Database Systems Laboratory 12 STORED PROCEDURE, STORED FUNCTION & PACKAGE

STORED PROCEDURE STORED FUNCTION & PACKAGE

Chittaranjan Pradhan

Sub-Program

Stored Procedure Parameter Passing

Stored Function

Package

Chittaranjan Pradhan School of Computer Engineering, KIIT University

STORED PROCEDURE, STORED FUNCTION & PACKAGE

STORED PROCEDURE STORED FUNCTION 8 PACKAGE

Chittaranjan Pradhan

Sub-Program

Stored Procedure Parameter Passing

Stored Function

- 1 Sub-Program
- 2 Stored Procedure Parameter Passing
- 3 Stored Function
- 4 Package

Sub-Program

- A subprogram is a named PL/SQL block that can accept parameters & can be used as per requirements
- A subprogram comprises of:
 - Declarative section
 - Executable section and
 - Exceptional handling section
- Subprograms are frequently used because of its reusability & ease of writing code in PL/SQL
- Two types of subprograms:
 - Stored Procedure
 - Stored Function

Stored Procedure Parameter Passing Stored Function

Stored Procedure

STORED PROCEDURE STORED FUNCTION & PACKAGE

Chittaranjan Pradhan

Sub-Program

Stored Procedur Parameter Passing

Stored Function

Package

Stored Procedure

A procedure is a logically grouped set of SQL and PL/SQL statements that perform a specific task

Oracle stores both the source and compiled code of procedures in database. Therefore, procedures are called stored procedures

The syntax for procedural declaration is:

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE procname [(arg1, arg2)] IS constatnt/variable declaration

BEGIN

executable statements

EXCEPTION

exception handler statements

END procname;

Stored Procedure...

Write a procedure that accepts 2 numbers and print the sum

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE psum (A NUMBER,

STORED PROCEDURE STORED FUNCTION 8 PACKAGE

Chittaranjan Pradhan

Sub-Program

red Procedure

Parameter Passing
Stored Function

Package

B NUMBER) IS
C NUMBER;
BEGIN
C: = A + B;

DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE(A||'+'||B||'='||C);

Executing a procedure

END psum;

EXECUTE psum(10, 20); or

EXEC psum(10, 20);

Dropping a procedure

DROP PROCEDURE psum;

EXECUTE psum(10, 20);

STORED PROCEDURE STORED FUNCTION 8 PACKAGE

Chittaranjan Pradhan

a. IN Mode

It is the *default* mode of parameter passing. It passes a value into the program, it acts like a constant & can't be assigned a value

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE psum (A IN NUMBER, B IN NUMBER) IS

C NUMBER;

BEGIN

C: = A + B;

DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE(A||'+'||B||'='||C);

END psum;
```

Sub-Program

Stored Procedure

Parameter Passing

Stored Function

Procedures with OUT parameter can't be executed with EXECUTE statement. It must be called from other PL/SQL program

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE psum (A IN NUMBER, B IN NUMBER, C OUT NUMBER) IS BEGIN

C:=A+B;

END psum;

Sub-Program

Stored Procedure
Parameter Passing

Stored Function

STORED PROCEDURE STORED FUNCTION 8 PACKAGE

Chittaranian Pradhan

Sub-Program

Stored Procedure Parameter Passing

Stored Function

```
b. OUT Mode...
```

```
DECLARE
   A NUMBER;
   B NUMBER;
   C NUMBER;
BEGIN
   A:=&A:
   B: =\&B;
   psum(A, B, C);
   DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE(A||'+'||B||'='||C);
END;
```

STORED PROCEDURE STORED FUNCTION 8 PACKAGE

Chittaranjan Pradhan

c. IN OUT Mode

It is used to pass initial values to the subprograms when invoked & is also returns updated values to the caller

Procedures with IN OUT parameter can't be executed using EXECUTE statements

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE psum (A IN OUT NUMBER, B NUMBER) IS
BEGIN

A: = A + B:

END psum;

Sub-Program
Stored Procedure

Parameter Passing

Stored Function
Package

STORED PROCEDURE STORED FUNCTION 8 PACKAGE

Chittaranian Pradhan

Sub-Program

Stored Procedure Parameter Passing

Stored Function

```
Package
```

```
c. IN OUT Mode...
```

```
DECLARE
   A NUMBER;
   B NUMBER;
BEGIN
   A: =&A;
   B: =\&B:
   psum(A, B);
   DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Sum ='||A);
END;
```

Write a procedure which takes the empid as input and displays the details of employee as the output

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE searchemp(eid IN

Chittaranian Pradhan

Sub-Program

Stored Procedure Parameter Passing

Stored Function

