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SUBJECT	DAA
EXPERIMENT NO:	09
AIM:	To implement vertex cover Problem
Algorithm:	Approx-Vertex-Cover (G = (V, E)) {     C = empty-set;     E'= E;     While E' is not empty do     {     Let (u, v) be any edge in E': (*)     Add u and v to C;     Remove from E' all edges incident to     u or v;     }     Return C; }
Code:	<pre>#include<iostream> #include <list> using namespace std;  class Graph {   int V;   list<int> *adj; public:   Graph(int V);   void addEdge(int v, int w);</int></list></iostream></pre>

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void printVertexCover();
};
Graph::Graph(int V)
  this->V = V;
  adj = new list<int>[V];
void Graph::addEdge(int v, int w)
  adj[v].push_back(w);
  adj[w].push_back(v);
void Graph::printVertexCover()
  bool visited[V];
  for (int i=0; i<V; i++)
     visited[i] = false;
  list<int>::iterator i;
  for (int u=0; u<V; u++)
     if (visited[u] == false)
       for (i= adj[u].begin(); i != adj[u].end(); ++i)
          int v = *i;
          if (visited[v] == false)
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visited[v] = true;
             visited[u] = true;
             cout << "\ Edge\ taken: "<< u << "\ "<< v << endl;
             break;
          }
cout<<"\n Vertex Cover is as follows: ";
  for (int i=0; i<V; i++)
     if (visited[i])
      cout << i << " ";
int main()
  int v;
  cout<<"Enter number of vertices: ";</pre>
  cin>>v;
  int e;
  cout<<"Enter number of edges: ";</pre>
  cin>>e;
  Graph g(v);
  for(int i=0;i<e;i++){
  int a,b;
    cout<<"Enter the edge "<<i+1<<" :";
   cin>>a>>b;
    g.addEdge(a,b);
```

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g.printVertexCover();
                             cout<<endl;
                             return 0;
Output:
                              students@students-HP-280-G3-SFF-Business-PC:~/Desktop$ g++ Exp9.cpp
                              students@students-HP-280-G3-SFF-Business-PC:~/Desktop$ ./a.out
                            Enter number of vertices: 7
Enter number of edges: 8
Enter the edge 1 :0 1
Enter the edge 2 :1 2
Enter the edge 3 :2 3
Enter the edge 4 :2 4
                             Enter the edge 5 :4 3
                             Enter the edge 6 :4 6
                             Enter the edge 7 :4 5
Enter the edge 8 :3 5
                              Edge taken: 0 1
                              Edge taken: 2 3
                              Edge taken: 4 6
                              Vertex Cover is as follows: 0 1 2 3 4 6
Conclusion:
                         Thus we have implemented Vertex cover Problem.
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