

Priyan Fadhil Supriyadi

1. Insert

1. Insert 5 operators pada table operators.

```
MariaDB [(none)]> USE alterra
Database changed
MariaDB [alterra]> INSERT INTO operators(id, name) VALUES
  -> (1, "Telkomsel"),
  -> (2, "By-U"),
  -> (3, "Indosat"),
  -> (4, "XL"),
  -> (5, "Axis");
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.010 sec)
Records: 5 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

2. Insert 3 product type.

```
MariaDB [alterra]> INSERT INTO product_types(id, name) VALUES
  -> (1, "Paket Data"),
  -> (2, "Pulsa"),
  -> (3, "Voucher Game");
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.002 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

3. Insert 2 product dengan product type id = 1, dan operators id = 3.
4. Insert 3 product dengan product type id = 2, dan operators id = 1.
5. Insert 3 product dengan product type id = 3, dan operators id = 4.

```
MariaDB [alterra]> INSERT INTO products(id, product_type_id, operator_id, code, name, status) VALUES
  -> (1, 1, 3, "113", "Paket Data Indosat Seminggu", 1),
  -> (2, 1, 3, "213", "Paket Data Indosat Sebulan", 1),
  -> (3, 2, 1, "221", "Pulsa Telkomsel Combo Sakti", 1),
  -> (4, 2, 1, "421", "Pulsa Telkomsel Loop", 1),
  -> (5, 2, 1, "521", "Pulsa Telkomsel Darurat", 1),
  -> (6, 3, 4, "634", "Voucher Game XL Mobile Legend", 1),
  -> (7, 3, 4, "734", "Voucher Game XL Free Fire", 1),
  -> (8, 3, 4, "834", "Voucher Game XL PUBG", 1);
Query OK, 8 rows affected (0.010 sec)
Records: 8 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

6. Insert product description pada setiap product.

```
MariaDB [alterra]> INSERT INTO product_descriptions(id, description) VALUES
  -> (1, "description 1"),
  -> (2, "description 2"),
  -> (3, "description 3"),
  -> (4, "description 4"),
  -> (5, "description 5"),
  -> (6, "description 6"),
  -> (7, "description 7"),
  -> (8, "description 8");
Query OK, 8 rows affected (0.003 sec)
Records: 8 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

7. Insert 3 payment methods.

```
MariaDB [alterra]> INSERT INTO payment_methods(id, name, status) VALUES
  -> (1, "E-Wallet", 1),
  -> (2, "ATM", 1),
  -> (3, "Indomaret", 1);
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.010 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

8. Insert 5 user pada tabel user.

```
MariaDB [alterra]> INSERT INTO users(id, status, dob, gender) VALUES
-> (1, 1, '2001-05-01', 'M'),
-> (2, 2, '2002-05-02', 'M'),
-> (3, 3, '2001-04-03', 'F'),
-> (4, 4, '2002-02-04', 'F'),
-> (5, 5, '2002-09-05', 'F');
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.010 sec)
Records: 5 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

9. Insert 3 transaksi di masing-masing user. (soal berlanjut ke soal 1.j)

```
MariaDB [alterra]> INSERT INTO transactions(id, user_id, payment_method_id, total_price, total_qty, status)
VALUES
-> (1, 1, 1, 6000, 3, 1),
-> (2, 1, 1, 6000, 3, 1),
-> (3, 1, 1, 6000, 3, 1),
-> (4, 2, 2, 6000, 3, 1),
-> (5, 2, 2, 6000, 3, 1),
-> (6, 2, 2, 6000, 3, 1),
-> (7, 3, 3, 6000, 3, 1),
-> (8, 3, 3, 6000, 3, 1),
-> (9, 3, 3, 6000, 3, 1),
-> (10, 4, 1, 6000, 3, 1),
-> (11, 4, 1, 6000, 3, 1),
-> (12, 4, 1, 6000, 3, 1),
-> (13, 5, 1, 6000, 3, 1),
-> (14, 5, 1, 6000, 3, 1),
-> (15, 5, 1, 6000, 3, 1);
Query OK, 15 rows affected (0.007 sec)
Records: 15 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

10. Insert 3 product di masing-masing transaksi.