```
NUMBER, nm OUT VARCHAR, sI OUT NUMBER) IS
BEGIN
  SELECT ename, sal INTO nm, sl FROM emp WHERE empid=eid;
EXCEPTION
  WHEN OTHERS THEN
     DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE(eid||'does't exist');
END searchemp;
DECLARE
  vname emp.ename%TYPE;
  vsal emp.sal%TYPE;
  veid emp.empid%TYPE;
BEGIN
  veid: =&veid;
  searchemp(veid, vname, vsal);
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE(veid||' '||vname||' '||vsal);
END;
```

Stored Function

Stored Function

These are the PL/SQL blocks that take parameters, perform some action and return a single value to the calling program

Like stored procedure, Oracle stores both the source code and compiled code in its database

The syntax for procedural declaration is:

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION funcname [(arg1, arg2)]

RETURN datatype IS

constatnt/variable declaration

BEGIN

executable statements

RETURN returnvalue

EXCEPTION

exception handler statements

RETURN returnvalue

END funcname;

STORED PROCEDURE STORED FUNCTION & PACKAGE

Chittaranjan Pradhan

Sub-Program

Stored Procedure
Parameter Passing

ea Function

STORED PROCEDURE Stored Function... STORED FUNCTION 8 PACKAGE CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION fsum(A NUMBER, Chittaranian Pradhan B NUMBER) RETURN NUMBER IS C NUMBER: Sub-Program Stored Procedure BEGIN Parameter Passing C: =A+B; RETURN C; Package END fsum; Calling a function SELECT fsum(10,15) FROM DUAL; SELECT ename, fsum(sal,1000) newsalary FROM emp;

Showing Errors

SHOW ERRORS

Dropping a procedure

DROP FUNCTION psum;

Stored Function...

STORED PROCEDURE STORED FUNCTION & PACKAGE

Chittaranjan Pradhan

Sub-Program

Stored Procedure
Parameter Passing

Package

ackage

Create a function which returns the deptname according to the inputted deptno

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION get_deptname (did NUMBER)
RETURN VARCHAR IS
vdept VARCHAR(12);

BEGIN

SELECT deptname INTO vdept FROM dept WHERE deptid=did; RETURN vdept;

END get_deptname;

Stored Function...

STORED PROCEDURE STORED FUNCTION 8 PACKAGE

Chittaranjan Pradhan

Sub-Program

Stored Procedure
Parameter Passing

red Functio

Package

```
displays the deptid and dept name
DECLARE
  vdid emp.deptno%TYPE;
  vdeptname VARCHAR(12);
  veid emp.empid%TYPE;
BEGIN
  veid: =&veid:
  SELECT deptno INTO vdid FROM emp WHERE empid=veid;
  vdeptname: =get deptname(vdid);
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE(veid||' '||vdeptname);
EXCEPTION
  WHEN OTHERS THEN
     DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE (veid||'not found);
END;
```

Write the PL/SQL block which takes the empid as input and

Package

Package

A package is a collection of stored procedures, functions, cursors and exceptions. A package is compiled and stored in database as an object

Packages enable to perform overloading of functions and procedures

Components of Packages

- Package Specification: contains the list of various functions/ procedure names which will be a part of the package
- Package Body: contains the actual code implementing the logics of functions and procedures declared in the specification

Package Specification

It contains information about the package elements such as definitions of functions & procedures, declarations of variables

CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE packname AS

Declarations

BEGIN

Executable statements

END packname;

Package Body

It contains actual programming code for the modules described in the specification section

CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY packname AS
Declaration
BEGIN

Executable statements

END packname;

STORED PROCEDURE STORED FUNCTION 8 PACKAGE

Chittaranjan Pradhan

Sub-Program

Stored Procedure Parameter Passing

Stored Function

ckage

Create a package calculator which contains different functions and procedures for the different operations

Chittaranian Pradhan

Sub-Program

Stored Procedure Parameter Passing

FUNCTION fsum(A NUMBER, B NUMBER) RETURN NUMBER; Stored Function FUNCTION fminus(A NUMBER, B NUMBER) RETURN NUMBER

FUNCTION fmult(A NUMBER, B NUMBER) RETURN NUMBER; FUNCTION fdivide(A NUMBER, B NUMBER) RETURN NUMBER;

PROCEDURE psum(A NUMBER, B NUMBER);

PROCEDURE pminus(A NUMBER, B NUMBER);

CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE calculator AS

END calculator:

CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY calculator AS FUNCTION fsum(A NUMBER, B NUMBER) RETURN NUMBER IS C NUMBER:

BEGIN

C: =A+B:

RETURN C:

END fsum:

STORED PROCEDURE STORED FUNCTION 8 PACKAGE

Chittaranian Pradhan

Sub-Program

FUNCTION fminus(A NUMBER, B NUMBER) RETURN NUMBER C NUMBER:

Stored Function

BEGIN

C: =A-B;RETURN C;

END fminus;

FUNCTION fmult(A NUMBER, B NUMBER) RETURN NUMBER IS C NUMBER:

BEGIN

C: =A*B;

RETURN C:

END fmult;

```
Package...
```

STORED PROCEDURE STORED FUNCTION 8 PACKAGE

Chittaranjan Pradhan

Sub-Program

Stored Procedure Parameter Passing

Stored Function

```
FUNCTION fdivide(A NUMBER, B NUMBER) RETURN NUMBER IS.
C NUMBER;
BEGIN
IF B<>0 THEN
C: =A/B;
ELSE
C: =-1;
END IF;
RETURN C;
END fdivide;
```

```
PROCEDURE psum(A NUMBER, B NUMBER) IS
  C NUMBER:
BEGIN
  C: =A+B:
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE(A||'+'||B||'='||C);
END Psum:
PROCEDURE pminus(A NUMBER, B NUMBER) IS
  C NUMBER:
BEGIN
  C: =A-B;
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE(A||'-'||B||'=||C);
END Pminus:
END calculator:
```

STORED PROCEDURE STORED FUNCTION 8 PACKAGE

Chittaranjan Pradhan

Sub-Program

Stored Procedure Parameter Passing Stored Function

ackage

Executing Package Functions & Procedures

EXECUTE calculator.psum(10, 20);

SELECT calculator.fsum(10, 20) FROM DUAL;

SELECT empid, calculator.fmultiply(sal, 2) FROM emp;