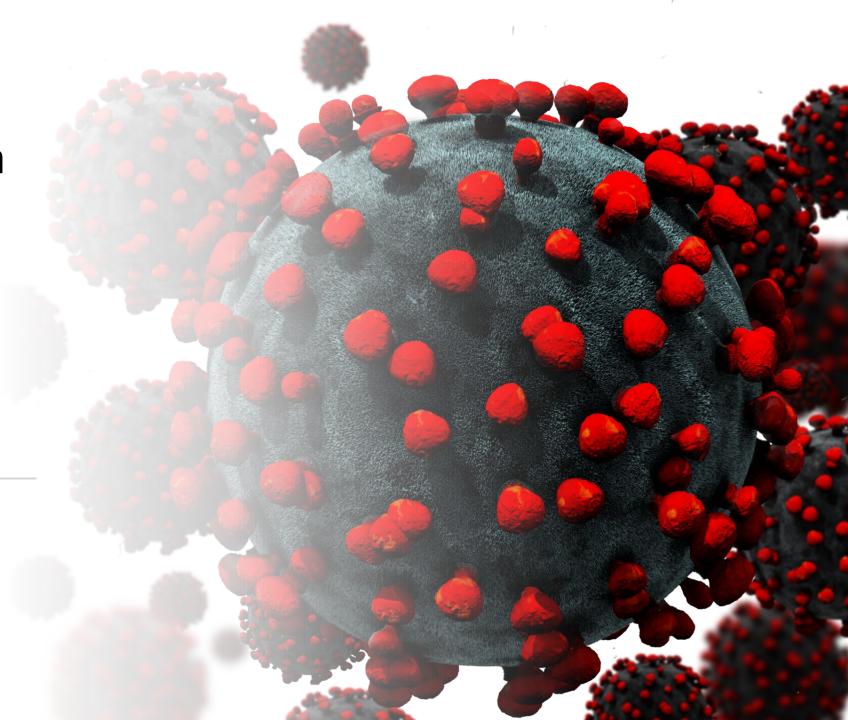
Time Series Analysis of Corona Virus cases in **African Countries** (January 15th, 2020 - May 1st, 2020)

DSC 305 Final Project
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Problem and Motivation

- Pandemic by World Health Organization(WHO) on 30th January 2020
- By early May, the virus has spread to more than 200 countries worldwide
- Focus on Africa because I am from Ghana, and I want to contribute to current research on COVID on the continent
- There is a growing need to learn more about the virus including its mode of spread and its relation to indicators of interest





Data Discovery



Center for Systems Science and **Engineering**



Big Idea Questions (simplified)

- 1. What is the trend in COVID over the days under study?
 - 2. What indicators can predict the likelihood of occurrence of COVID? (age, sex, government measures, school closures, travel history, travel to Wuhan, chronic disease)

^{*}In short, modeling the rate of spread of the disease and its relation to indicators

