Reg	istr	ration No :				
Total Number of Pages: 02 6 th Semester Back Examination 2017-18 COMPILER DESIGN BRANCH: CSE, IT, ITE Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 70 Q.CODE: C485						
Answer Q.No.1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest. The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks. Answer all parts of a question at a place.						
Q1		Answer the following questions :	(2 x 10)			
	a)	What is compiler Design ? Explain.				
	b)	What is the difference between LEX and FLEX ? Explain.				
	c)	Define the steps to calculate FOLLOW in LL(1).				
	d)	Find the useful grammar from the following and draw the parse tree A \rightarrow xyz / Xyzz Z \rightarrow Zy / z				
	e)	Construct a DAG for the following $X = (a+b)*r+s$				
	f)	What are the various standard storage allocation strategies?				
	g)	Define the term induction variable.				
	h)	What are the various problems in code generation?				
	i)	Why loop unrolling is important?				
	j)	What do you mean by handle pruning?				
Q2	a)	Explain the various phases of compilation ?	(5)			
	b)	What is the difference between top down and bottom up parsing explain.	(5)			
Q3	a)	Test whether the grammar is LL(1) or not and construct a predictive parsing table it S \to AaAb / BbBa A \to ϵ B \to ϵ	(5)			
	b)	What is parsing? Explain with a suitable example.	(5)			
Q4		Perform LR parsing for the following set of production and draw the equivalent DFA. $E \to E + T / T$ $T \to T * F / F$ $F \to id$	(10)			

Q5		Consider the following grammar. Perform a SLR parsing & draw the SLR parsing table. $S \to BB$ $C \to dC$ $C \to b$	(10)
Q6	a)	What is Dead Code Elimination ? Why it is essential ?	(5)
	b)	What is code optimization? Explain the various optimization techniques.	(5)
Q7	a)	Discuss the structure of a symbol table. Explain how the symbol table is created for a block structured language.	(5)
	b)	Explain Intermediate code generation techniques. Why it is essential?	(5)
Q8		Write Short Note on :	
	a)	Peephole Optimization	(5)
	b)	Syntax directed translation	(5)