

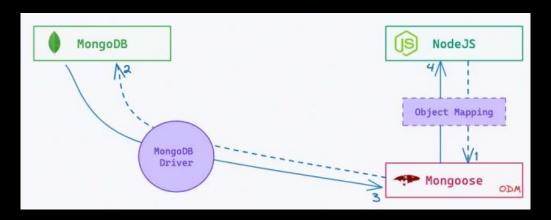
17. Introduction to Mongoose

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- 8. Deleting a Home
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17.1 What is Mongoose



- 1. Mongoose is an Object Data Modeling (ODM) library for MongoDB and Node.js.
- 2. Provides a schema-based solution to model application data.
- 3. Simplifies data validation and type casting in Node.js applications.
- 4. Enables easy interaction with MongoDB through intuitive methods.
- 5. Supports middleware for pre and post-processing of data.
- 6. Helps manage relationships between data with built-in functions.



17.2 Setting up Mongoose

mongoose

elegant mongodb object modeling for node.js



Let's face it, writing MongoDB validation, casting and business logic boilerplate is a drag. That's why we wrote Mongoose.

```
const mongoose = require('mongoose');
mongoose.connect('mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/test');
const Cat = mongoose.model('Cat', { name: String });
const kitty = new Cat({ name: 'Zildjian' });
kitty.save().then(() => console.log('meow'));
```

Mongoose provides a straight-forward, schema-based solution to model your application data. It includes built-in type casting, validation, query building, business logic hooks and more, out of the box.

T Get Professionally Supported Mongoose



17.2 Setting up Mongoose

- 1. Install Mongoose package.
- 2. Import and use mongoose in app.js
- 3. Delete the database-util file.
- 4. Remove the usage of db-util from everywhere.

prashantjain@Prashants-Mac-mini 12 mongodb % npm install mongoose
added 8 packages, and audited 258 packages in 1s

48 packages are looking for funding
 run `npm fund` for details

found 0 vulnerabilities



17.2 Setting up Mongoose

```
2. const PORT = 3001;
mongoose.connect("mongodb+srv://root:root@kgcluster.ie6mb.mongodb.net/airbnb?
retryWrites=true&w=majority&appName=KGCluster").then(() => {
    console.log("Connected to MongoDB");
    app.listen(PORT, () => {
        console.log(`Server running at: http://localhost:${PORT}`);
    });
});
catch((err) => {
    console.log("Error while connecting to MongoDB", err);
});
```



17.3 Create Home Schema

- 1. Delete complete airbnb db from mongo.
- 2. Delete the existing Home Model code.
- 3. Create the new Home Schema in the Home Model File.

```
const mongoose = require("mongoose");
// id is automatically added by mongoose
const homeSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
  houseName: {type: String, required: true},
  price: {type: Number, required: true},
  location: {type: String, required: true},
  rating: {type: Number, required: true},
  photoUrl: String,
  description: String
```

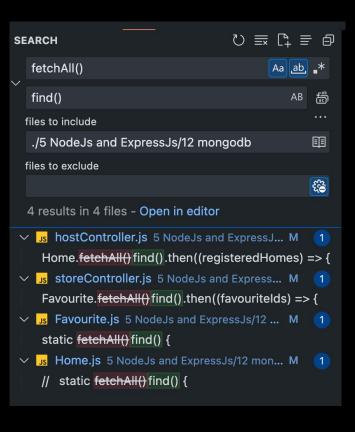


17.4 Saving Home using Mongoose

```
module.exports = mongoose.model("Home", homeSchema);
exports.postAddHome = (req, res, next) => {
  const { houseName, price, location, rating, photoUrl, description } =
    req.body;
  const newHome = new Home([{
    houseName,
    price,
    location,
    rating,
    photoUrl,
    description});
  newHome.save().then((rows) => {
    res.render("host/home-added", { pageTitle: "Home Hosted" });
  });
```



17.5 Fetching Homes



```
exports.getIndex = (req, res, next) => {
   Home.find().then((registeredHomes) => {
     res.render("store/index", {
        homes: registeredHomes,
        pageTitle: "Tumahara airbnb",
     });
});
```



17.6 Fetching one Home

It already works!!!



17.7 Editing a Home

```
exports.postEditHome = (req, res, next) => {
  const { id, houseName, price, location, rating, photoUrl, description } = req.body;
 Home.findById(id).then((home) => {
   if (!home) {
      console.log("Home not found for editing");
      return res.redirect("/host/host-homes");
    home.houseName = houseName;
   home.price = price;
   home.location = location;
   home.rating = rating;
   home.photoUrl = photoUrl;
   home.description = description;
    return home.save();
 }).then(() => {
    res.redirect("/host/host-homes");
 })
  .catch((err) => {
    console.log("Error while updating home", err);
 });
};
```



17.8 Deleting a Home

```
exports.postDeleteHome = (req, res, next) => {
  const homeId = req.params.homeId;
  console log("Came to delete ", homeId);
  Home.findByIdAndDelete(homeId).then(() => {
    res.redirect("/host/host-homes");
 });
```

- 1. Delete the existing Favourite Model code.
- 2. Create the new Favourite Schema in the Favourite Model File.
- 3. Fix the following functionalities:
 - Getting all Favourite
 - **Adding A Favourite**
 - Deleting a Favourite
 - Removing Favourite while removing home.



```
1, 2.
const mongoose = require('mongoose');
const favouriteSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
  homeId: {
    type: mongoose Schema Types ObjectId,
    ref: 'Home',
    required: true,
    unique: true
```



```
exports.getFavourites = (req, res, next) => {
3.a.
        Favourite.find().then((favouriteIds) => {
          favouriteIds = favouriteIds.map((favourite) => favourite.homeId.toString());
          Home.find().then((registeredHomes) => {
            console.log(favouriteIds);
            console.log(registeredHomes);
            const favouriteHomes = registeredHomes.filter((home) =>
              favouriteIds.includes(home._id.toString())
            );
            res.render("store/favourites", {
              homes: favouriteHomes,
              pageTitle: "Favourites",
            });
```



```
exports.postAddFavourites = (req, res, next) => {
3.b.
        const homeId = req.body.id;
         Favourite.findOne({ homeId: homeId })
           .then(existingFav => {
            if (existingFav) {
               return res.redirect("/favourites");
            const fav = new Favourite({ homeId: homeId });
            return fav.save();
           })
           .then(() => {
            res.redirect("/favourites");
          })
           .catch((err) => {
            console.log("Error while adding to favourites", err);
          });
```

3.c.

```
exports.postRemoveFavourite = (req, res, next) => {
  const homeId = reg.params.homeId;
  Favourite.findOneAndDelete({ homeId: homeId })
    .then(() => {
      res.redirect("/favourites");
    })
    .catch((err) => {
      console.log("Error while remove from favourites ", err);
    });
```



```
homeSchema.pre('findOneAndDelete', async function(next) {
 const homeId = this.getQuery()["_id"];
 await Favourite.deleteMany({ homeId: homeId });
 next();
});
```



17.10 Fetching Relations

```
exports.getFavourites = (req, res, next) => {
  Favourite.find()
    .populate("homeId")
    .then((favourites) => {
      const favouriteHomes = favourites.map((favourite) => favourite.homeId);
      res.render("store/favourites", {
        homes: favouriteHomes,
        pageTitle: "Favourites",
      });
```



Revision

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