









GOVERNMENT OF TAMILNADU

Naan Muthalvan - Project Based Experiential Learning

UNLOCKING INSIGHTS INTO THE GLOBAL AIR TRANSPORTATION NETWORK

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M.V.MUTHIAH GOVERNMENT ARTS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN

(Affiliated to Mother Teresa Women's University, Kodaikanal)
Reaccredited with "A" Grade by NAAC

DINDIGUL-624001.

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PG & RESEARCH DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that this is a bonafide record of the project entitled, "UNLOCKING INSIGHTS INTO THE GLOBAL AIR TRANSPORTATION NETWORK" done by Ms. S. PRINCY - (21321TR022), Ms. S. PRIYADHARSHINI - (21321TR023), Ms. P. RANJITHA - (21321TR024), and Ms. M. RENUKA - (21321TR025) This is submitted in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of Bachelor of Science in Mathematics in M.V.MUTHIAH GOVERNMENT ARTS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, DINDIGUL during the period of June 2023 to November 2023.

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UNLOCKING INSIGHTS INTO THE GLOBAL AIR TRANSPORTATION NETWORK WITH TABLEAU

1. INTRODUCTION

Air Transport, which represents the next most substantial energy-consuming transport sector, includes passenger and freight airplanes, that is, aircraft configured for transporting passengers, freight, or mail. According to the International Air Transport Association (IATA), in 2017, airlines carried 4.1 billion passengers globally. This value increased by 7.3% over 2016, which represented an additional 280 million trips by air between 2016, and 2017. In addition, as with many of the energy and transport-related statistics in recent times, airlines in the Asia-Pacific region carried the largest number of passengers, According to IATA statistics, the market share of passengers increased from 2016 2017 by region is as follows:

- 1. Asia-Pacific, 36.3%; 1.5 billion passengers (10.6% increase from 2016).
- 2. Europe, 26.3%; 1.1 billion passengers (8.2% increase).
- 3. North America, 23%; 941.8 million passengers (3.2% increase).
- 4. Latin America, 7%; 286.1 million passengers (4.1% increase).
- 5. Middle East, 5.3%; 216.1 million passengers (4.6% increase).
- 6. Africa, 2.2%; 88.5 million passengers (6.6% increase).

In addition, it is noteworthy that the aggregated global number of 4.1 billion has doubled since 2005, and by 2036, IATA anticipates that airlines will carry nearly 8 billion passengers globally.

Since airfares are connected to carrier fuel costs (among others), there is an incentive for the industry to reduce fuel consumption as much as possible, both in their aircraft and in their airline infrastructure. According to a 2012 World Bank report, energy efficiency in the air transport sector has come from technology improvements in airframe and engine design, air traffic control, and airport operation.

PURPOSE OF THE AIR TRANSPORT

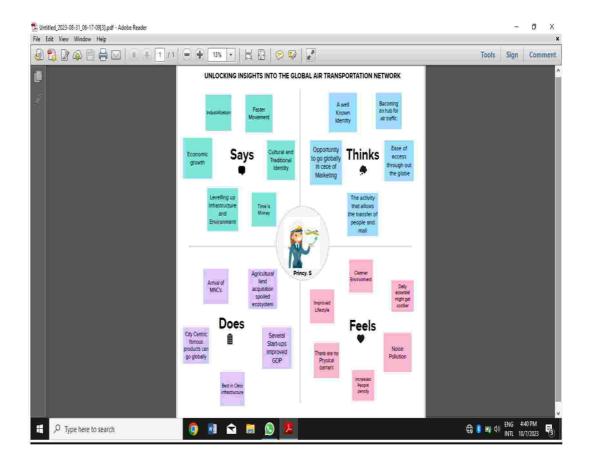
Air Transport allows people from different countries to cross international boundaries and travel other countries for personal, business, medical, and tourism purposes.

The importance of air transport lies in its ability as an economic engine to generate and support jobs, strengthen trade and connectivity between people and countries, promote tourism, and connect remote communities.

