Centurion UNIVERSITY Shapper Crise Communities	School: Campus:
	Academic Year: Subject Name: Subject Code:
	Semester: Program: Branch: Specialization:
	Date:
	Applied and Action Learning (Learning by Doing and Discovery)

Name of the Experiement: Mine It – Basic Proof-of-Work Simulation

### \* Coding Phase: Pseudo Code / Flow Chart / Algorithm

### **ALGORITHM:**

#### Proof of Work Simulator – Mining Algorithm Steps

- 1. Initialize Block #1
  - o Ensure Block #1 starts with a previous hash value of all zeroes.
- 2. Mine Block #1
  - o Click the **Mine** button on Block #1.
  - o The simulator searches for a valid **nonce** that produces a hash meeting the difficulty requirement.
  - o Once a valid nonce is found, the block turns **green** to indicate it is valid.
- 3. Proceed to Block #2
  - o The previous hash field in Block #2 is auto-filled with the hash of Block #1.
  - o Click **Mine** under Block #2 to discover a valid nonce.
  - o Upon success, Block #2 turns green.
- 4. Repeat for Blocks #3 and #4
  - o For each block:
    - Confirm it takes the previous block's hash as input.
    - Click **Mine** to find a valid nonce.
    - Block turns green on success.
- 5. Tampering Check
  - o Manually modify the **data** or **nonce** in any block.
  - o That block and **all blocks after it** will turn **red**, indicating invalidity and a broken chain.
- 6. Clear the Blockchain
  - o Click the **Clear** button to reset all blocks.
  - This re-mines Block #1 automatically with a new valid nonce.
- 7. Experiment with Tampering
  - o Modify earlier blocks' data or nonce.
  - o Observe how the changes invalidate all subsequent blocks.
  - Document the:
    - New nonces found
    - Hash outputs
    - Color transitions (green ↔ red)
    - Chain validity status

### Software used

1. Blockchain-academy

(https://blockchain-academy.hs-mittweida.de/2021/05/proof-of-work-simulator/)

# \* Implementation Phase: Final Output (no error)

First block mine.	
Block Nr #1	previous hash:
Nonce:	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
36819	
Data:	Hash:
	00874663f642b77efa3708ef99b7
	MINE

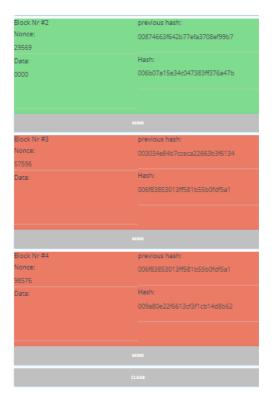


3. Accordingly mine the 4<sup>th</sup> block

Block Nr #4	previous hash:			
Nonce:	006f83853013ff581b55b0fdf5a1			
98576				
Data:	Hash:			
	009a80e22f6613cf3f1cb14d8b62			

## \* Implementation Phase: Final Output (no error)

4. If I do some changes in any block or tamper any data in any block then this shows the chain is **no longer valid** due to tampering.



### 5. Reset All Blocks

Click the Clear button.

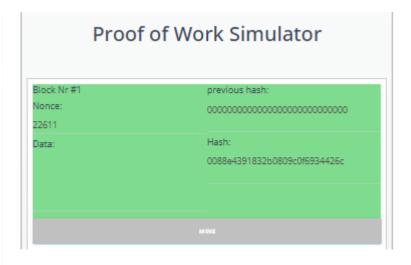
Block #1 auto-mines again and turns green.

Proof of Work Simulator						
Block Nr #1 Nonce: 22611 Data:	previous hash: 000000000000000000000000000000000000					
MINE						
Block Nr #2 Nonce:	previous hash:					
Data:	Hash:					
MINE						

## \* Implementation Phase: Final Output (no error)

Applied and Action Learning

• We can re-mine by giving different data or value from starting.



### \*Observations:

- 1. Each block's validity depends on the exact hash of the previous block.
- 2. Mining adjusts the nonce until the hash meets the required difficulty.
- 3. Altering any block breaks the chain by invalidating all following blocks.

### **ASSESSMENT**

Rubrics	Full Mark	Marks Obtained	Remarks
Concept	10		
Planning and Execution/	10		
Practical Simulation/ Programming			
Result and Interpretation	10		
Record of Applied and Action Learning	10		
Viva	10		
Total	50		

Signature of the Student:

Name:

Regn. No.:

Page No....

<sup>\*</sup>As applicable according to the experiment.
Two sheets per experiment (10-20) to be used.