

505484

A Previous view
Tuesday 22 October 2013

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| | COMPTROLLER | |
| | GENERAL | |
| Res. N ° 385-2013-CG.- Approve list of entities public that will be incorporated into the Electronic System Registry of Affidavits of Income and Assets and Income Online in 2013 | 505500 | |
| Res. N ° 386-2013-CG.- Directive "Provisions on the Processing and Evaluation of Declarations Sworn Income and Property and Income Authorities, civil servants and public servants; as well as information on Contracts or Appointments, sent to the Comptroller General" and Directive "Provisions for the use of the System for the Registry of Affidavits of Income and Assets and Income Online " | 505501 | |
| | INSTITUTIONS | |
| | EDUCATIONAL | |
| Res. N ° 1385-R-UNICA-2013.- Authorize travel of authorities of the National University of "Sima Luis Gonzaga "from Ica to Brazil, in order to sign specific agreements | 505502 | |

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| | NATIONAL JURY | |
| | OF ELECTIONS | |
| Res. N ° 773-2013-JNE.- Declare null Resolution N ° 064-2013-ROP / JNE issued by the Registry of Political Organizations of the JNE, null office of the General Secretariat of the ONPE and nullity of everything acted in the registration procedure requested by political organization | 505503 | |
| Res. N ° 899-2013-JNE.- Declare null Agreement of Council that declared unfounded vacancy request filed against mayor of the Provincial Municipality of Huamales, and they have to return the acts so that a new pronouncement is issued | 505508 | |
| Res. N ° 933-2013-JNE.- They summon a citizen to assume the position of councilor of the Municipal Council of the District Municipality of Ascón, province and department from Lima | 505512 | |

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| Res. N ° 945-2013-JNE.- They declare null the action in suspension procedure followed against mayor of the District Municipality of Ciudad Nueva, province and Tacna department | 505512 |
| Res. N ° 949-A-2013-JNE.- A citizen is summoned to assume the position of councilor of the District Municipality of Huaynacotas, province of La Unión, department of Arequipa | 505514 |
| Res. N ° 950-2013-JNE.- Restore the validity of credential granted to mayor of the Municipality District of Cuchumbaya, province of Mariscal Nieto, department of Moquegua | 505515 |

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| | PUBLIC MINISTRY | |
| Res. N ° 152-2013-MP-FN-JFS.- Create Prosecutor's Offices Specialized in Money Laundering and Loss Crime Domain with national jurisdiction, made up of by National Superior Prosecutor's Offices and Prosecutor's Offices Supraprovinciales Corporativas Especializadas, with headquarters in Lima | 505516 | |
| RR. N ° s. 3429 and 3430-2013-MP-FN.- Concluded appointment and they appoint provisional prosecutors in the Judicial District of Lima | 505517 | |

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| | BANKING SUPERINTENDENCE, INSURANCE AND PRIVATE ADMINISTRATORS OF PENSION FUNDS | |
| Res. N ° 6201-2013.- Authorize Edipyme Inversiones La Cruz SA the opening of agencies in the departments from Lima, Ucayali and Piura | 505518 | |
| | PROVINCES | |
| | PROVINCIAL MUNICIPALITY FROM PALLASCA - CABANA | |
| Errata RA N ° 046-A-2013-MPP-C | 505518 | |

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| | CHAPTER II | |
| | DATA CRIMES AND COMPUTER SYSTEMS | |
| Article 2. Illegal access Whoever accesses without authorization to all or part of a computer system, provided it is done with violation of security measures established to prevent it, it will be punished with imprisonment not less than one nor more than four years old and with thirty years ninety days fine. Anyone who agrees to a computer system exceeding what is authorized. | | |
| Article 3. Attack against data integrity computer science The one who, through information technologies or communication, introduces, deletes, deteriorates, alters, deletes or makes computer data inaccessible, it will be punished with a custodial sentence of no less than three nor older than six years and with eighty to one hundred twenty days penalty fee. | | |

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| | LAW No. 30096 | |
| | THE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC | |
| HOW MUCH: The Congress of the Republic He has given the following Law: THE CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC: He has given the following Law: | | |
| | COMPUTER CRIMES LAW | |
| | CHAPTER I | |
| | PURPOSE AND OBJECT OF THE LAW | |
| Article 1. Purpose of the Law The purpose of this Law is to prevent and punish illicit conduct that affects the | | |

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| | CHAPTER II | |
| | COMPUTER CRIMES AGAINST SEXUAL INDEMNITY AND FREEDOM | |
| Article 5. Proposals to boys, girls and teens for actual purposes by means technological The one who, through information technologies or communication, contact a minor under fourteen years to request or obtain pornographic material from him, or to carry out sexual activities with him, it will be repressed with a custodial sentence of no less than four or older than eight years and disqualification according to numerals 1, 2 and 4 of article 36 of the Penal Code. When the victim is between fourteen and under Eighteen years old and half deception, the penalty will be not less than three nor more than six years old and disqualification in accordance with numerals 1, 2 and 4 of article 36 of the Penal Code. | | |
| | CHAPTER IV | |
| | COMPUTER CRIMES AGAINST PRIVACY AND THE SECRET OF COMMUNICATIONS | |
| Article 6. Illegal data traffic Anyone who creates, enters or misuses a database of data on a natural or legal person, identified or identifiable, to market, traffic, sell, promote, favor or provide information related to any area of the personal, family, patrimonial sphere, labor, financial or other analogous nature, creating or no harm, it will be punished with imprisonment not younger than three and not older than five years. | | |
| Article 7. Interception of computer data The one who, through information technologies or communication, intercepts computer data in non public broadcasts, directed to a system computer, originated in a computer system or made within it, including emissions electromagnetic signals from a computer system that transports such computer data, will be repressed with a custodial sentence of no less than three and no more six years. The custodial sentence shall be no less than five or more than eight years old when the crime falls on information classified as secret, reserved or confidential in accordance with the rules of the matter. The custodial sentence shall be no less than eight nor older than ten years when the crime compromises the defense, security or national sovereignty. | | |

