

ASSIGNMENT

TECHSHOP, AN ELECTRONIC GADGETS SHOP

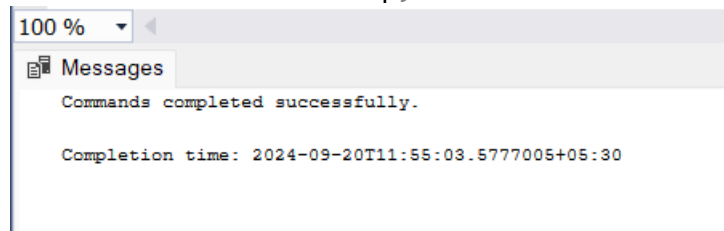
NAME: PRIT YADAV

ASSIGNMENT: TECHSHOP, AN ELECTRONIC GADGET SHOP

Task 1

1. Create the database named "TechShop"

```
create database TechShop;
```



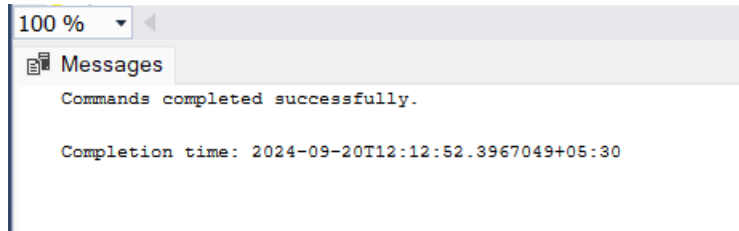
2. Define the schema for the Customers, Products, Orders, OrderDetails and Inventory tables based on the provided schema.

```
Create table customers (  
    customerid int identity primary key ,  
    firstname varchar(50),  
    lastname varchar(50),  
    email varchar(100),  
    phone varchar(15),  
    address varchar(255)  
);  
Create table products (  
    productid int identity primary key ,  
    productname varchar(100),  
    description varchar(255),  
    price decimal(10, 2)  
);  
Create table orders (  
    orderid int identity primary key ,  
    customerid int,  
    orderdate date,  
    totalamount decimal(10, 2),  
    foreign key (customerid) references customers(customerid)  
);  
Create table orderdetails (  
    orderdetailid int identity primary key ,  
    orderid int,  
    productid int,  
    quantity int,  
    foreign key (orderid) references orders(orderid),  
    foreign key (productid) references products(productid)  
);  
Create table inventory (  
    productid int identity primary key ,  
    quantity int
```

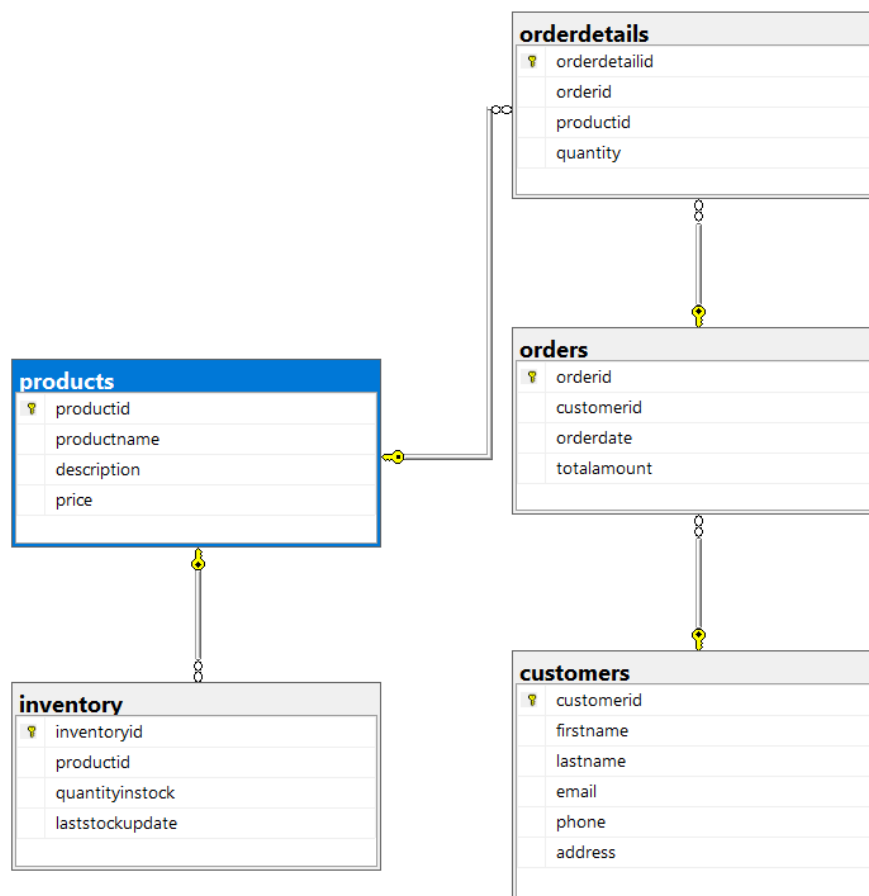
```

inventoryid int identity primary key ,
productid int,
quantityinstock int,
laststockupdate date,
foreign key (productid) references products(productid)
);

```



3. Create an ERD (Entity Relationship Diagram) for the database.



4. Create appropriate Primary Key and Foreign Key constraints for referential integrity.

All primary and foreign keys are inserted while creating table.

