Seneca Valet Application

Milestone 4 - The Vehicle Bass Class

V0.9

Please watch the project repo for possible corrections

Milestone 4:

To build a valet parking application we need to create a class that encapsulates a Vehicle to be parked in parking spot and can be retrieved when it is needed to be returned to the customer.

Milestone 4 Due Date:

This milestone is due by 31.03.2020 @ 23:59.

The Vehicle module:

Derive a class called Vehicle from the ReadWritable Class in milestone 3.

A **Vehicle** class should be able to store **a license plate** with maximum of **8** characters, a **make** and model with an unknown length more than two characters and a **parking spot number** that is an integer value.

The Vehicle class implementation:

- When implementing the member functions of the class, you are responsible to recognize if a member function can change the state of the Vehicle or not. (i.e. if it is a constant function or not or if the arguments of a function are constants or not)

Properties: (member variables)

License plate

A license plate can be 1 to 8 characters.

Example: "ABC123"

Make and model

A make and model value that can not be a null address and can not be empty. Example: "Bmw 320 M"

Parking spot number

A parking spot number can be zero or positive integer number. A **Vehicle** with a zero (0) parking spot number is considered as a Vehicle that is not parked.

Public Constructor implementation:

- a **Vehicle** can be created using a no-argument constructor that sets the **Vehicle** to a safe Invalid empty state. Also, a **Vehicle** can be created using a **license plate** and a **make and model** value. In the latter case the values are used to set the properties of the Vehicle and the **parking spot** is set to zero. If one of the **licence plate** or **make and model** are pointing to null or are invalid values, the **Vehicle** is set into an **invalid empty state**.
- a Vehicle can not get copied or assigned to another Vehicle

Destructor implementation:

- Vehicle has a destructor that guarantees no memory is leaked when the object goes out of scope.

Protected Member function implementations:

- setEmpty
 - sets the Vehicle to an invalid empty state
- isEmpty
 - This function returns **true** if the **Vehicle** is in an **invalid empty state**, or else, it returns **false**.
- getLicensePlate
 - This function returns a read only address of the license plate of the **Vehicle**.
- getMakeModel
 - This function returns a read only address of the **make and model** of the Vehicle.
- setMakeModel
 - This function resets the **make and model** of the **Vehicle** to a new value. If the new value is null or empty, the object is set to an **invalid empty state**.

Public Member function and operator overload implementations:

- getParkingSpot
 - This function returns the **parking spot** number of the **Vehicle**.
- setParkingSnot
 - Resets the **parking spot number** to a new value. If the value is invalid, it will set the vehicle to an Invalid empty state.
- operator==
 - Compares the license plate of the Vehicle with a license plate value and returns true if the two license plates are identical or else it returns false. This comparison is **NOT** case sensitive (i.e. "123ABC" is the same as "123abc").
 - If any value is invalid, this function returns false;

operator==

Compares two Vehicles and if they have the same license plate, it will return true, or

else it returns **false**. This comparison is NOT case sensitive. If any value is invalid, this function returns false;

Read

This function overrides the **Read** of the **ReadWritable** class.

If the Vehicle is set to Comma Separated mode it will read as follows:

- 1. It will read an integer for **parking spot number** into the parking spot number
- 2. It will ignore one character for the delimiter (comma ',')
- 3. It will read up to 8 characters or up to a comma character for the **license plate** and stores it in the **license plate** number in all UPPERCASE. Either way it will skip the comma afterwards.
- 4. It will read up to 60 characters or up to a comma character delimiter for **make** and model and dynamically stores it in the make and model of the Vehicle. Either way it will skip the comma afterwards.

If the **Vehicle** is not set to **Comma Separated** mode it will read as follows:

It will prompt on the screen:

"Enter Licence Plate Number: "

Then it will read up to 8 characters from the console. If the user enters more than 8 Characters, it will print the following error message and tries again until a proper **license** plate number is entered.

"Invalid Licence Plate, try again: "

Then it will prompt:

"Enter Make and Model: "

Afterwards it will read 2 to 60 characters from the console. If the user enters a value with invalid length, it will print the following error message and tries again until a proper make and model is entered.

"Invalid Make and model, try again: "

Then in any mode (comma separated or not) the Read function will check if the **istream** object failed while reading. If this was true it will set the **Vehicle** object to an **invalid empty state**.

Also **license plates** are always stored as all **UPPERCASE** characters and the parking spot number is set to zero (0);

At the end the **istream** object is returned.

- Write

If the **Vehicle** is in an **invalid empty state**, this function will write the following message using the **ostream** object and returns it.

"Invalid Vehicle Object"

Otherwise, if the class is in comma separated mode, it will print the values of parking spot, license plate and make and model, separated by commas and ends by a comma without going to newline. (i.e 12,ABC123,Bmw 320 M,)

If the class is not in **comma separated** mode, it will print the following using the **ostream** object:

- 1- "Parking Spot Number: "
- 2- Parking spot number or "N/A" if parking spot is zero
- 3- NEWLINE
- 4- "Licence Plate: "
- 5- Vehicle's license plate
- 6- NEWLINE
- 7- "Make and Model: "
- 8- Vehicle's Make and model
- 9- NEWLINE

write returns the ostream object at the end.

Other member functions:

- Add other member functions to the **Vehicle** class if needed.

Milestone 4 submission:

To test and demonstrate execution of your program use the data provided in the execution sample below.

If not on matrix already, upload Utils.cpp, Utils.h, ReadWritable.cpp, ReadWritable.h,

Vehicle.cpp, **Vehicle.h** and **ms4_VehicleTester.cpp** programs to your matrix account.

Compile and run your code and make sure that everything works properly.

Then, run the following command from your account (use your professor's Seneca userid to replace profname.proflastname, and your section ID to replace NXX, i.e., NAA, NBB, etc.):

~profname.proflastname/submit 200/NXX/MS4/Vehicle <ENTER>

and follow the instructions generated by the command.

IMPORTANT: Please note that a successful submission does not guarantee full credit for this workshop. If the professor is not satisfied with your implementation, your professor may ask you to resubmit. Resubmissions will attract a penalty.