

Phase 3: Development

IoT Sensor Integration and Raspberry Pi Configuration

Code Implementation using Wowki

Sketch.ino

```
const int NUM_PARKING_SPACES = 3;

const int ECHO_PINS[NUM_PARKING_SPACES] = {15, 5, 26};
const int TRIG_PINS[NUM_PARKING_SPACES] = {2, 18, 27};
const int LED_PINS[NUM_PARKING_SPACES] = {13, 12, 14};

bool parkingSpaces[NUM_PARKING_SPACES] = {false, false, false};

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(115200);

  for (int i = 0; i < NUM_PARKING_SPACES; i++) {
    pinMode(ECHO_PINS[i], INPUT);
    pinMode(TRIG_PINS[i], OUTPUT);
    pinMode(LED_PINS[i], OUTPUT);
  }
}

float readDistanceCM(int TRIG_PIN, int ECHO_PIN) {
  digitalWrite(TRIG_PIN, LOW);
  delayMicroseconds(2);
  digitalWrite(TRIG_PIN, HIGH);
  delayMicroseconds(10);
  digitalWrite(TRIG_PIN, LOW);
  int duration = pulseIn(ECHO_PIN, HIGH);
  return duration * 0.034 / 2 ;
}

// Data structure to keep track of the parking space status
void updateParkingStatus() {
  for (int i = 0; i < NUM_PARKING_SPACES; i++) {
    int distance = readDistanceCM(TRIG_PINS[i], ECHO_PINS[i]);
    parkingSpaces[i] = (distance < 200.0);
    digitalWrite(LED_PINS[i], parkingSpaces[i]);
  }
}
```

```

void loop() {
    updateParkingStatus();

    Serial.println("Parking Space Status:");

    for (int i = 0; i < NUM_PARKING_SPACES; i++) {
        Serial.print("Space ");
        Serial.print(i + 1);
        Serial.print(": ");
        Serial.println(parkingSpaces[i] ? "Occupied" : "Available");
    }

    delay(1000);
}

```

.json:

```

{
    "version": 1,
    "author": "Surya K",
    "editor": "wokwi",
    "parts": [
        { "type": "wokwi-esp32-devkit-v1", "id": "esp", "top": 168.01, "left": -54.47, "attrs": {} },
        {
            "type": "wokwi-hc-sr04",
            "id": "ultrasonic1",
            "top": 10.18,
            "left": 222.47,
            "attrs": { "distance": "97" }
        },
        {
            "type": "wokwi-hc-sr04",
            "id": "ultrasonic2",
            "top": 11.1,
            "left": 5.5,
            "attrs": { "distance": "142" }
        },
        {
            "type": "wokwi-hc-sr04",
            "id": "ultrasonic3",
            "top": 11.1,
            "left": -199.42,

