```
int g=0;
void fun(){
   g++;
int main(){
   thread t1(fun);
   int i=g;
   i++;
   g=i;
   t1.join();:
```

```
If no threads?
If no threads then single threaded, no critical sections.

If fun() just reads g?
g is being written at need protection

See code in the rounded rectangle for critical sections
```

If thread starts in position

1

```
int g=0;
void fun(){
   g++;
int main(){
   thread t1(fun);
   int i=g;
   i++:
   t1.join();:
```

```
If no threads?

If no threads then single threaded, no critical sections.

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See code in the rounded rectangle for critical sections

If thread starts in position
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int g=0;
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   i++;
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```

If no threads?

If no threads then single threaded, no critical sections.

If fun() just reads g?
g is being written at need protection

See code in the rounded rectangle for critical sections

If thread starts in position

2

```
int g=0;
void fun(){
int main(){
   int i=g;
   thread t1(fun);
   i++;
   g=i:
   t1.join();:
```

If no threads?
If no threads then single threaded, no critical sections.

If fun() just reads g?
g is being written at need protection
See code in the rounded rectangle for critical sections

If thread starts in position 2

```
int g=0;
void fun(){
   g++;
int main(){
   int i=g;
   i++;
   g=i;
  thread t1(fun);
   t1.join();:
```

If no threads?
If no threads then single threaded, no critical sections.

If fun() just reads g?
g is being written at need protection

See code in the rounded rectangle for critical sections

If thread starts in position

3

```
int g=0;
void fun(){
   g++;
int main(){
   int i=g;
   i++;
   g=i;
  thread t1(fun);
   t1.join();:
```

If no threads?

If no threads then single threaded, no critical sections.

If fun() just reads g?
g is being written at If 1 write then all reads and writes need protection

See code in the rounded rectangle for critical sections

If thread starts in position

3

As written, only t1 will access g when the application Is multithreaded. So there are no critical sections for position 3 as the global is never accessed in a multithreaded environment.

```
int g=0;
void fun(){
   g++;
int main(){
   int i=g;
   i++:
   g=i;
  thread t1(fun);
   t1.join();:
```

If no threads?

If no threads then single threaded, no critical sections.

If fun() just reads g?
g is being written at If 1 write then all reads and writes need protection
See code in the rounded rectangle for critical sections

If thread starts in position

3

As written, only t1 will access g when the application Is multithreaded. So there are no critical sections for position 3 as the global is never accessed in a multithreaded environment.

But it only takes a slight change to the code to cause problems! These types of changes often occur over the lifetime of the codebase