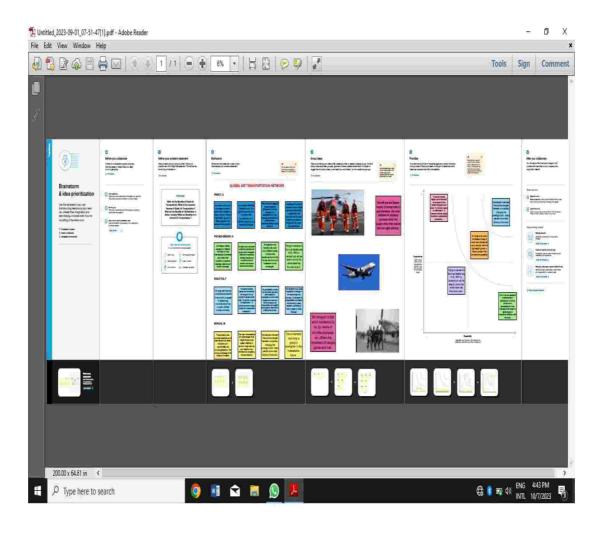


2. PROBLEM DEFINITION AND DESIGN THINKING

2.1 EMPATHY MAP

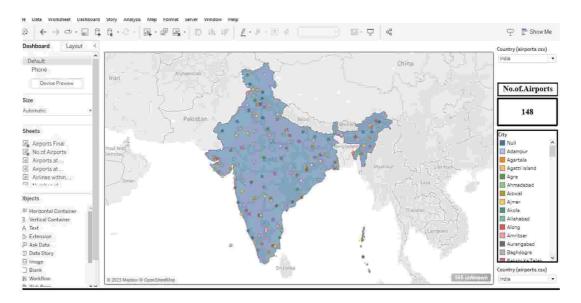


2.2 BRAINSTROMING MAP

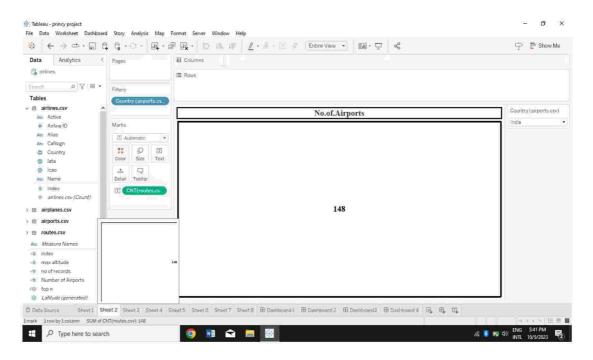


3. RESULT

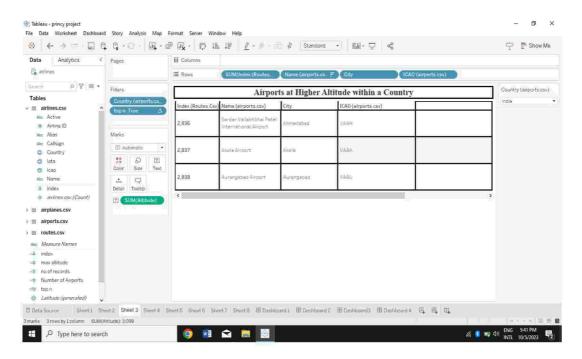
3.1 AIRPORTS FINAL



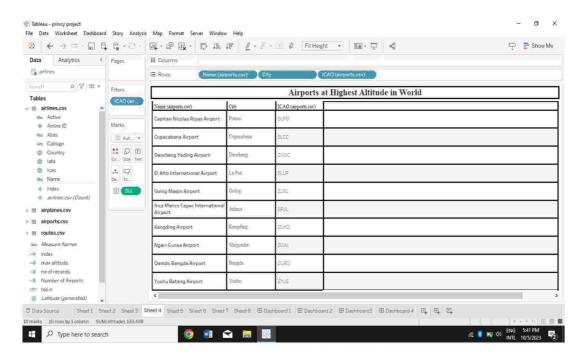
3.2 NUMBER OF AIRPORTS



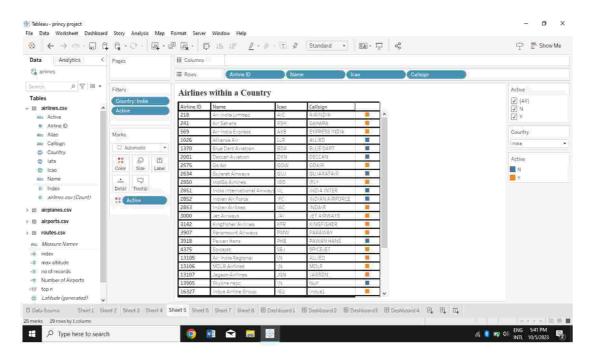
3.3 AIRPORTS AT HIGHER ALTITUDE WITHIN A COUNTRY