```

```

    "attrs": { "distance": "400" }
  },
  {
    "type": "wokwi-led",
    "id": "led1",
    "top": 215.93,
    "left": -245.43,
    "attrs": { "color": "green" }
  },
  {
    "type": "wokwi-led",
    "id": "led2",
    "top": 217.94,
    "left": -202.14,
    "attrs": { "color": "green" }
  },
  {
    "type": "wokwi-led",
    "id": "led3",
    "top": 216.99,
    "left": -154.69,
    "attrs": { "color": "green" }
  }
],
"connections": [
  [ "esp:TX0", "$serialMonitor:RX", "", [ ] ],
  [ "esp:RX0", "$serialMonitor:TX", "", [ ] ],
  [ "ultrasonic1:VCC", "esp:3V3", "red", [ "v0" ] ],
  [ "ultrasonic1:GND", "esp:GND.1", "black", [ "v0" ] ],
  [ "ultrasonic2:VCC", "esp:3V3", "red", [ "v0" ] ],
  [
    "ultrasonic3:VCC",
    "esp:3V3",
    "red",
    [ "v97.89", "h25.31", "v186.97", "h171.78", "v-63.59" ]
  ],
  [ "ultrasonic3:GND", "esp:GND.2", "black", [ "v0" ] ],
  [ "led1:C", "esp:GND.2", "black", [ "v0" ] ],
  [ "led2:C", "esp:GND.2", "black", [ "v0" ] ],
  [ "led3:C", "esp:GND.2", "black", [ "v0" ] ],
  [ "led1:A", "esp:D13", "green", [ "v0" ] ],
  [ "led2:A", "esp:D12", "green", [ "v0" ] ],
  [ "led3:A", "esp:D14", "green", [ "v0" ] ],
  [ "ultrasonic3:TRIG", "esp:D27", "green", [ "v0" ] ],
  [ "ultrasonic3:ECHO", "esp:D26", "green", [ "v0" ] ],
  [ "ultrasonic2:GND", "esp:GND.1", "black", [ "v0" ] ],
  [ "ultrasonic2:ECHO", "esp:D15", "green", [ "v0" ] ],
  [ "ultrasonic2:TRIG", "esp:D2", "green", [ "v0" ] ],

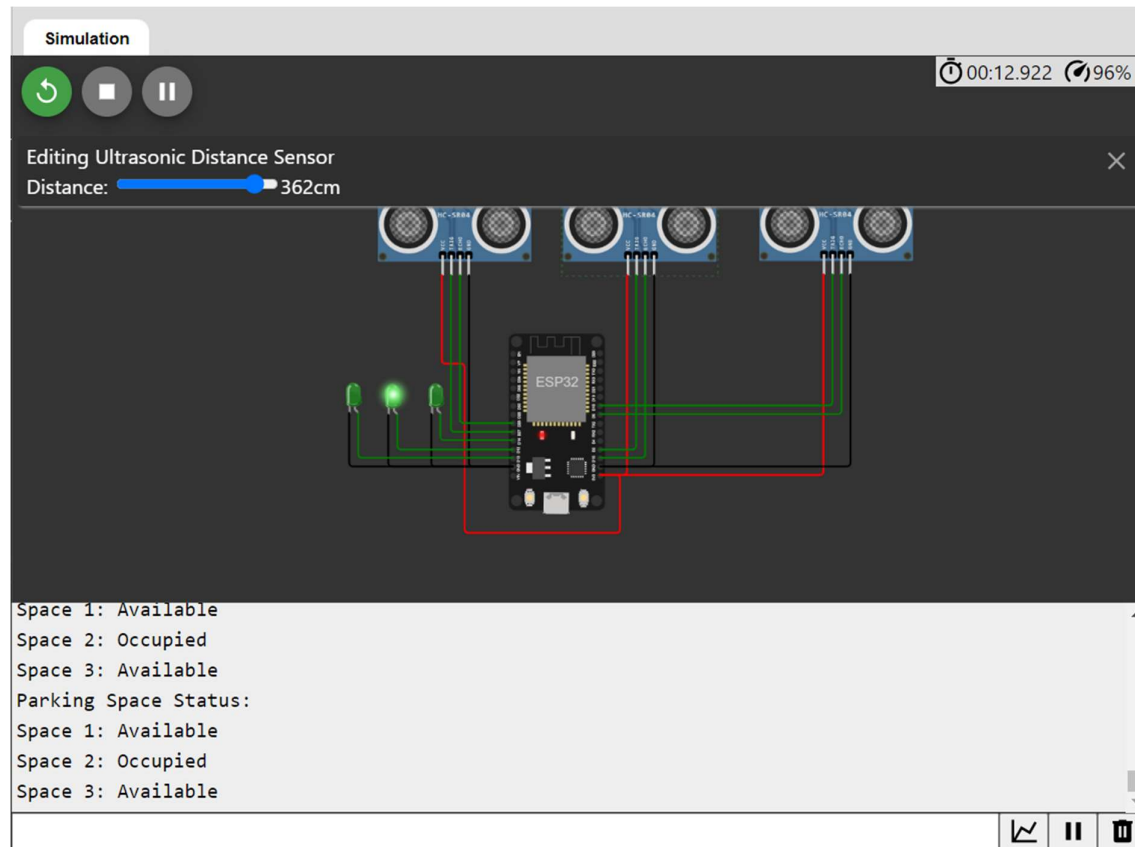
```

```

    [ "ultrasonic1:ECHO", "esp:D5", "green", [ "v0" ] ],
    [ "ultrasonic1:TRIG", "esp:D18", "green", [ "v0" ] ]
  ],
  "dependencies": {}
}

```

Output:



In this phase, we successfully integrated IoT sensors with the Raspberry Pi to detect parking space occupancy. The Arduino code effectively manages sensor data, providing real-time status updates for each parking space.