# In CSS, transition and animation properties are used to add visual effects and smooth transitions to elements on a webpage. Here's an overview of these properties:

## 1. Transition Properties:

- `transition-property`: Specifies the CSS property to which the transition effect should be applied.
  - `transition-duration`: Defines the duration of the transition effect.
- `transition-timing-function`: Specifies the timing function that determines the acceleration or deceleration of the transition.
  - `transition-delay`: Sets a delay before the transition effect starts.

## Example:

```
"css
.element {
  transition-property: width;
  transition-duration: 0.3s;
  transition-timing-function: ease-in-out;
  transition-delay: 0.1s;
}
```

#### 2. Animation Properties:

- `animation-name`: Specifies the name of the keyframes animation that should be applied to the element.
  - `animation-duration`: Defines the duration of the animation.
- `animation-timing-function`: Specifies the timing function that determines the acceleration or deceleration of the animation.
  - `animation-delay`: Sets a delay before the animation starts.
  - `animation-iteration-count`: Specifies the number of times the animation should repeat.
- `animation-direction`: Sets whether the animation should play in reverse or alternate directions.
- `animation-fill-mode`: Defines how the element should be styled before and after the animation.
  - `animation-play-state`: Controls whether the animation is running or paused.

### Example:

```
"css
.element {
    animation-name: slide;
    animation-duration: 1s;
    animation-timing-function: ease-in-out;
    animation-delay: 0.2s;
```

```
animation-iteration-count: infinite;
animation-direction: alternate;
animation-fill-mode: forwards;
animation-play-state: running;
}

@keyframes slide {
    0% {
        transform: translateX(0);
    }
    50% {
        transform: translateX(100px);
    }
    100% {
        transform: translateX(0);
    }
}
```

In the above example, the element will continuously slide back and forth by 100 pixels horizontally with a duration of 1 second and an ease-in-out timing function. The animation will start after a 0.2s delay and repeat infinitely.

These properties allow you to create smooth transitions and captivating animations on your web page, enhancing the user experience and making your designs more engaging.