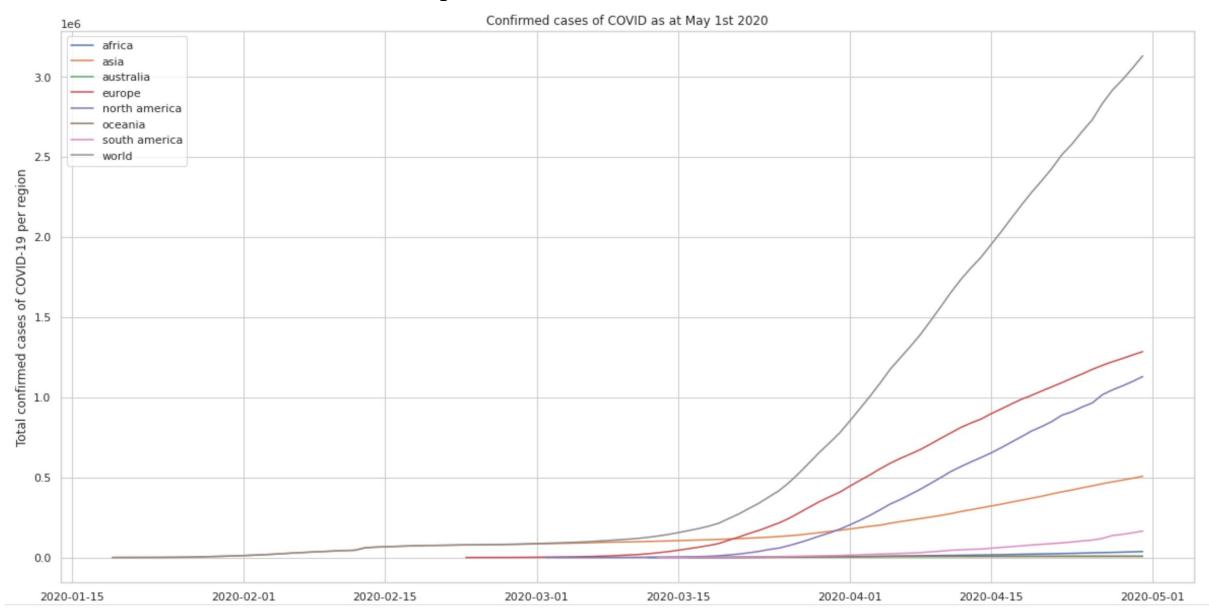
^{*}Still a Work in Progress

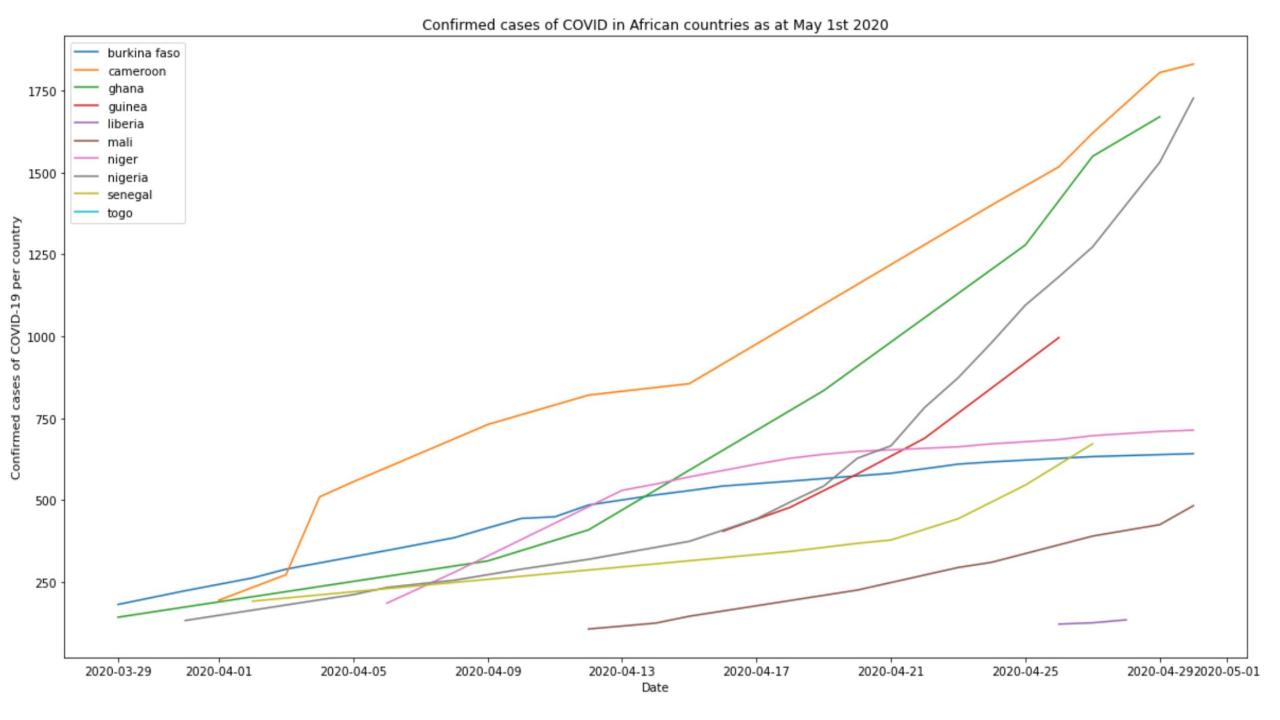
Time Series Data: 19 datasets

•Indicators Data: 8 datasets

Cleaned data + extracted needed dataframes

Data Exploration with Visuals





Models Used

- NLTK with Ensemble method
- RandomForestClassifier
- LogisticRegressionCV
- Logistic Model (formula)

Using NLTK to predict whether a COVID patient will eventually die or survive the pandemic (outcome and additional_information columns)

Using NLTK model to predict whether a COVID patient will eventually die or survive the pandemic (chronic_disease_binary and outcome)

Using NLTK model to predict whether a COVID patient will eventually die or survive the pandemic (symptoms and outcome)

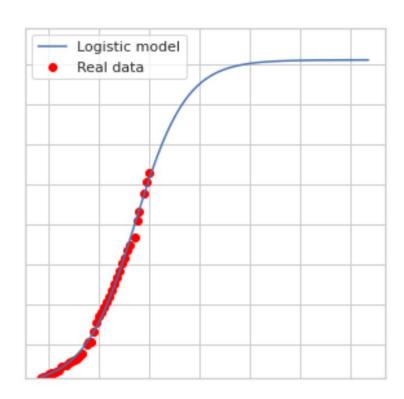
Using logistic models to predict when the COVID curve will flatten in selected African countries

