

# Optimisation

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Okay. How should I lay this out?

## Question 4

### Part A

This is a simple knapsack problem. Each variable  $A, B, C, D, E, F$  is binary: whether or not the item was taken. This leads to the following function:

$$\max(60A + 70B + 40C + 70D + 16E + 100F)$$

in which the constants are the values (£) of each item. The only constraint is equally simple: that the weight of the taken items does not exceed 20kg:

$$6A + 7B + 4C + 9D + 3E + 8F \leq 20$$

in which the constants are the weights (kg) of each item. An optimal solution is to take items  $B, C$ , and  $F$ , resulting in a total weight of 19kg and a total value of £210.

### Part B

This part adds a new constraint: that taking  $C$  only makes sense if  $D$  is also taken, but not vice versa. This can be elegantly expressed as:

$$D - C \geq 0$$

This condition is only unsatisfied if  $D = 0$  and  $C = 1$ . With this constraint, an optimal solution is to take items  $D, E$ , and  $F$ , resulting in a total weight of 20kg and a total value of £186.

### Part C

This part adds a further modification. It is now possible to exceed the  $20kg$  limit, but with a penalty of  $\pounds 15$  for each  $kg$  over. A new variable,  $w$ , is necessary. The objective function is modified to:

$$\max(60A + 70B + 40C + 70D + 16E + 100F - 15w)$$

to capture the cost of exceeding the weight limit. An additional constraint is also required:

$$w = 6A + 7B + 4C + 9D + 3E + 8F - 20$$

to set  $w$  to number of  $kg$  over the weight limit the solution is. An optimal solution is to take items  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $F$ , resulting in a total weight of  $21kg$  and a total value of  $\pounds 215$ .