Logistic Regression on Bank Loan Data Set

Loading Data and Data Treatment:

CreditCard

0

```
import pandas as pd
loan_data = pd.read_excel("Bank_Personal_Loan_Modelling.xlsx", sheet_name= "Data")
loan_data.head(2)
Out[83]:
 ID Age Experience ... CD Account Online CreditCard
0 1 25
           1 ...
                    0
           19 ... 0 0
1 2 45
                               0
[2 rows x 14 columns]
loan_data.isnull().sum()
Out[85]:
ID
           0
Age
           0
Experience
              0
Income
             0
ZIP Code
             0
Family
            0
CCAvg
             0
Education
              0
Mortgage
              0
Personal Loan
Securities Account 0
CD Account
               0
Online
            0
```

```
dtype: int64
loan_data.columns
Out[87]:
Index(['ID', 'Age', 'Experience', 'Income', 'ZIP Code', 'Family', 'CCAvg',
    'Education', 'Mortgage', 'Personal Loan', 'Securities Account',
    'CD Account', 'Online', 'CreditCard'],
   dtype='object')
Model Generation:
Y = loan_data[['Personal Loan']]
X = loan_data[['Age', 'Experience', 'Income', 'Family', 'CCAvg',
    'Education', 'Mortgage', 'Securities Account',
    'CD Account', 'Online', 'CreditCard']]
Corr_matrix = X.corr()
import statsmodels.api as sm
X1 = sm.add_constant(X)
Logistic = sm.Logit(Y, X1)
result = Logistic.fit()
Optimization terminated successfully.
     Current function value: 0.128435
     Iterations 9
```

result.summary()

Out[95]:

<class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>

Logit Regression Results						
Dep. Variable:	Persona	 l Loan	No. Observatio	 ons:	506	90
Model:	Logit		Df Residuals:		4988	
Method:	MLE Sun, 09 Aug 2020 14:13:24 True		Df Model: Pseudo R-squ.: Log-Likelihood: LL-Null:		11 0.5938 -642.18 -1581.0	
Date:						
Time:						
converged:						
Covariance Type:	non	robust	LLR p-value:		0.000	
===========	coef	std er	-=====================================	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const	-12.1928	1.645	-7 .4 11	0.000	-15.417	-8.968
Age	-0.0536	0.061	-0.874	0.382	-0.174	0.067
Experience	0.0638	0.061	1.046	0.295	-0.056	0.183
Income	0.0546	0.00	3 20.831	0.000	0.049	0.060
Family	0.6958	0.074	9.364	0.000	0.550	0.841
CCAvg	0.1240	0.040	3.127	0.002	0.046	0.202
Education	1.7362	0.11	15.088	0.000	1.511	1.962
Mortgage	0.0005	0.001	l 0.856	0.392	-0.001	0.002
Securities Account	-0.9368	0.286	-3.277	0.001	-1.497	-0.377
CD Account	3.8225	0.324	11.800	0.000	3.188	4.457
Online	-0.6752	0.157	-4.298	0.000	-0.983	-0.367
CreditCard	-1.1197 	0.205	5 -5.462 	0.000 	-1.522 	-0.718

Inference:

Features Income, Family, CCAvg, Education, Securities Account, CD Account, Online, Credit are significantly important in getting the loan.

The probability for getting loan P(Y/N) is calculated as follows

 $P(Y/N) = 1/(1+e^{-k})$

Where k = -12.1928 + (-0.0536)(Age) + (0.0638)('Experience') + (0.0546)('Income') + (0.6958)('Family') + (0.1240)('CCAvg') + (1.7362)('Education') + (0.0005)('Mortgage') + (-0.9368)('Securities Account') + (3.8225)('CD Account') + (-0.6752)('Online') + (-1.1197)('CreditCard')