Predicting the likelihood of death from COVID cases

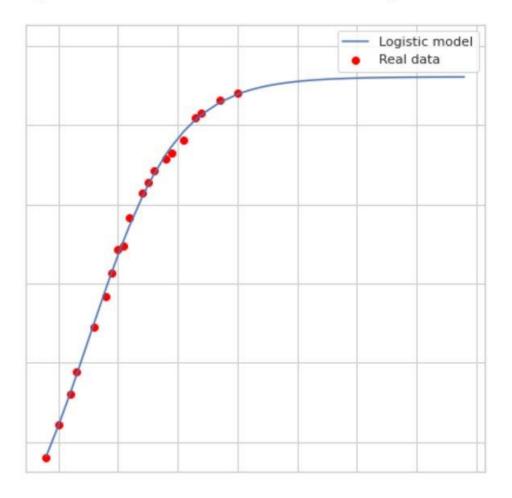
Predicting the effect of current government measures on COVID cases (World)

Predicting the effect of current government measures on COVID cases (Africa)

COVID is predicted to end in EGYPT 208 days after January 1st 2020



COVID is predicted to end in BURKINA FASO 159 days after January 1st 2020



Core of NLTK function

- remove punctuations
- replace whitespace between terms with a single space
- remove leading trailing whitespaces
- change words to lower case Hello, HELLO, hello are all the same word!
- replace normal numbers with "numbr"
- remove stop words from additional info
- remove word stems using a Porter stemmer

Using NLTK to predict whether a COVID patient will eventually die or survive the pandemic (WORLD)

```
(outcompand additional information solumns) (260 000 rous of data on COVID nationts)
        Most common words: [('numbr', 469), ('case', 276), ('phnumbr', 127), ('hospit', 56), ('china', 45)]
        Training: 331
       Testing: 111
        K Nearest Neighbors: Accuracy: 84.68468468468468
        Decision Tree: Accuracy: 86.48648648648
        Random Forest: Accuracy: 88.28828828829
        Logistic Regression: Accuracy: 86.48648648648
        SGD Classifier: Accuracy: 87.38738738738
        Naive Bayes: Accuracy: 87.38738738738
        SVN Linear: Accuracy: 86.48648648648
        Ensemble Method Accuracy: 88.28828828829
                     precision
                                recall f1-score
                                                    support
                          0.96
                                    0.86
                                             0.91
                                                         74
                  1
                          0.77
                                    0.92
                                             0.84
                                                         37
                                             0.88
                                                        111
            accuracy
                                             0.87
          macro avg
                          0.86
                                    0.89
                                                        111
        weighted avg
                          0.89
                                    0.88
                                             0.89
                                                        111
        CONFUSION MATRIX:
                    predicted
                         dead alive
        actual dead
                                 10
              alive
                                 34
```

Using NLTK to predict whether a COVID patient will eventually die or survive the pandemic (AFRICA)

```
(outcon Number of words:39
          Most common words: [('citizen', 26), ('travel', 15), ('gambia', 13), ('french', 13), ('bangladeshi', 11)]
          Training: 30
          Testing: 10
         K Nearest Neighbors: Accuracy: 90.0
         Decision Tree: Accuracy: 100.0
          Random Forest: Accuracy: 100.0
          Logistic Regression: Accuracy: 100.0
          SGD Classifier: Accuracy: 100.0
         Naive Bayes: Accuracy: 100.0
          SVN Linear: Accuracy: 100.0
          Ensemble Method Accuracy: 100.0
                        precision
                                    recall f1-score
                                                       support
                                       1.00
                                                 1.00
                             1.00
                                                              2
                                                              8
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                1.00
              accuracy
                                                1.00
                                                             10
            macro avg
                            1.00
                                       1.00
                                                1.00
                                                             10
          weighted avg
                            1.00
                                       1.00
                                                1.00
                                                             10
```

CONFUSION MATRIX:

predicted
dead alive
actual dead 2 0
alive 0 8

*Way more alive people than dead

Future Explorations (this summer!)

- SIR Model (MAT 360 Differential Equations)
- Case studies
- Consider more indicators:
 - ventilators available
 - number of tests
 - Body Mass Index
 - Immunological Naviety (for example, in North Korea)
 - population density affects the rate of spread of the virus
 - pollution

Operationalize Results

 Governmental or non-governmental institutions in Ghana which might be interested in Data Science

 Considering minoHealth AI Labs in Ghana: democratising Quality Healthcare with innovative and cutting-edge technologies like Artificial Intelligence, Data Science and Cloud computing in Africa.





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