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| | CHAPTER V | |
| | CYBERCRIME AGAINST HERITAGE | |
| Article 8. Computer fraud The one who, through information technologies or communication, seeks for himself or for another a illicit profit to the detriment of a third party through the design, introduction, alteration, deletion, deletion, cloning of computer data or any interference or manipulation in the operation of a computer system, it will be repressed with a custodial sentence of no less than three or more than eight years old and with sixty to one hundred twenty fine days. The penalty will be deprivation of liberty not less than five nor older than ten years and from eighty to one hundred forty days fine when the patrimony of the destined State is affected for welfare purposes or social support programs. | | |

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| | SEVENTH. Good practices | |
| The Peruvian State carries out joint actions with other States in order to implement actions and measures concrete measures aimed at combating the phenomenon of massive attacks against IT infrastructures and establishes the necessary prevention mechanisms, including coordinated responses and exchange of information and good practices. | | |
| | EIGHTH. Multilateral agreements | |
| The Peruvian State promotes the signing and ratification of multilateral agreements that guarantee cooperation mutual with other States for the persecution of Cybercrime. | | |
| | NINTH. Terminology | |
| For the purposes of this Law, it will be understood that in accordance with article 1 of the Convention on the Cybercrime, Budapest, 23.XI.2001: | | |
| to. By computer system: all isolated devices o set of interconnected devices o related to each other, whose function, or that of some of its elements, be it the automated treatment data while running a program | | |
| b. By computer data: all representation of facts, information or concepts expressed in any way that is given to treatment computing, including programs designed for a computer system to execute a function. | | |
| | TENTH. Regulation and imposition of fines for the Superintendency of Banking, Insurance and AFP | |
| The Superintendency of Banking, Insurance and AFP establishes the scale of fines according to the characteristics, complexity and circumstances of the cases applicable to companies under their supervision that fail to comply with the obligation set forth in numeral 5 of the Article 235 of the Criminal Procedure Code, approved by the Legislative Decree 957. | | |
| The judge, within seventy-two hours, puts in knowledge of the supervisory body of the omission incurred by the company, with the corresponding precautions on the characteristics, complexity and circumstances of the case particular, in order to apply the corresponding fine. | | |
| | ELEVENTH. Regulation and imposition of fines by the Supervisory Agency for Private Investment in Telecommunications | |
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| | QUARTER. Operational cooperation | |
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| | FIFTH. Training | |
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| | SIXTH. Security measures | |
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| to. By computer system: all isolated devices o set of interconnected devices o related to each other, whose function, or that of some of its elements, be it the automated treatment data while running a program | | |
| b. By computer data: all representation of facts, information or concepts expressed in any way that is given to treatment computing, including programs designed for a computer system to execute a function. | | |
| | TENTH. Regulation and imposition of fines for the Superintendency of Banking, Insurance and AFP | |
| The Superintendency of Banking, Insurance and AFP establishes the scale of fines according to the characteristics, complexity and circumstances of the cases applicable to companies under their supervision that fail to comply with the obligation set forth in numeral 5 of the Article 235 of the Criminal Procedure Code, approved by the Legislative Decree 957. | | |
| The judge, within seventy-two hours, puts in knowledge of the supervisory body of the omission incurred by the company, with the corresponding precautions on the characteristics, complexity and circumstances of the case particular, in order to apply the corresponding fine. | | |
| | ELEVENTH. Regulation and imposition of fines by the Supervisory Agency for Private Investment in Telecommunications | |
| The Supervisory Agency for Private Investment in Telecommunications establishes the scale of fines | | |

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| | QUARTER. Operational cooperation | |
| In order to guarantee the exchange of information, joint investigation teams, the transmission of documents, the interception of communications and other corresponding activities To give effect to this Law, the National Police of Peru, the Public Ministry, the Judiciary and the private sector operators involved in the fight against cybercrime should establish protocols of enhanced operational cooperation within thirty days from the effective date of this Law. | | |
| | FIFTH. Training | |
| The public institutions involved in the prevention and repression of cybercrime should provide training courses aimed at improving the professional training of your staff especially of the National Police of Peru, the Public Ministry and the Judicial Power in the treatment of the foreseen crimes in this Law. | | |
| | SIXTH. Security measures | |
| The National Office of Electronic Government and Informatics (ONGEI) permanently promotes, in coordination with public sector institutions, strengthening your security measures to the protection of sensitive computer data and the integrity of your computer systems. | | |

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| | SEVENTH. Good practices | |
| The Peruvian State carries out joint actions with other States in order to implement actions and measures concrete measures aimed at combating the phenomenon of massive attacks against IT infrastructures and establishes the necessary prevention mechanisms, including coordinated responses and exchange of information and good practices. | | |
| | EIGHTH. Multilateral agreements | |
| The Peruvian State promotes the signing and ratification of multilateral agreements that guarantee cooperation mutual with other States for the persecution of Cybercrime. | | |
| | NINTH. Terminology | |
| For the purposes of this Law, it will be | | |