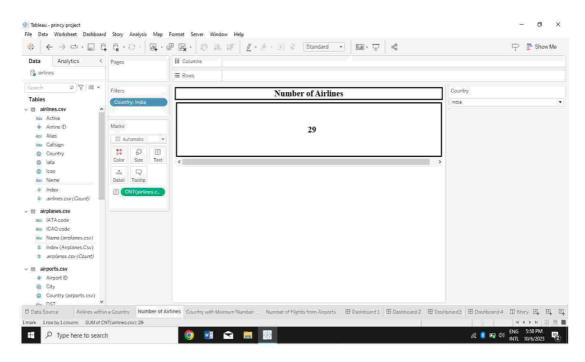
3.4 AIRPORTS AT HIGHER ALTITUDE IN WORLD



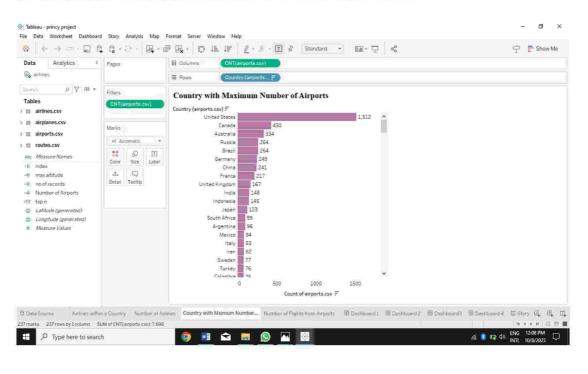
3.5 AIRLINES WITHIN A COUNTRY

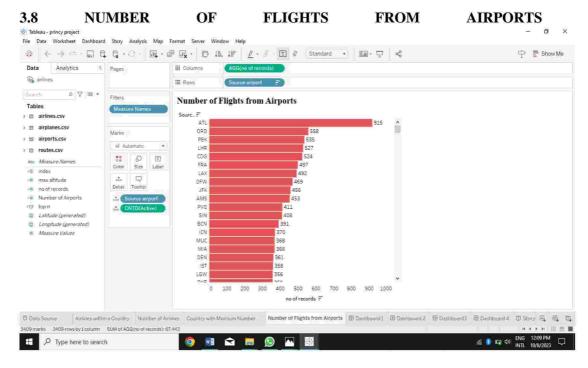


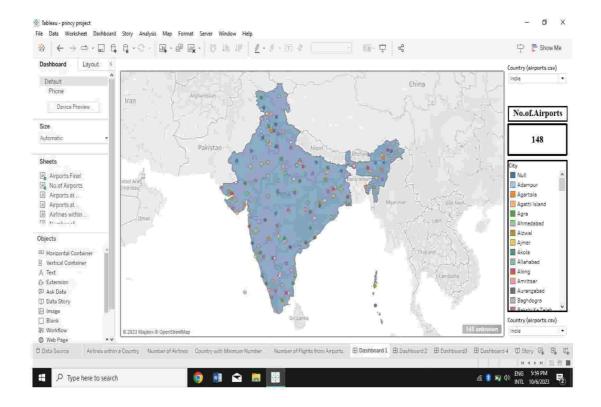
3.6 NUMBER OF AIRLINES



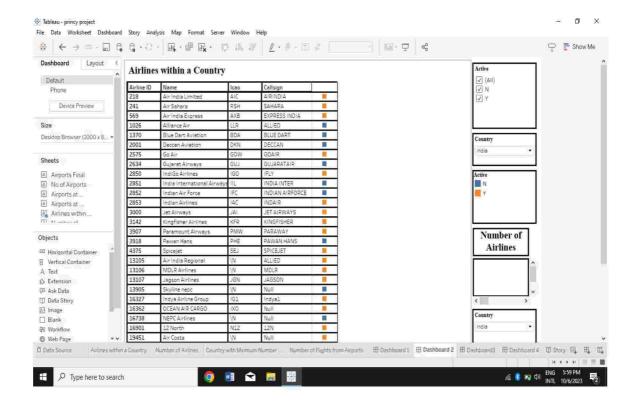
3.7 COUNTRY WITH MAXIMUM NUMBER OF AIRPORTS