5. Insert at least 10 sample records into each of the following tables.
- Customers
 - Products
 - Orders
 - OrderDetails
 - Inventory

```
Insert into customers (firstname, lastname, email, phone, address)
Values
('peter', 'smith', 'jane.smith@example.com', '0987654321', 'avenger avenue
321'),
('dan', 'williams', 'e.williams@example.com', '3456789012', '321 maple blvd'),
('daniel', 'brown', 'd.brown@example.com', '4567890123', '654 cedar court'),
('michael', 'johnson', 'm.johnson@example.com', '2345678901', '789 pine road'),
('aussie', 'davis', 'emma.davis@example.com', '5678901234', '987 birch lane'),
('john', 'doe', 'john.doe@example.com', '1234567890', '123 elm street'),
('olivia', 'taylor', 'o.taylor@example.com', '9012345678', '357 hickory
place'),
('william', 'miller', 'w.miller@example.com', '6789012345', '159 spruce
street'),
('sophia', 'wilson', 'sophia.wilson@example.com', '7890123456', '753 sycamore
drive'),
('james', 'moore', 'j.moore@example.com', '8901234567', '951 redwood circle');
```

```
Insert into products (productname, description, price)
Values
('laptop', 'high-performance laptop', 999.99),
('smartphone', 'latest smartphone model', 799.99),
('tablet', '10-inch display tablet', 499.99),
('smartwatch', 'wearable smart device', 199.99),
('headphones', 'noise-cancelling headphones', 149.99),
('keyboard', 'mechanical keyboard', 99.99),
('mouse', 'wireless mouse', 49.99),
('monitor', '27-inch 4k monitor', 299.99),
('speaker', 'bluetooth speaker', 59.99),
('charger', 'fast charging adapter', 29.99);
```

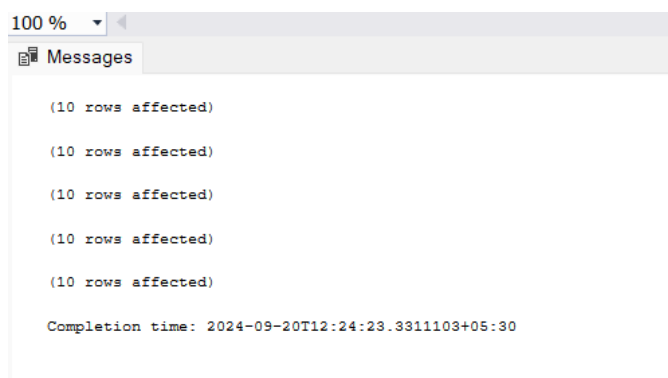
```
Insert into orders (customerid, orderdate, totalamount)
Values
(1, '2024-09-01', 1299.98),
(2, '2024-09-02', 1049.98),
(3, '2024-09-03', 1499.98),
(4, '2024-09-04', 549.98),
(5, '2024-09-05', 249.98),
(6, '2024-09-06', 849.98),
(7, '2024-09-07', 399.98),
(8, '2024-09-08', 229.98),
(9, '2024-09-09', 399.98),
(10, '2024-09-10', 699.98);
```

```
Insert into orderdetails (orderid, productid, quantity)
Values
(1, 1, 1), (1, 2, 1),
(2, 3, 2),
(3, 4, 3),
(4, 5, 1),
(5, 6, 2),
(6, 7, 1),
(7, 8, 1),
```

```
(8, 9, 2),  
(9, 10, 3);
```

```
Insert into inventory (productid, quantityinstock, laststockupdate)  
Values
```

```
(1, 50, '2024-09-01'),  
(2, 100, '2024-09-02'),  
(3, 75, '2024-09-03'),  
(4, 60, '2024-09-04'),  
(5, 30, '2024-09-05'),  
(6, 40, '2024-09-06'),  
(7, 85, '2024-09-07'),  
(8, 25, '2024-09-08'),  
(9, 70, '2024-09-09'),  
(10, 90, '2024-09-10');
```



Task 2

1. Write an SQL query to retrieve the names and emails of all customers.

```
select firstname, lastname, email  
from customers;
```

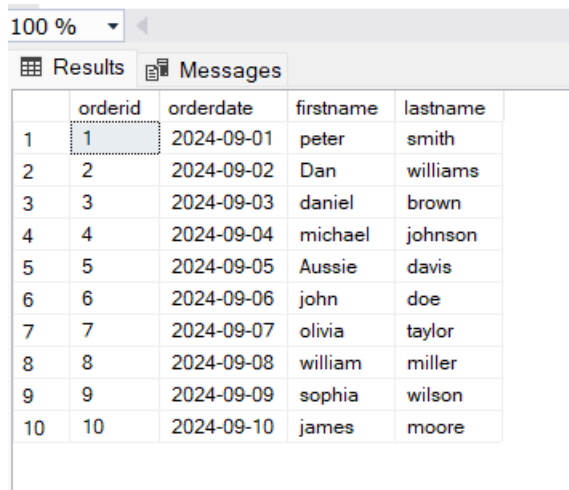
100 %

Results Messages

	firstname	lastname	email
1	peter	smith	jane.smith@example.com
2	Dan	williams	e.williams@example.com
3	daniel	brown	d.brown@example.com
4	michael	johnson	m.johnson@example.com
5	Aussie	davis	emma.davis@example.com
6	john	doe	john.doe@example.com
7	olivia	taylor	o.taylor@example.com
8	william	miller	w.miller@example.com
9	sophia	wilson	sophia.wilson@example.com
10	james	moore	j.moore@example.com

