

MACHINE-LEARNING ASSIGNMENT 3

HARIPRIYAA U MANIAN(hum160030)

2.K Means Clustering on Images:

1)Koala.jpg

Original Image:



For k=2



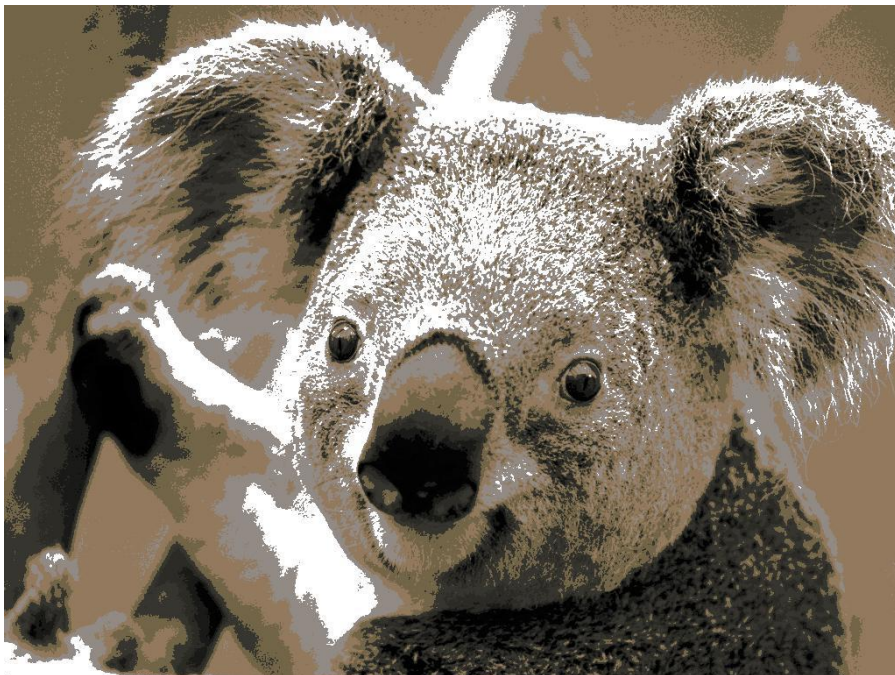
Compression Ratio = $762\text{kb}/191\text{kb} = 3.9895$

For k=5



Compression Ratio = $762\text{kb}/196\text{kb} = 3.8877$

For k=10



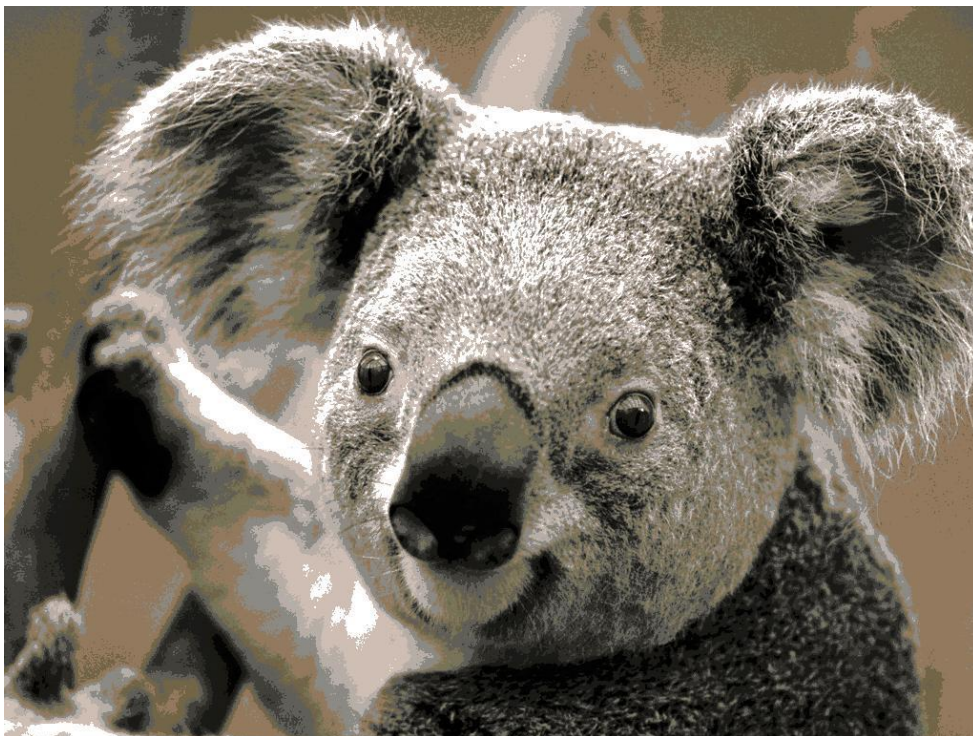
Compression Ratio = $762\text{kb}/180\text{kb} = 4.2333$

For k=15



Compression Ratio = $762\text{kb}/160\text{kb} = 4.7625$

For k=20



Compression Ratio = $762\text{kb}/162\text{kb} = 4.7037$

2) Penguins.jpg

Original Image



For $k=2$



Compression Ratio = $759\text{kb}/98.8\text{kb} = 7.6821$

For k=5



Compression Ratio = $759\text{kb}/129\text{kb} = 5.8837$

For k=10



Compression Ratio = $759\text{kb}/114\text{kb} = 6.6578$

For k=15



Compression Ratio = $759\text{kb}/113\text{kb} = 6.7168$

For k=20



Compression Ratio = $759\text{kb}/110\text{kb} = 6.9$

Average compression rate:

Koala:

Average compression ratio is 4.31534 and it varies by 0.2 for different k-values

Penguins:

Average compression ratio is 6.7680 and it varies by 0.4 for different k-values

Trade-off between image quality and degree of compression:

We get higher quality of images with the higher degree of compression

For the first image Koala—good k-value seems to be 20 since the quality seems to be high with twenty different clusters and image resembles the original image as shown

For Penguin.jpg, for a k-value of fifty, the image is better and also the degree of compression is high