In [1]: import os import numpy as np import pandas as pd import matplotlib.pyplot as plt %matplotlib inline import seaborn as sns sns.set() import warnings warnings.filterwarnings('ignore') dataset = pd.read_csv('E-com_Data.csv') In [2]: dataset.head() CustomerID Item Code InvoieNo Date of purchase Quantity Time price per Unit Price Shipping Location Cancelled_status Reason of return Sold as set Out[2]: 0 321.0 1926.0 4355.0 15734 398177.0 29-10-2017 6.0 3:36:00 PM Location 1 NaN NaN NaN 1 4352.0 14616 394422.0 05-10-2017 2.0 2:53:00 PM 870.0 1740.0 Location 1 NaN NaN NaN 933.0 1866.0 2 4352.0 14614 394422.0 12-10-2017 2.0 2:53:00 PM Location 1 NaN NaN NaN 3 4352.0 85014B 388633.0 22-08-2017 3.0 2:47:00 PM 623.0 1869.0 Location 1 NaN NaN NaN 4 4352.0 15364 394422.0 10-10-2017 2.0 2:53:00 PM 944.0 1888.0 Location 1 NaN NaN NaN In [3]: dataset.info() <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 541116 entries, 0 to 541115 Data columns (total 12 columns): Column Non-Null Count # Dtype ------ - ------404189 non-null float64 0 CustomerID 1 Item Code 537979 non-null object 2 InvoieNo 537979 non-null float64 Date of purchase 3 537979 non-null object 4 Quantity 537979 non-null float64 5 Time 537979 non-null object 6 price per Unit 537979 non-null float64 537979 non-null float64 7 Price Shipping Location 537979 non-null object 8 8345 non-null 9 Cancelled_status object 10 Reason of return 3 non-null object 11 Sold as set 0 non-null float64 dtypes: float64(6), object(6) memory usage: 49.5+ MB In [4]: # checking the duplicate rows dataset.duplicated().sum() Out[4]: In [5]: # all duplicated rows from the dataset dataset.loc[dataset.duplicated(),:] Out[5]: CustomerID Item Code InvoieNo Date of purchase Quantity Time price per Unit Price Shipping Location Cancelled_status Reason of return Sold as set 61202 4043.0 15819 403353.0 02-12-2017 1.0 2:07:00 PM 447.0 447.0 Location 36 NaN NaN NaN 70587 3984.0 15422 405579.0 09-12-2017 77.0 1848.0 24.0 2:09:00 PM Location 36 NaN NaN NaN 1.0 2:04:00 PM 84823 3828.0 14519 398139.0 31-10-2017 85.0 Location 36 85.0 NaN NaN NaN 15121 380588.0 298.0 Location 36 120521 3384.0 11-06-2017 1.0 11:37:00 AM 298.0 NaN NaN NaN 182786 2607.0 15660 393225.0 30-09-2017 1.0 12:31:00 PM 484.0 484.0 Location 36 NaN NaN NaN 541111 NaN 541112 NaN 541113 NaN 541114 NaN 541115 NaN 3145 rows × 12 columns In [6]: # dropping all the duplicates dataset = dataset.drop_duplicates (ignore_index = True) # index starts from 0,1,2 etc dataset.duplicated().sum() Out[7]: In [8]: dataset.shape (537971, 12) Out[8]: dataset.columns Index(['CustomerID', 'Item Code', 'InvoieNo', 'Date of purchase', 'Quantity', 'Time', 'price per Unit', 'Price', 'Shipping Location', 'Cancelled_status', 'Reason of return', 'Sold as set'], dtype='object') In [10]: dataset = dataset[['CustomerID', 'InvoieNo', 'Date of purchase', 'Price']] dataset.head() Out[10]: CustomerID InvoieNo Date of purchase Price 4355.0 398177.0 29-10-2017 1926.0 4352.0 394422.0 1 05-10-2017 1740.0 2 4352.0 394422.0 12-10-2017 1866.0 3 4352.0 388633.0 22-08-2017 1869.0 4 4352.0 394422.0 10-10-2017 1888.0 dataset.isnull().sum()/ len(dataset) * 100 CustomerID 