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Question 1.

Sol<sup>n</sup>.

M & E of  $\mu$  &  $\sigma^2$  for Normal distribution

let  $X_i \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2) \forall i=1, 2, 3, \dots, n$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2}, -\infty < x < \infty$$

$$\alpha = \prod_{i=1}^n f(x_i, \theta) = f(x_1, \mu, \sigma^2) \cdot f(x_2, \mu, \sigma^2) \cdot \dots$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x_1-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x_2-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2} \cdot \dots$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}}\right)^n e^{-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x_1-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x_2-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2 - \dots - \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x_n-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}}\right)^n \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum (x_i - \mu)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{2\pi\sigma^2}\right)^{n/2} \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum (x_i - \mu)^2}$$

$\Rightarrow$  Taking log both sides

$$\log \alpha = -\frac{n}{2} \log 2\pi - \frac{n}{2} \log \sigma^2 - \frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum (x_i - \mu)^2$$

P.T.O

Now,

$$\frac{\delta \log \mathcal{L}}{\delta \mu} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 - 0 - \frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu)(-1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum (x_i - \mu) = 0 \Rightarrow \sum x_i - n\mu = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\mu = \frac{1}{n} \sum x_i}$$

Now,

$$\frac{\delta \log \mathcal{L}}{\delta \sigma^2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 - \frac{n}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sigma^2} + \frac{1}{2\sigma^4} \sum (x_i - \mu)^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-n\sigma^2 + \sum (x_i - \mu)^2}{2\sigma^4} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum (x_i - \mu)^2}$$

## Question 2 Binomial M d E

Sol<sup>n</sup>:

$$\alpha = \prod f(n_i; n, \theta)$$

$\Rightarrow$

$$\prod \binom{n}{n_i} \theta^{n_i} (1-\theta)^{n-n_i}$$

$\Rightarrow$

$$\theta^{\sum n_i} (1-\theta)^{nm - \sum n_i} \prod \binom{n}{n_i}$$

Taking log both sides

$$\Rightarrow \log \alpha = \log \left[ \theta^{\sum n_i} (1-\theta)^{nm - \sum n_i} \prod \binom{n}{n_i} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \log \theta^{\sum n_i} + \log (1-\theta)^{nm - \sum n_i}$$

$$+ \log \prod \binom{n}{n_i}$$

Diff. w.r.t  $\theta$

$$\Rightarrow \sum n_i \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \log \theta + (nm - \sum n_i) \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \log (1-\theta)$$

$$+ \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \sum \log \binom{n}{n_i}$$

Equating to 0.

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n n_i^2}{\phi} = \left( \frac{nm - \sum_{i=1}^n n_i^2}{1-\phi} \right)$$

$\Rightarrow$

$$\sum n_i^2 = nm\phi - \phi \sum n_i^2 + \phi \sum n_i^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum n_i^2 = nm\phi$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi = \frac{\sum n_i^2}{nm}$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi = \frac{1}{n} \frac{\sum n_i^2}{m}$$

$$\phi = \frac{\bar{X}}{n}$$