2. Write an SQL query to list all orders with their order dates and corresponding customer names.

```
select orderid,orderdate,firstname,lastname from customers,orders
where orders.customerid=customers.customerid;
```



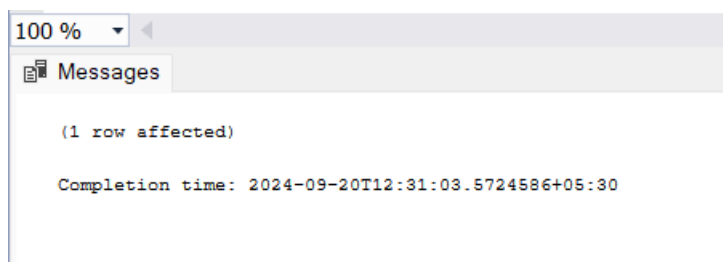
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Results Messages

	orderid	orderdate	firstname	lastname
1	1	2024-09-01	peter	smith
2	2	2024-09-02	Dan	williams
3	3	2024-09-03	daniel	brown
4	4	2024-09-04	michael	johnson
5	5	2024-09-05	Aussie	davis
6	6	2024-09-06	john	doe
7	7	2024-09-07	olivia	taylor
8	8	2024-09-08	william	miller
9	9	2024-09-09	sophia	wilson
10	10	2024-09-10	james	moore

3. Write an SQL query to insert a new customer record into the "Customers" table. Include customer information such as name, email, and address.

```
insert into customers (firstname, lastname, email, phone, address)
values ('alex', 'johnson', 'alex.johnson@example.com', '1234567890', '456
oak street');
```



100 %

Messages

(1 row affected)

Completion time: 2024-09-20T12:31:03.5724586+05:30

4. Write an SQL query to update the prices of all electronic gadgets in the "Products" table by increasing them by 10%.

```
Update products
Set price = price * 1.1 ;
Select * from products;
```

100 %

Results		Messages		
	productid	productname	description	price
1	1	laptop	high-performance laptop	1209.99
2	2	smartphone	latest smartphone model	967.99
3	3	tablet	10-inch display tablet	604.99
4	4	smartwatch	wearable smart device	241.99
5	5	headphones	noise-cancelling headphones	181.49
6	6	keyboard	mechanical keyboard	120.99
7	7	mouse	wireless mouse	60.49
8	8	monitor	27-inch 4k monitor	362.99
9	9	speaker	bluetooth speaker	72.59
10	10	charger	fast charging adapter	36.29

5. Write an SQL query to delete a specific order and its associated order details from the "Orders" and "OrderDetails" tables. Allow users to input the order ID as a parameter.

```
Declare @orderid int = 1;
```

```
Delete from orderdetails
Where orderid = @orderid;
Delete from orders
Where orderid = @orderid;
```

100 %

Messages

```
(2 rows affected)

(1 row affected)

Completion time: 2024-09-20T12:38:10.4146018+05:30
```

6. Write an SQL query to insert a new order into the "Orders" table. Include the customer ID, order date, and any other necessary information.

```
Insert into orders (customerid, orderdate, totalamount)
Values (13, '2024-09-17', 379.99);
```

100 %

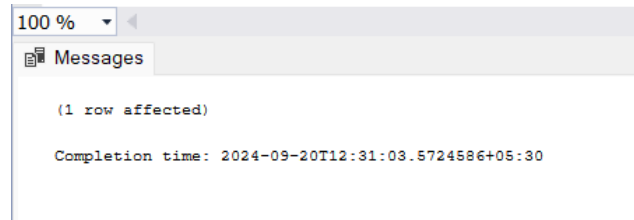
Messages

```
(1 row affected)

Completion time: 2024-09-20T12:39:49.4535912+05:30
```

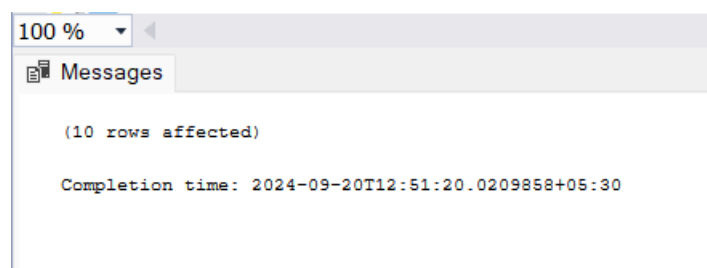
7. Write an SQL query to update the contact information (e.g., email and address) of a specific customer in the "Customers" table. Allow users to input the customer ID and new contact information.

```
update customers
set email = 'example.gmail.com',
address = '96 new york city'
where customerid = 5;
```