24.869370 Out[11] InvoieNo 0.000186 Date of purchase 0.000186 Price 0.000186 dtype: float64 dataset = dataset.dropna(subset=['CustomerID']) # removes all null value from specified column dataset.isnull().sum()/ len(dataset) * 100 In [13]: CustomerID 0.0 Out[13]: InvoieNo 0.0 Date of purchase 0.0 Price 0.0 dtype: float64 dataset.info() In [14]: <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> Int64Index: 404181 entries, 0 to 537940 Data columns (total 4 columns): # Column Non-Null Count Dtype ------ - -0 CustomerID 404181 non-null float64 404181 non-null float64 1 InvoieNo 2 Date of purchase 404181 non-null object 3 Price 404181 non-null float64 dtypes: float64(3), object(1) memory usage: 15.4+ MB In [15]: dataset = dataset.rename(columns = {'InvoieNo' : 'InvoiceNo', 'Date of purchase' : 'Date'}) In [16]: dataset.head() CustomerID InvoiceNo Date Price Out[16]: 0 4355.0 398177.0 29-10-2017 1926.0 4352.0 394422.0 05-10-2017 1740.0 1 4352.0 394422.0 12-10-2017 1866.0 3 4352.0 388633.0 22-08-2017 1869.0 4352.0 394422.0 10-10-2017 1888.0 In [17]: # to covert the Date datatype from object dataset['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(dataset['Date']) In [18]: dataset.info() <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> Int64Index: 404181 entries, 0 to 537940 Data columns (total 4 columns): Dtype Column Non-Null Count CustomerID 404181 non-null float64 InvoiceNo 404181 non-null float64 404181 non-null datetime64[ns] 2 Date 3 Price 404181 non-null float64 dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(3) memory usage: 15.4 MB dataset['CustomerID'].nunique() Out[19]: dataset['Date'].describe() 404181 count Out[20]: 381 unique 2017-11-24 00:00:00 top freq 2016-02-12 00:00:00 first 2017-12-19 00:00:00 Name: Date, dtype: object In [21]: **import** datetime **as** dt In [22]: Latest_date = dt.datetime(2017,12,20) Latest_date datetime.datetime(2017, 12, 20, 0, 0) Out[22]: RFMScore = dataset.groupby('CustomerID').agg ({'Date' : lambda x : (Latest_date - x.max()).days, 'InvoiceNo': lambda x : x.count(), 'Price': lambda x: x.sum()}) In [24]: # Recency is calculated as the number of days since the most recent transaction. # Frequency is the count of transactions. # Monetary is the sum of transaction prices. RFMScore.rename (columns = {'Date' : 'Recency', 'InvoiceNo' : 'Frequency', 'Price' : 'Monetary'}, inplace = True) RFMScore.reset_index() Out[25]: CustomerID Recency Frequency Monetary 0 4 182 553704.0 77 27 257404.0 1 3.0 4.0 20 72 176613.0 3 5.0 16 41976.0 18 4 84 151822.0 6.0 9 4344 4368.0 10 20480.0 4345 4369.0 181 7 10774.0 4346 4370.0 12 13 24962.0 4347 4371.0 754 280608.0 4 4348 4372.0 51 70 262820.0 4349 rows × 4 columns RFMScore.Recency.describe() In [26]: 4349.000000 count Out[26]: mean 61.445160 std 89.656941 1.000000 min 25% 10.000000 19.000000 50% 73.000000 75% 617.000000 max Name: Recency, dtype: float64 RFMScore.Frequency.describe() 4349.000000 Out[27]: 92.936537 mean std 232.086935 1.000000 min 25% 17.000000 42.000000 50% 101.000000 75% 7970.000000 max Name: Frequency, dtype: float64 In [28]: RFMScore.Monetary.describe() 4.349000e+03 count Out[28]: 2.299380e+05 mean std 