

Infix to Postfix Conversion Using Stack.

Infix Expression:-

An infix expression can be represented as:
if a, b are operand $\Rightarrow a < \text{operator} > b$
e.g. $a + b$

Postfix operation :- can be represented as:
 $a b < \text{operator} >$
e.g. $ab +$

Priority order :- (highest to low)

①. ' \wedge '

②. '*', '/'

③. '+', '-'

Rules :- / Algorithm (can be)

- \rightarrow start by inserting ' ϵ ' in the stack.
- \rightarrow if character == operand, put it in postfix expression
- \rightarrow if character == operator, put it in stack.

- if scanned operator priority (e.g. '*') > top operator priority (e.g. '+'), push in stack
- if scanned operator priority (e.g. '+') < top operator priority (e.g. '*'), pop till priority [scanned] becomes > priority [top]

→ if ')', encountered, pop till '('

Example - $(A+B/C*(D+E)-F)$

Symbol

Stack

Postfix Expression.

(

(

A

(

A

+

(+

A

B -

(+

AB -

/

(+ /

AB

C

(+ /

ABC

*

(+ * /

ABC /

(

(+ * (

ABC /

D

(+ * (

ABC / D

+

(+ * (+

ABC / D

E

(+ * (+

ABC / DE

)

(+ * (+)

(here it is removed)

ABC / DE +

and '+' moved here

-

(-

ABC / DE + +

F

(-

ABC / DE + * + F

)

(-) (close)

⇒

ABC / DE + * + F