8. Write an sql query to recalculate and update the total cost of each order in the "orders" table based on the prices and quantities in the "orderdetails" table.

```
update orders
set totalamount = (
select
    sum(od.quantity * p.price)
from
    orderdetails od
join
    products p on od.productid = p.productid
where
    od.orderid = orders.orderid );
```

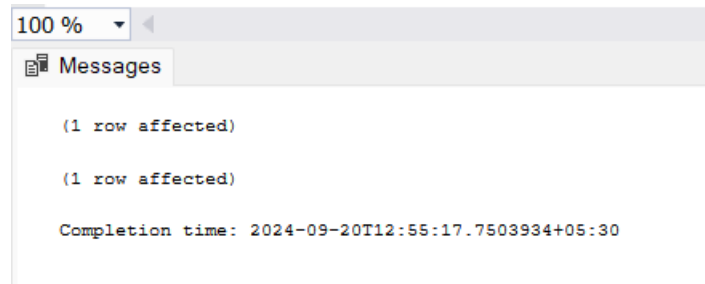


9. Write an SQL query to delete all orders and their associated order details for a specific customer from the "Orders" and "OrderDetails" tables. Allow users to input the customer ID as a parameter.

```
declare @customerid int = 6;

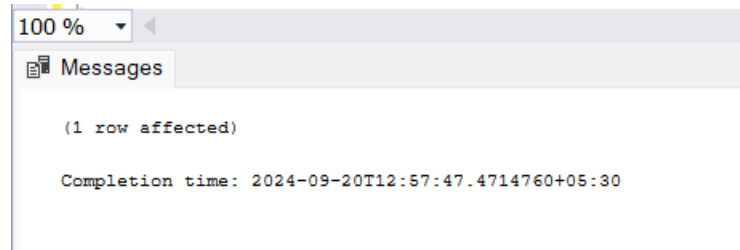
delete from orderdetails
where orderid in (
    select orderid
    from orders
    where customerid = @customerid
);
```

```
delete from orders
where customerid = @customerid;
```



10. Write an SQL query to insert a new electronic gadget product into the "Products" table, including product name, category, price, and any other relevant details.

```
insert into products (productname, description, price)
values ('smartphone x10', 'latest model with snapdragon 8 gen 4', 899.99);
```

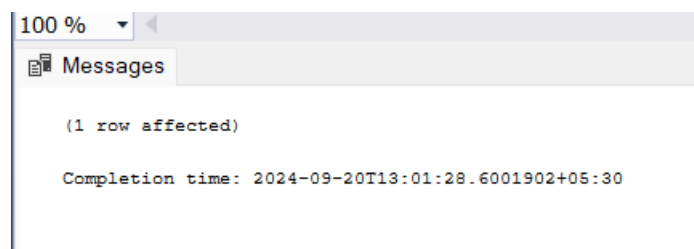


11. Write an SQL query to update the status of a specific order in the "Orders" table (e.g., from "Pending" to "Shipped"). Allow users to input the order ID and the new status.

```
alter table orders
add status varchar(50);

declare @orderid int = 2;
declare @newstatus varchar(20) = 'shipped';

update orders
set status = @newstatus
where orderid = @orderid;
```



12. Write an SQL query to calculate and update the number of orders placed by each customer in the "Customers" table based on the data in the "Orders" table.

```
Alter table customers
```

```
Add ordercount int;
```

```
Update customers
```

```
Set ordercount = (
```

```
select count(*)
```

```
from orders
```

```
where orders.customerid = customers.customerid
```

```
);
```

100 %

Messages

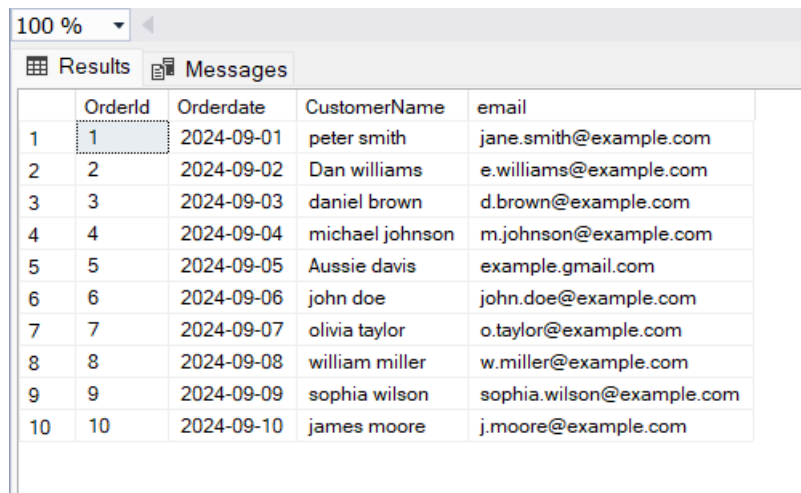
(1 row affected)