8.572589e+05 -5.037200e+04 min 25% 3.814800e+04 50% 8.365500e+04 75% 2.056120e+05 3.553619e+07 max Name: Monetary, dtype: float64 In [29]: # splitting the data for quantile method quantiles = RFMScore.quantile(q = [0.25, 0.50, 0.75]) quantiles = quantiles.to_dict() quantiles {'Recency': {0.25: 10.0, 0.5: 19.0, 0.75: 73.0}, Out[29]: 'Frequency': {0.25: 17.0, 0.5: 42.0, 0.75: 101.0}, 'Monetary': {0.25: 38148.0, 0.5: 83655.0, 0.75: 205612.0}} In [30]: def RecencyScore (x,p,d): **if** x<= d[p][0.25]: return 1 # 1 means recent customer under 10 days **elif** x<= d[p][0.50]: # 2 means under 19 days return 2 **elif** x<= d[p][0.75]: return 3 # 3 means under 73 days else : return 4 In [31]: **def** FreqMonetaryScore (x,p,d): **if** x<= d[p][0.25]: return 4 # silver Customer **elif** x<= d[p][0.25]: # Gold Customer return 3 **elif** x<= d[p][0.75]: # Diamond Customer return 2 else : # Platinum Customer return 1 In [32]: RFMScore.columns Index(['Recency', 'Frequency', 'Monetary'], dtype='object') Out[32]: RFMScore['R'] = RFMScore['Recency'].apply(RecencyScore, args = ('Recency', quantiles)) RFMScore['F'] = RFMScore['Frequency'].apply(FreqMonetaryScore, args = ('Frequency', quantiles)) RFMScore['M'] = RFMScore['Monetary'].apply(FreqMonetaryScore, args = ('Monetary', quantiles)) In [34]: RFMScore.reset_index() Out[34]: CustomerID Recency Frequency Monetary R F M 2.0 4 182 553704.0 1 1 1 3.0 77 27 257404.0 4 2 1 1 72 176613.0 3 2 2 2 4.0 20 16 41976.0 2 4 2 3 5.0 18 4 84 151822.0 1 2 2 6.0 9 4344 4368.0 17 10 20480.0 2 4 4 7 10774.0 4 4 4 4345 4369.0 181 4370.0 12 13 24962.0 2 4 4 4346 4371.0 754 280608.0 1 1 1 4347 70 262820.0 3 2 1 4348 4372.0 51 4349 rows × 7 columns In [35]: RFMScore['RFMvalue'] = RFMScore[['R', 'F', 'M']].sum(axis=1) RFMScore['RFMGroup'] = RFMScore.R.map(str) + RFMScore.F.map(str) + RFMScore.M.map(str) RFMScore.reset_index() Out[35]: CustomerID Recency Frequency Monetary R F M RFMvalue RFMGroup 182 553704.0 1 1 1 2.0 111 77 421 3.0 27 257404.0 4 2 1 1 72 176613.0 3 2 2 2 4.0 20 7 322 3 5.0 18 16 41976.0 2 4 2 8 242 4 6.0 9 84 151822.0 1 2 2 5 122 10 20480.0 2 4 4 4344 4368.0 17 10 244 4345 4369.0 181 7 10774.0 4 4 4 12 444 13 24962.0 2 4 4 4346 4370.0 12 10 244 754 280608.0 1 1 1 4347 4371.0 4 3 111 70 262820.0 3 2 1 4348 4372.0 51 6 321 4349 rows × 9 columns RFMScore['RFMvalue'].nunique() In [36]: Out[36]: **10** In [37]: Loyality_Lavel = ['Platinum', 'Diamond', 'Gold', 'Silver'] score_cuts = pd.qcut(RFMScore.RFMvalue, q=4, labels=Loyality_Lavel) RFMScore['Loyality_Lavel'] = score_cuts.values RFMScore = RFMScore.reset_index() RFMScore CustomerID Recency Frequency Monetary R F M RFMvalue RFMGroup Loyality_Lavel Out[37]: 2.0 4 182 553704.0 1 1 1 111 Platinum 1 3.0 77 27 257404.0 4 2 1 421 Diamond 2 7 20 72 176613.0 3 2 2 322 Diamond 3 5.0 18 16 41976.0 2 4 2 242 Gold 9 5 122 4 6.0 84 151822.0 1 2 2 Platinum 4344 4368.0 17 10 20480.0 2 4 4 10 244 Silver 4345 4369.0 181 7 10774.0 4 4 4 12 444 Silver 13 24962.0 2 4 4 4346 4370.0 12 10 244 Silver 4347 4371.0 4 754 280608.0 1 1 1 3 111 Platinum 4348 4372.0 51 70 262820.0 3 2 1 6 321 Diamond 4349 rows × 10 columns In [38]: RFMScore.to_csv('final_data.csv')