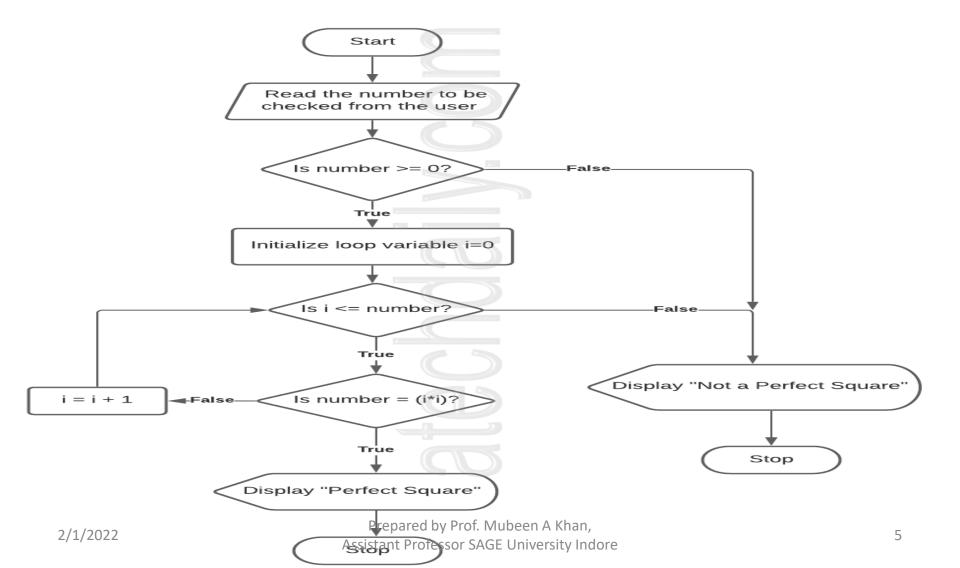
Logic for even or odd



Logic for checking prime numbers

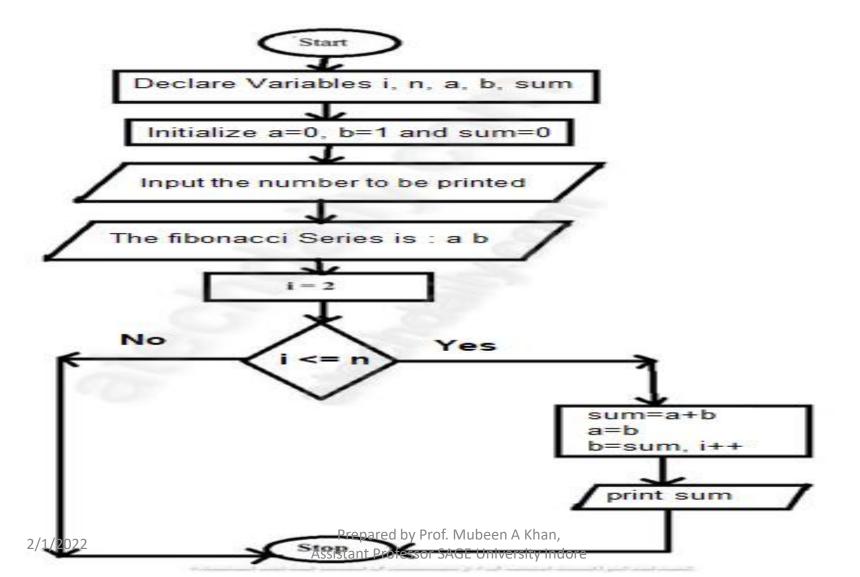


Logic for checking perfect numbers



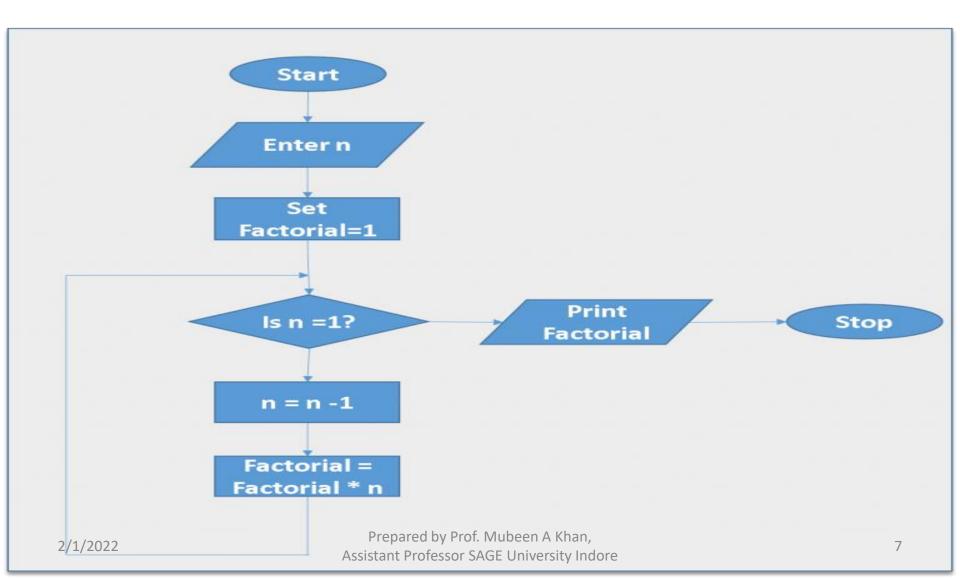


Fibonacci series



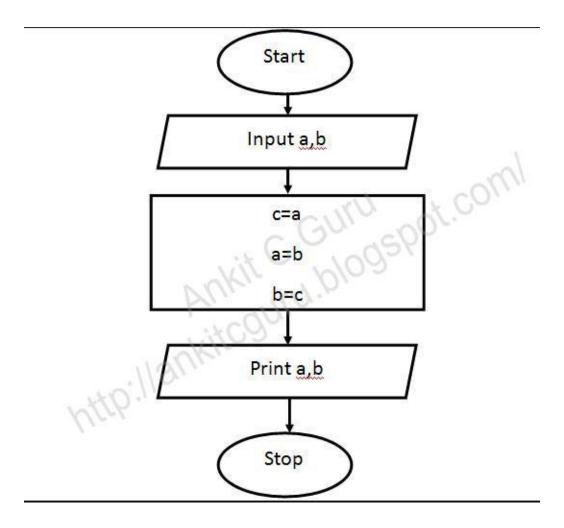


Factorial of a given number



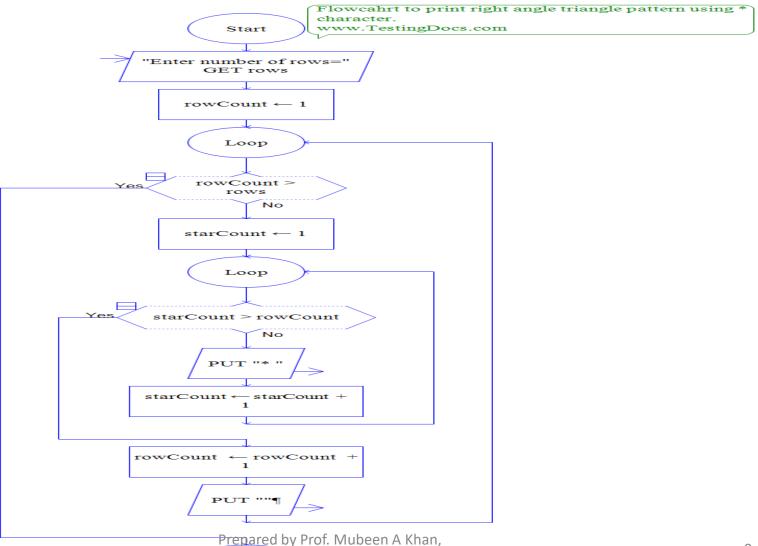


Swapping of two integers





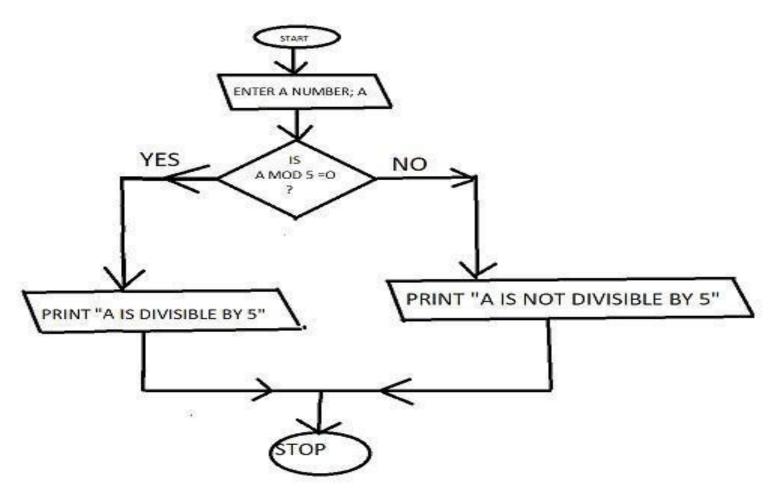
Logic for asterisks graph



(Assistant Brofessor SAGE University Indore



Logic for divisibility





THANK YOU



Exercise to make flow charts

- LCM
- HCF
- OHMs Law
- Newton's 3 laws of motion
- Pythagoras theorem
- Taylors series, Maclaurian Series, Lagranges Series, Logarithms
- Differentiation and Integration of F(x)=x4
- Mean Mode Median
- Max, Min
- Trignomentory