Completion time: 2024-09-20T13:01:28.6001902+05:30

TASK 3

1. Write an SQL query to retrieve a list of all orders along with customer information (e.g., customer name) for each order.

```
select o.OrderId, o.Orderdate, concat(c.firstname, ' ', c.lastname) as  
CustomerName, c.email  
from orders o, customers c  
where o.customerid=c.customerid;
```



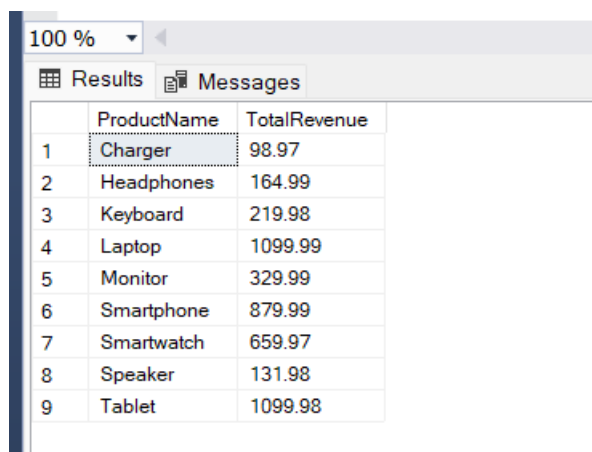
100 %

Results Messages

	OrderId	Orderdate	CustomerName	email
1	1	2024-09-01	peter smith	jane.smith@example.com
2	2	2024-09-02	Dan williams	e.williams@example.com
3	3	2024-09-03	daniel brown	d.brown@example.com
4	4	2024-09-04	michael johnson	m.johnson@example.com
5	5	2024-09-05	Aussie davis	example.gmail.com
6	6	2024-09-06	john doe	john.doe@example.com
7	7	2024-09-07	olivia taylor	o.taylor@example.com
8	8	2024-09-08	william miller	w.miller@example.com
9	9	2024-09-09	sophia wilson	sophia.wilson@example.com
10	10	2024-09-10	james moore	j.moore@example.com

2. Write an SQL query to find the total revenue generated by each electronic gadget product. Include the product name and the total revenue.

```
select  
    p.ProductName,  
    sum(od.quantity * p.price) as TotalRevenue  
from  
    orderdetails od  
join  
    products p on od.productid = p.productid  
group by  
    p.productname;
```



100 %

Results Messages

	ProductName	TotalRevenue
1	Charger	98.97
2	Headphones	164.99
3	Keyboard	219.98
4	Laptop	1099.99
5	Monitor	329.99
6	Smartphone	879.99
7	Smartwatch	659.97
8	Speaker	131.98
9	Tablet	1099.98

- Write an SQL query to list all customers who have made at least one purchase. Include their names and contact information.

```

Select
    c.Customerid,
    concat(c.firstname, ' ', c.lastname) as CustomerName,
    c.Email,
    c.Phone,
    c.Address
From
    customers c
Inner join
    orders o on c.customerid = o.customerid
Group by
    c.customerid, c.firstname, c.lastname, c.email, c.phone, c.address
Order by
    customername;

```

100 %

	CustomerID	CustomerName	Email	Phone	Address
1	11	Alex Johnson	alex.johnson@example.com	1234567890	456 Oak Street
2	5	Daniel Brown	d.brown@example.com	4567890123	654 Cedar Court
3	4	Emily Williams	e.williams@example.com	3456789012	321 Maple Blvd
4	9	James Moore	j.moore@example.com	8901234567	951 Redwood Circle
5	2	Jane Smith	jane.smith@example.com	0987654321	456 Oak Avenue
6	1	John Doe	john.doe@example.com	1234567890	123 Elm Street
7	3	Michael Johnson	m.johnson@example.com	2345678901	789 Pine Road
8	10	Olivia Taylor	o.taylor@example.com	9012345678	357 Hickory Place
9	8	Sophia Wilson	sophia.wilson@example.com	7890123456	753 Sycamore Drive
10	7	William Miller	new.email	6789012345	777 tokyo

- Write an SQL query to find the most popular electronic gadget, which is the one with the highest total quantity ordered. Include the product name and the total quantity ordered.

```

SELECT TOP 1
    P.PRODUCTNAME,
    SUM(OD.QUANTITY) AS TOTALQUANTITYORDERED
FROM
    ORDERDETAILS OD
INNER JOIN
    PRODUCTS P ON OD.PRODUCTID = P.PRODUCTID
GROUP BY
    P.PRODUCTNAME
ORDER BY
    TOTALQUANTITYORDERED DESC;

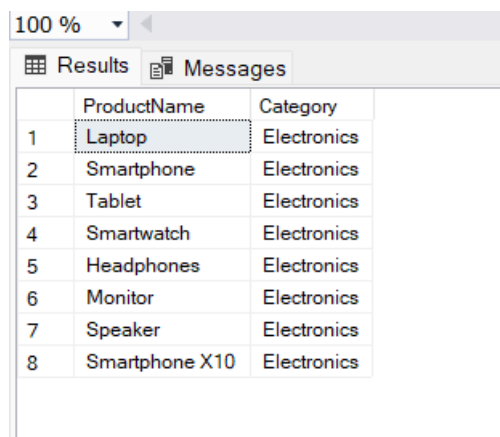
```