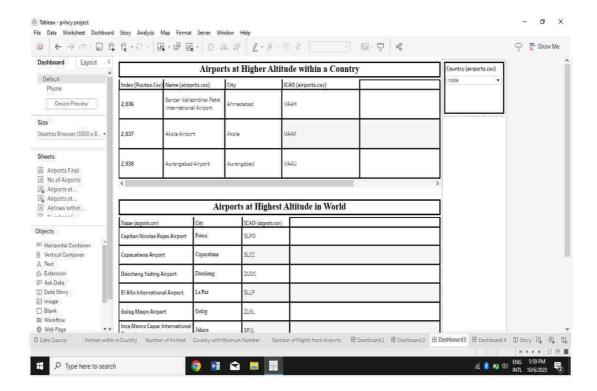




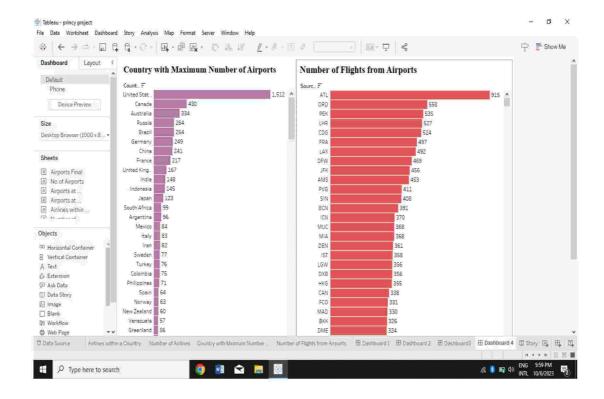
In dashboard 1 we get the information about in the world map showing country wise Airports. We mark the location of the Airports and we calculated the number of airports in India. 148 Airports in India. We also mark the city.



In this dashboard 2 the table showing list of all airlines in country wise. We get information about Airlines within a country in India. The blue colour denotes the airline was active. The orange colour denotes the airline was in active. And we also calculated how many airlines in India? There are 29 airlines.