- Coordinate system and polar system conversions
- Power functions
 - Cube
 - Square



Day-2 Lab contents

- Algorithm for checking even or odd.
- Algorithm for checking prime numbers
- Algorithm for checking perfect numbers
- Algorithm for Fibonacci series
- Algorithm finding factorial of a given number
- Algorithm for swapping of two integers
- Algorithm for asterisks graph
- Algorithm for checking divisibility(2,3,4,5,6,7)

Algorithm for checking even or odd.

```
*step 1 : start
*step 2 : input number
*step 3 : rem=number mod
2
*step 4 : if rem=0 then
    print "number even"
    else
        print "number
odd"
    endif
*step 5 : stop
```

Algorithm for checking prime numbers

- Step 1: Start
- Step 2: Declare variables n,i,flag.
- Step 3: Initialize variables flag←1 i←2
- Step 4: Read n from user.
- Step 5: Repeat the steps until i<(n/2) 5.1 If remainder of n÷i equals 0 flag←0 Go to step 6 5.2 i←i+1
- Step 6: If flag=0 Display n is not prime else Display n is prime
- Step 7: Stop



Algorithm for checking perfect numbers

Perfect number

```
Divisor of 28: 1, 2, 4, 7, 14, 28

Sum: 1 + 2 + 4 + 7 + 14 = 28

Sum = Original number

28 is a perfect number
```

Perfect numbers between 1 to 1000 are:

6 28 496



Algorithm for checking perfect numbers

```
# include <stdio.h>
int main()
  int i, Number, Sum = 0;
  printf("\n Please Enter any number \n");
 scanf("%d", &Number);
 for(i = 1 ; i < Number ; i++)
    if(Number % i == 0)
       Sum = Sum + i ;
  if (Sum == Number)
    printf("\n %d is a Perfect Number", Number);
  else
    printf("\n%d is not the Perfect Number", Number)
```