100 %

	PRODUCTNAME	TOTALQUANTITYORDERED
1	charger	3

5. Write an SQL query to retrieve a list of electronic gadgets along with their corresponding categories.

```
select
    Productname,
    Category
from
    products
where
    category = 'electronics';
```

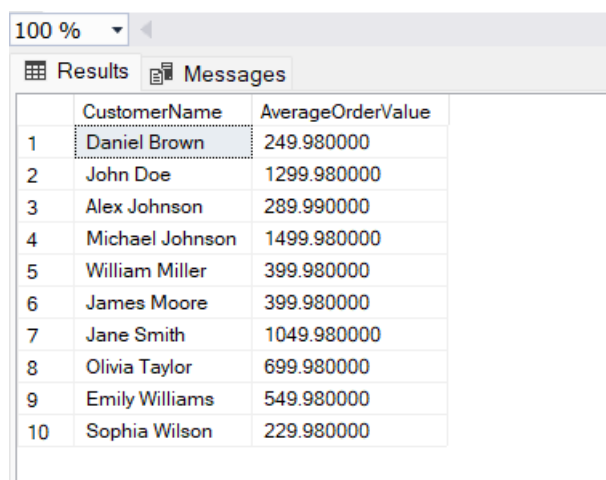


The screenshot shows a SQL query result window with a zoom level of 100%. The 'Results' tab is active, displaying a table with two columns: 'ProductName' and 'Category'. There are 8 rows of data, all with the category 'Electronics'.

	ProductName	Category
1	Laptop	Electronics
2	Smartphone	Electronics
3	Tablet	Electronics
4	Smartwatch	Electronics
5	Headphones	Electronics
6	Monitor	Electronics
7	Speaker	Electronics
8	Smartphone X10	Electronics

6. Write an SQL query to calculate the average order value for each customer. Include the customer's name and their average order value.

```
select
    concat(c.firstname, ' ', c.lastname) as CustomerName,
    avg(o.totalamount) as AverageOrderValue
from
    customers c
inner join
    orders o on c.customerid = o.customerid
group by
    c.firstname, c.lastname;
```

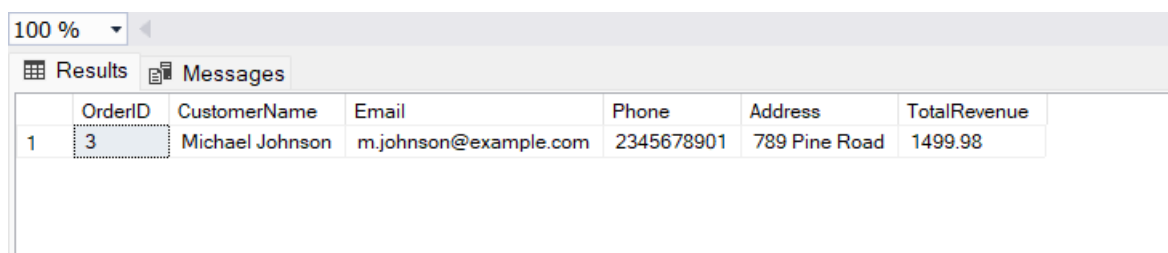


The screenshot shows a SQL query result window with a zoom level of 100%. The 'Results' tab is active, displaying a table with two columns: 'CustomerName' and 'AverageOrderValue'. There are 10 rows of data, each representing a customer and their average order value.

	CustomerName	AverageOrderValue
1	Daniel Brown	249.980000
2	John Doe	1299.980000
3	Alex Johnson	289.990000
4	Michael Johnson	1499.980000
5	William Miller	399.980000
6	James Moore	399.980000
7	Jane Smith	1049.980000
8	Olivia Taylor	699.980000
9	Emily Williams	549.980000
10	Sophia Wilson	229.980000

7. Write an SQL query to find the order with the highest total revenue. Include the order ID, customer information, and the total revenue.

```
with ordertotals as (  
    select  
        o.Orderid,  
        o.Customerid,  
        o.TotalAmount,  
        concat(c.firstname, ' ', c.lastname) as CustomerName,  
        c.Email,  
        c.Phone,  
        c.Address  
    from  
        orders o  
    inner join  
        customers c on o.customerid = c.customerid  
)  
select  
    OrderId,  
    CustomerName,  
    Email,  
    Phone,  
    Address,  
    totalamount as TotalRevenue  
from  
    ordertotals  
where  
    totalamount = (select max(totalamount) from orders);
```



The screenshot shows a database query result viewer with a 'Results' tab selected. The results are displayed in a table with 7 columns: OrderID, CustomerName, Email, Phone, Address, and TotalRevenue. The first row of data shows OrderID 3, CustomerName Michael Johnson, Email m.johnson@example.com, Phone 2345678901, Address 789 Pine Road, and TotalRevenue 1499.98. The table is highlighted with a blue border, and the first row is selected.

