

## Task 1: Advanced Data Structures

# Here is your task

Your task is to implement a novel data structure - your project lead is calling it a power of two max heap. The rest of your team is doing their best to come up with a better name. The requirements of the data structure are as follows:

- The heap must satisfy the heap property.
- Every parent node in the heap must have  $2^x$  children.
- The value of  $x$  must be a parameter of the heap's constructor.
- The heap must implement an insert method.
- The heap must implement a pop max method.
- The heap must be implemented in Java.
- The heap must be performant.
- You must use a more descriptive variable name than  $x$  in your implementation.

Think carefully about how you implement each method, and manage the underlying data. Performance is critical, so keep cycles and memory usage to a minimum. Be sure to test your heap with very small and very large values of  $x$ . As always, keep a weather eye out for sneaky edge cases.

```
import java.util.Arrays;

import java.util.NoSuchElementException;

public class Power2maxHeap {

    private double x;

    private int size;

    private int[] heapArray;

    // Constructor
```

```
public Power2maxHeap(double x, int capacity) {

    this.size = 0;

    heapArray = new int[capacity + 1];

    this.x = x;

    Arrays.fill(heapArray, -1);

}

private int parent(int i) {

    return (int) ((i - 1) / Math.pow(2, x));

}

public boolean isFull() {

    return size == heapArray.length;

}

public void insert(int value) {

    if (isFull()) {

        throw new NoSuchElementException("Heap is full, no space to insert new element.");

    } else {

        heapArray[size++] = value;

        heapifyUp(size - 1);

    }

}
```

```

    }

}

private void heapifyUp(int i) {

    int tmp = heapArray[i];

    while (i > 0 && tmp > heapArray[parent(i)]) {

        heapArray[i] = heapArray[parent(i)];

        i = parent(i);

    }

    heapArray[i] = tmp;

}

public int popMax() {

    int maxItem = heapArray[0];

    heapArray[0] = heapArray[size - 1];

    heapArray[size - 1] = -1;

    size--;

    int i = 0;

    while (i < size - 1) {

        heapifyUp(i);

        i++;
    }
}

```

```
    }

    return maxItem;
}

public void print() {
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        System.out.print(heapArray[i]);

        System.out.print(',');
    }

    System.out.println();
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    double x = 2; // Example value for x

    int capacity = 10; // Example capacity

    Power2maxHeap heap = new Power2maxHeap(x, capacity);

    heap.insert(5);

    heap.insert(10);

    heap.insert(3);
}
```

```
heap.print();

int maxItem = heap.popMax();

System.out.println("Max item: " + maxItem);

heap.print();

}

}
```