Algorithm for Fibonacci series

Finding the Fibonacci series

```
Algorithm
```

Step1: Start

Step2: Read the value of n and set f=0,f1=-1, f2=1

Step3: While (f<n) do

f=f1+f2

f1=f2

f2=f

Print f

else Goto step5

Step4: Goto step 3

Step5: Stop



Algorithm for factorial of a given number

```
Step-1
      Start
Step-2 Read number N
Step-3 FACT=1 CTRL=1
Step-4 WHILE (CTRL <= N)
         \mathsf{D}\mathsf{O}
          FACT=FACT*I
          CTRI =CTRI +1
       DONE
         Display FACT
Step-5
Step-6 Stop
```



swapping of two integers

```
Algorithm: Interchanging / swapping two values

Step 1: Input 1st number A

Step 2: Input 2nd number B

Step 3: Set Temp = A

Step 4: Set A=B

Step 5: Set B=Temp

Step 6: Print A, B

Step 7: End
```



Algorithm for asterisks graph

- 1. Initialize for i = 1
- 2. where i <= Rows
- 3. Increment i
- 4. Initialize for j = 1
- 5. Where $j \le l$
- 6. increment j
- 7. print the values of "* "
- 8. printf("\n");
- 9. exit



- Enter number, N
- If(N%2==0)
- If (yes)
- Print "Number is divisible by 2"
- Else
- Print "Number is not divisible by 2"
- exit





- Enter any number ABCD
- P=A+B+C+D
- If (P%3==0)
- Print "Number is divisible by 3"
- Else
- Print "Number is not divisible by 3"





- Enter any number ABCD
- P=CD
- If (P%4==0)
- Print "Number is divisible by 4"
- Else
- Print "Number is not divisible by 4"





- Enter number, N
- If(N%5==0)
- If (yes)
- Print "Number is divisible by 5"
- Else
- Print "Number is not divisible by 5"
- exit



- Enter number N
- If(N%2==0 && N%3==0)
- If (yes)
- Print "Number is divisible by 6"
- Else
- Print "Number is not divisible by 6"
- exit





- Steps to Check for the Divisibility of 7
- Drop the last digit of the number then double the digit that we dropped.
- Subtract it from the new number formed by removing the last digit of the original number.
- Repeat the process until the number is reduced to two digits.
- If the two-digit number is divisible by 7, then the original number is divisible by 7. Otherwise, it is not.
 - Eg: the last digit of 679 is 9
 - double it 2(9)=18
 - The remaining number is 67-18=49 (divisible by 7)
 - Therefore 679 is divisible by 7



THANK YOU



Assignment-2

- Write a program to check whether the given number is even or odd
- Write a program for checking prime numbers
- Write a program to check a perfect numbers
- Write a program for Fibonacci series
- Write a program for finding factorial of a given number
- Write a program for swapping of two integers
- Write a program for asterisks graph
- Write a program to check divisibility(2,3,4,5,6,7)
- Write a program to check leap year and printing leap year
- Write a program to check cricket team averages.
- Write a program to show average numbers of even numbers up to given range

END OF DAY 2

Thank You

Even odd program, Prime number Program



```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int num;
  printf("Enter an integer: ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  if(num % 2 == 0)
  printf("%d is even.", num);
  else printf("%d is odd.", num);
  return 0;
}
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{ int n, i, flag = 0;
printf("Enter a positive integer: ");
scanf("%d", &n);
for (i = 2; i \le n / 2; ++i)
\{ if (n \% i == 0) \}
{ flag = 1;
break;
}}
if (n == 1)
printf("1 is neither prime nor composite.");
else
if (flag == 0)
printf("%d is a prime number.", n);
else
printf("%d is not a prime number.", n);
} return 0;
```