	OrderID	CustomerName	Email	Phone	Address	TotalRevenue
1	3	Michael Johnson	m.johnson@example.com	2345678901	789 Pine Road	1499.98

8. Write an SQL query to list electronic gadgets and the number of times each product has been ordered.

```
select  
    p.productname,  
    count(od.orderid) as TimeOrdered  
from  
    products p  
inner join  
    orderdetails od on p.productid = od.productid  
where  
    p.productname in ('laptop', 'smartphone', 'tablet', 'smartwatch',  
    'headphones', 'monitor', 'speaker')  
group by  
    p.productname  
order by  
    timesordered desc;
```

100 %

Results Messages		
	ProductName	TimesOrdered
1	headphones	1
2	monitor	1
3	smartwatch	1
4	speaker	1
5	tablet	1

9. Write an SQL query to find customers who have purchased a specific electronic gadget product. Allow users to input the product name as a parameter.

```
declare @productname varchar(100) = 'tablet';

select distinct
    c.CustomerId,
    c.FirstName,
    c.LastName,
    c.Email,
    c.Phone,
    c.Address
from
    orderdetails od
join
    orders o on od.orderid = o.orderid
join
    products p on od.productid = p.productid
join
    customers c on o.customerid = c.customerid
where
    p.productname = @productname;
```

100 %

Results Messages						
	CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	Email	Phone	Address
1	2	Dan	williams	e.williams@example.com	3456789012	321 maple blvd

10. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by all orders placed within a specific time period. Allow users to input the start and end dates as parameters.


```
declare @startdate varchar(100) = '2024-09-01';
declare @enddate varchar(100) = '2024-09-07';
select
```


```

sum(totalamount) as TotalRevenue
from
orders
where
    orderdate between @startdate and @enddate;

```

100 %

 Results

 Messages

	TotalRevenue
1	2722.41

Task 4

1. Write an SQL query to find out which customers have not placed any orders.

```

select
    c.customerid,
    c.firstname,
    c.lastname,
    c.email,
    c.phone,
    c.address
from
customers c
where
    c.customerid not in (
        select o.customerid
        from orders o
    );

```

110 %

Results

Messages

	customerid	firstname	lastname	email	phone	address	
1	11	Alex	Johnson	alex.johnson@example.com	1234567890	456 Oak Street	

2. Write an SQL query to find the total number of products available for sale.

```

Select
    sum(quantityinstock) as TotalProductsAvailable
From
    inventory;

```

100 %	
Results Messages	
TotalProductsAvailable	
1	625

3. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by TechShop.

```
SELECT
    SUM(OD.Quantity * P.Price) AS TotalRevenue
FROM
    OrderDetails OD
JOIN
    Products P ON OD.ProductID = P.ProductID;
```

100 %	
Results Messages	
TotalRevenue	
1	5214.93

4. Write an SQL query to calculate the average quantity ordered for products in a specific category. Allow users to input the category name as a parameter.

```
DECLARE @CategoryName VARCHAR(50)= 'Electronics';

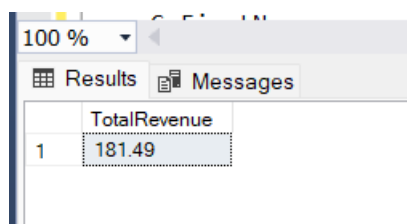
SELECT
    AVG(OD.Quantity) AS AverageQuantityOrdered
FROM
    OrderDetails OD
WHERE
    OD.ProductID IN (
        SELECT P.ProductID
        FROM Products P
        WHERE P.Category = @CategoryName
    );
```

100 %	
Results Messages	
AverageQuantityOrdered	
1	1

5. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by a specific customer. Allow users to input the customer ID as a parameter.

```
DECLARE @CustomerID INT= 4;

SELECT
    SUM(OD.Quantity * P.Price) AS TotalRevenue
FROM
    Orders O
JOIN
    OrderDetails OD ON O.OrderID = OD.OrderID
JOIN
    Products P ON OD.ProductID = P.ProductID
WHERE
    O.CustomerID = @CustomerID;
```

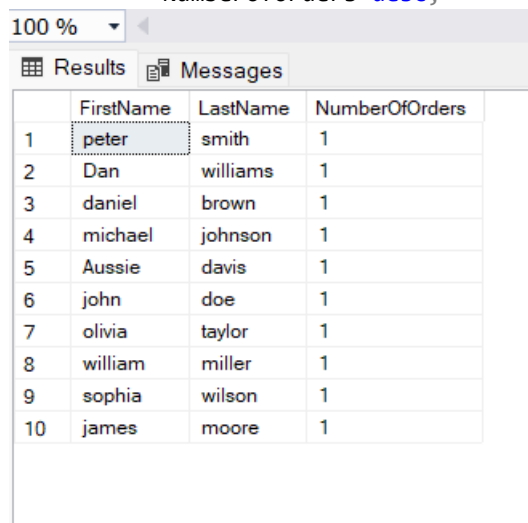


100 %

	TotalRevenue
1	181.49

6. Write an SQL query to find the customers who have placed the most orders. List their names and the number of orders they've placed.

```
select
    C.FirstName,
    C.LastName,
    count(O.OrderID) as NumberOfOrders
from
    Customers C
join
    Orders O on C.CustomerID = O.CustomerID
group by
    C.CustomerID, C.FirstName, C.LastName
Order by
    NumberOfOrders desc;
```