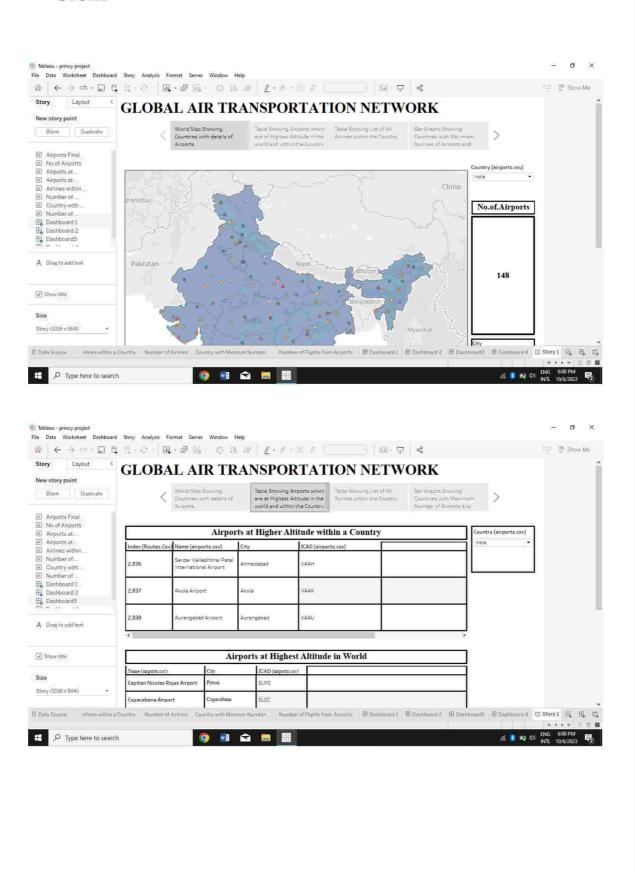


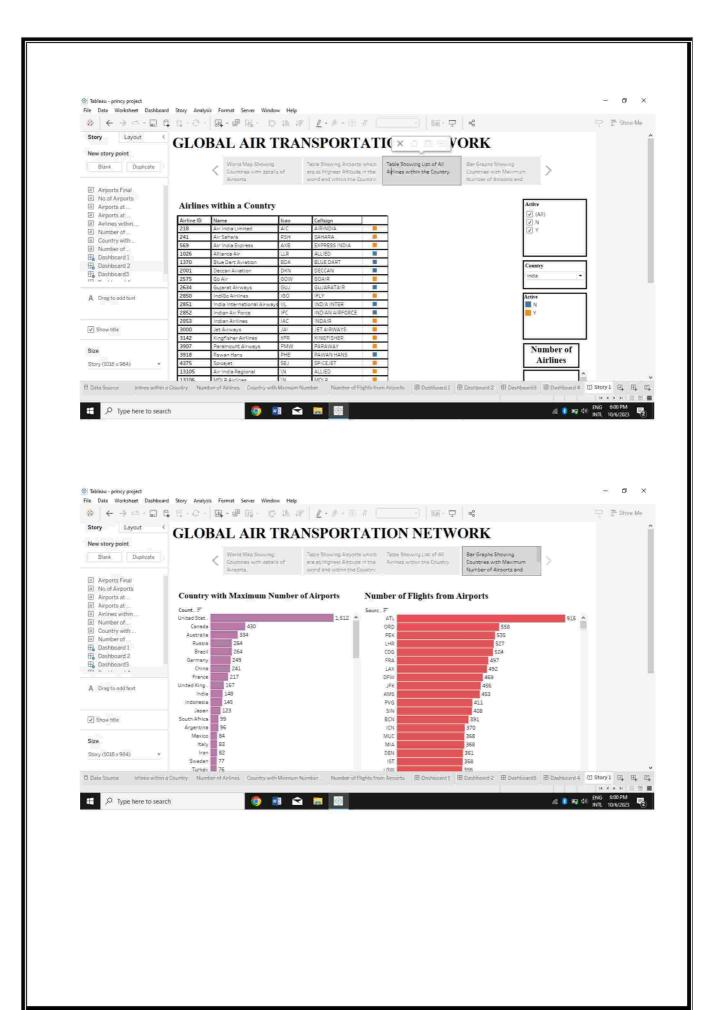
In this dashboard 3 we get the information about Top three Airports at Higher Altitude within a country in India. And also we calculated the Airports at Higher Altitude in World.



In this dashboard 4 we get the information about the bar graph showing country with maximum number of Airports and Number of flights from Airports.

STORY





4. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

4.1 ADVATAGES

- Air Transport is the fastest means of transport. It is one of the most advanced abs developed means of Transportation.
- This means helps to reach places where roads and rails cannot reach i.e jungles, deserts and mountains areas.
- Travel by air is comfortable but costly. Helicopters can land in small areas and are useful in mountain and terrain.
- Airways are useful during for providing rescue operations.
- Very Fast
- Deliver items quickly over long distances
- Give you high levels of security for sensitive items
- Be used for a range of goods

4.2 DISADVANTAGES

- Air transport can involve higher costs than other options, and is not suitable for all goods
- Flights are subjects to delay or cancelation
- You will need to pay taxes at each airport you use
- Fuel and currency surcharges will usually be added to freight costs
- Further transportation may be needed from the destination airport to the final destination

5. APPLICATIONS OF AIR TRANSPORTATION

Air transport is currently used in almost all industrial sectors and distribution chains.

Most companies use air transport to market goods and products internationally or to deliver samples and documents related to foreign trade operations.

6. FUTURE SCOPE

The future of the aviation industry in India is likely to see continued growth and expression, driven by factors such as a growing middle class, increased tourism, and government policies supporting the industry.

The roadmap outlined significant benchmarks to achieve the goal of making India the best-performing centre for aviation by 2040, in addition to expanding the country's aviation industry.

The aviation market is anticipated to expand quickly between 2022 and 2029 throughout the anticipated time period.

7. CONCLUTION

The Air transport industry is not only a vital engine of global socio-economic growth but is also of vital importance as a catalyst for economic development in most countries and for many regions within each country. Its importance arises not only from its ability to facilities the movement of people but also its ability to expedite the movement of goods.