Program for perfect square/Fabonacce series

```
# include <iostream.h>
# include <conio.h>
void main()
  int num, s, i;
  clrscr():
  cout << "Enter any number: ";
  cin >> num:
  i=1;s=0:
  while(i<num)
    if(num\%i==0)
 if(s==num)
    cout << num << " is a perfect number";
 else
    cout << num << " is not a perfect number";
 getch();
```

```
# include <iostream.h>
# include <conio.h>
void main()
   int a,b,c,value;
   clrscr();
   cout <<"Enter any value
   cin >> value;
   a=0:b=1:c=0;
   cout << a << "\t" << b:
   c=a+b:
   while(c<=value)
            <<"\t" << C;
       a=b:
       b = c:
       c=a+b;
    getch();
```



Factorial and swapping

```
# include <iostream.h>
# include <conio.h>
void main()
  int i, num, f;
  clrscr();
  cout << "Enter any number: ";
  cin >> num;
  f=1:
  for (i=num;i>0;i--)
  f=f*i;
  cout <<"factorial of "<<num<<" : "<<f
  getch();
```

```
# include <iostream h>
# include <conio.h>
void main()
  int i.i.
  clrscr();
  cout << "enter any two values : ":
  cin >>i>>j;
  cout << "entered values : ":
  cout <<i<<" "<<i:
  i=i+i:
  i=i-i;
  i=i-i:
  cout <<"\nafter swapping: ";
  cout <<i<<" "<< i:
  getch();
```

Asterisk Graph/Divisibility Check

```
# include <iostream.h>
# include <conio.h>
void main()
  int r,i,j;
  clrscr();
  cout << "enter no. of rows
  cin >>r;
  for(i=0;i<r;i++)
     cout <<"\n":
     for(j=0;j<=i;j++)
     cout << "*".
  getch();
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
int num;
printf("Enter a number: ");
scanf("%d"&num);
if(num%3==0)
printf("%d is divisible by 3",num);
else
printf("%d is not divisible by 3",num);
return 0;
```



Leap Year/Cricket team average

```
# include <iostream.h>
# include <conio.h>
void main()
  int y;
  clrscr();
  cout << "enter any year : ";
  cin >>y;
  if(v\%4==0)
     cout <<y<<" is leap year\n";
  else
     cout <<y<<" is not leap year\n";
     for(y=1900;y<2000;y++)
        if(y\%4==0)
           cout << v << "\t":
     getch();
```

```
# include <iostream.h>
# include <conio.h>
void main()
  int p,np,ing[10],run[10],avg[10];
  char name[10][10];
   clrscr();
  cout << "enter no. of players: ";
   cin >>np;
  for(p=0;p<np;p++)
     avg[p]=0:
     cout << "enter player name: ";
     cin >>name[p];
     cout << "enter runs scored : ";
     cin >>run[p];
     cout << "enter no.of innings: ";
     cin >>ing[p];
     avg[p]=run[p]/ing[p];
     for(p=0;p<np;p++)
                               : "<<name[p];
     cout <<"\nplayer name
     cout <<"\nruns scored
                               : "<<run[p];
     cout <<"\nno.of innings
                               : "<<ing[p];
     cout <<"\naverage runs
                               : "<<avg[p];
  getch();
```

Even numbers up to range/armstron number



```
Program
  # include <iostream.h>
  # include <conio.h>
  void main()
     int range;
     clrscr();
     cout << "Enter range: ";
     cin >> range;
     int i=1,c=0,s=0;
     while(i<=range)
        if(i\%2==0)
           s=s+i;
           C++:
      cout <<"average of all even numbers upto "<<range <<" : "<<s/c;
      getch();
```

```
# include <iostream.h>
# include <conio.h>
void main()
  int num, s, r, t;
  clrscr():
  cout << "Enter any number: ";
  cin >> num:
  t=num:
  s=0:
  while(num>0)
     r=num%10;
     S=S+([*T*F);
     num=num/10;
  if(s==()
     cout << t << " is an armstrong number";
  else
     cout << t << " is not an armstrong number";
  getch();
```

THANK YOU