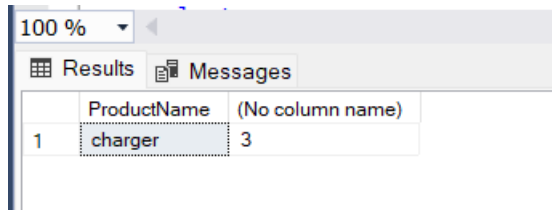


100 %

	FirstName	LastName	NumberOfOrders
1	peter	smith	1
2	Dan	williams	1
3	daniel	brown	1
4	michael	johnson	1
5	Aussie	davis	1
6	john	doe	1
7	olivia	taylor	1
8	william	miller	1
9	sophia	wilson	1
10	james	moore	1

7. Write an SQL query to find the most popular product category, which is the one with the highest total quantity ordered across all orders.

```
select top 1 ProductName,  
           sum(Quantity) from orderdetails,  
           products  
where products.productid=orderdetails.ProductID  
group by productName  
order by sum(Quantity) desc;
```

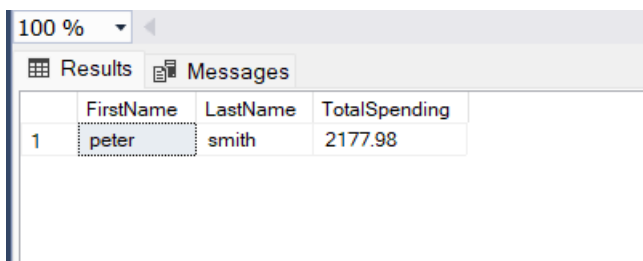


The screenshot shows a SQL Server query results window. The 'Results' tab is active, displaying a table with two columns: 'ProductName' and 'sum(Quantity)'. The first row shows 'charger' with a sum of 3.

	ProductName	(No column name)
1	charger	3

8. Write an SQL query to find the customer who has spent the most money (highest total revenue) on electronic gadgets. List their name and total spending.

```
SELECT  
    C.FirstName,  
    C.LastName,  
    SUM(OD.Quantity * P.Price) AS TotalSpending  
FROM  
    Customers C  
JOIN  
    Orders O ON C.CustomerID = O.CustomerID  
JOIN  
    OrderDetails OD ON O.OrderID = OD.OrderID  
JOIN  
    Products P ON OD.ProductID = P.ProductID  
GROUP BY  
    C.CustomerID, C.FirstName, C.LastName  
ORDER BY  
    TotalSpending DESC  
OFFSET 0 ROWS FETCH NEXT 1 ROW ONLY;
```



The screenshot shows a SQL Server query results window. The 'Results' tab is active, displaying a table with three columns: 'FirstName', 'LastName', and 'TotalSpending'. The first row shows 'peter' smith with a total spending of 2177.98.

	FirstName	LastName	TotalSpending
1	peter	smith	2177.98

9. Write an SQL query to calculate the average order value (total revenue divided by the number of orders) for all customers.

```
WITH OrderValue AS(  
    SELECT O.CustomerID,  
           C.FirstName+' '+C.LastName AS CustomerName,  
           SUM(O.TotalAmount) AS TotalRevenue,  
           COUNT(O.OrderID) AS NumberOfOrder
```

```
FROM Orders O RIGHT JOIN Customers C ON C.CustomerID = O.CustomerID GROUP BY
O.CustomerID, C.FirstName, C.LastName)
```

```
SELECT
OV.CustomerID, OV.CustomerName, AVG(OV.TotalRevenue/OV.NumberOfOrder) AS
AvergaeOrderValue
FROM OrderValue OV
GROUP BY OV.CustomerID, OV.CustomerName;
```

100 %

	CustomerID	CustomerName	AvergaeOrderValue
1	NULL	Alex Johnson	NULL
2	5	Aussie davis	249.980000
3	2	Dan williams	1049.980000
4	3	daniel brown	1499.980000
5	10	james moore	699.980000
6	6	john doe	849.980000
7	4	michael johnson	549.980000
8	7	olivia taylor	399.980000
9	1	peter smith	1299.980000
10	9	sophia wilson	399.980000
11	8	william miller	229.980000

10. Write an SQL query to find the total number of orders placed by each customer and list their names along with the order count.

```
SELECT
    C.FirstName,
    C.LastName,
    COUNT(O.OrderID) AS TotalOrders
FROM
    Customers C
LEFT JOIN
    Orders O ON C.CustomerID = O.CustomerID
GROUP BY
    C.CustomerID, C.FirstName, C.LastName
ORDER BY
    TotalOrders DESC;
```

100 %

	FirstName	LastName	TotalOrders
1	peter	smith	1
2	Dan	williams	1
3	daniel	brown	1
4	michael	johnson	1
5	Aussie	davis	1
6	john	doe	1
7	olivia	taylor	1
8	william	miller	1
9	sophia	wilson	1
10	james	moore	1
11	Alex	Johnson	0