

- ANN

Keras is a powerful easy-to-use Python library for developing and evaluating deep learning models.

It wraps the efficient numerical computation libraries Theano and TensorFlow and allows you to define and train neural network models in a few short lines of code.

→ Steps:

- 1. Load Data.
- 2. Define Model.
- 3. Compile Model.
- 4. Fit Model.
- 5. Evaluate Model.
- 6. Make Predictions

```
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
import numpy as np
# fix random seed for reproducibility
np.random.seed(7)

# Load CSV from dataset
from numpy import loadtxt
from urllib.request import urlopen

dataset = loadtxt(open("all_branch.csv"), delimiter=",",skiprows=1)
print(dataset.shape)
X = dataset[:,1:12]
Y = dataset[:,-1]
Y.shape

[3 (1959, 13)
```

print(X)

(1959,)

```
[[ 5.22 4.27 3.92 ... 10.
                              24.97
                                     0.
               8.5 ... 50.
 [ 9.39 10.
                              78.92
                                         ]
 [ 8.7
         8.55 8.17 ... 12.
                              73.79
                                         1
              7.81 ... 53.
 [ 8.62 8.19
                              95.66
                                     0.
 [ 8.71 9.24
              8.58 ... 55.
                              98.
                                         1
                                     0.
 [ 8.38 8.76 8.19 ... 82.
                              78.2
                                         ]]
                                     1.
```

```
print(Y)
```

```
<u>[</u>→ [2. 0. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.]
```

```
from keras.utils import np_utils
Y = np_utils.to_categorical(Y)
```

```
Y.shape
```

```
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(12, input_dim=11, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(24, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(3, activation='softmax'))
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(X, Y, epochs=150, batch_size=3)
```



Epoch 20/150

```
Epoch 1/150
Epoch 2/150
Epoch 3/150
Epoch 4/150
# evaluate the model
scores = model.evaluate(X, Y)
print("\n%s: %.2f%%" % (model.metrics_names[1], scores[1]*100))
acc: 92.27%
Epoch 9/150
Epoch 10/150
Epoch 11/150
Epoch 12/150
Epoch 13/150
Epoch 14/150
Epoch 15/150
Epoch 16/150
Epoch 17/150
Epoch 18/150
Epoch 19/150
```