

Crop Land Area and Production

Dataset Code: cropHarvest

The Crop Land and Production dataset shows global harvested area and production for four major crops: wheat, soybean, rice and maize. The dataset was derived from the 2005 Spatial Production Allocation Model (SPAM). The SPAM model aimed to disaggregate (downscale) national and subnational crop statistics using a variety of inputs, such as cropland surface, location of irrigated areas, crop suitability and potential yields, rural population densities, production systems characteristics and crop prices. Crop data was downscaled to a spatial resolution of 5 arc minutes. This spatial resolution is approximately 10 kilometers x 10 kilometers at the equator, but changes with distance from the equator.

Citation:

International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI) and International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis (IIASA). 2016. "Global Spatially-Disaggregated Crop Production Statistics Data for 2005 Version 3.2." <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/DHXBIX> Add to Citavi project by DOI Harvard Dataverse, V9. Accessed through Resource Watch, (26 April 2022). www.resourcewatch.org.

Layers:

Global maize harvest, Global rice harvest, Global soya bean harvest, Global wheat harvest, Global maize production, Global rice production, Global soya bean production, Global wheat production

Year/s:
2005

Format:
.tif

Resolution:
10km

Units:
Numeric

Source Link:

<https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/DHXBIX>