```
MariaDB [alterra]> INSERT INTO `alterra`.`transaction_details` (`transaction_id`,
`product_id`, `status`, `qty`, `price`) VALUES
-> ('1', '1', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('1', '2', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('1', '3', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('2', '4', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('2', '5', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('2', '6', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('3', '6', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('3', '7', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('3', '8', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('4', '6', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('4', '5', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('4', '4', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('5', '6', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('5', '4', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('5', '7', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('6', '3', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('6', '2', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('6', '7', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('7', '4', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('7', '8', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('7', '2', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('8', '1', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('8', '4', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('8', '7', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('9', '3', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('9', '8', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('9', '4', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('10', '3', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('10', '5', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('10', '8', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('11', '8', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('11', '4', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('11', '2', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('12', '2', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('12', '4', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('12', '5', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('13', '7', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('13', '5', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('13', '8', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('14', '3', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('14', '7', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('14', '2', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('15', '4', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('15', '6', '1', '1', '2000'),
-> ('15', '7', '1', '1', '2000');
Query OK, 45 rows affected (0.009 sec)
Records: 45 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

2. Select

1. Tampilkan nama user / pelanggan dengan gender Laki-laki / M.

* Karena pada arsitektur entitas user tidak memiliki kolom name maka saya akan menggantinya dengan kolom status, sehingga :

```
MariaDB [alterra]> SELECT status FROM users WHERE gender='M';
+-----+
| status |
+-----+
|      1 |
|      2 |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

2. Tampilkan product dengan id = 3.

```
MariaDB [alterra]> SELECT * FROM products WHERE id=3;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | product_type_id | operator_id | code | name | status | created_at | updated_at |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 3 | 2 | 1 | 221 | Pulsa Telkomsel Combo Sakti | 1 | 2022-03-16 01:45:16 | 2022-03-16 01:45:16 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

3. Tampilkan data pelanggan yang created_at dalam range 7 hari kebelakang dan mempunyai nama mengandung kata 'a'.

* Karena pada arsitektur entitas user tidak memiliki kolom name maka saya akan menggantinya dengan kolom dob mengandung '001', sehingga :

```
MariaDB [alterra]> SELECT * FROM users WHERE
-> date(created_at) >= CURDATE() - interval 7 day AND
-> dob LIKE '%001%';
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | status | dob | gender | created_at | updated_at |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | 1 | 2001-05-01 | M | 2022-03-16 01:52:49 | 2022-03-16 01:52:49 |
| 3 | 3 | 2001-04-03 | F | 2022-03-16 01:52:49 | 2022-03-16 01:52:49 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.004 sec)

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

4. Hitung jumlah user / pelanggan dengan status gender Perempuan.

```
MariaDB [alterra]> SELECT COUNT(gender) jumlah_perempuan FROM users WHERE
-> gender = 'F';
+-----+
| jumlah_perempuan |
+-----+
| 3 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

5. Tampilkan data pelanggan dengan urutan sesuai nama abjad
 * Karena pada arsitektur entitas user tidak memiliki kolom name maka saya akan menggantinya dengan kolom status, sehingga :

```
MariaDB [alterra]> SELECT * FROM users
-> ORDER BY status
-> ;
```

id	status	dob	gender	created_at	updated_at
1	1	2001-05-01	M	2022-03-16 01:52:49	2022-03-16 01:52:49
2	2	2002-05-02	M	2022-03-16 01:52:49	2022-03-16 01:52:49
3	3	2001-04-03	F	2022-03-16 01:52:49	2022-03-16 01:52:49
4	4	2002-02-04	F	2022-03-16 01:52:49	2022-03-16 01:52:49
5	5	2002-09-05	F	2022-03-16 01:52:49	2022-03-16 01:52:49

```
5 rows in set (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

6. Tampilkan 5 data pada data product

```
MariaDB [alterra]> SELECT * FROM products LIMIT 5;
```

id	product_type_id	operator_id	code	name	status	created_at	updated_at
1	1	3	113	Paket Data Indosat Seminggu	1	2022-03-16 01:45:16	2022-03-16 01:45:16
2	1	3	213	Paket Data Indosat Sebulan	1	2022-03-16 01:45:16	2022-03-16 01:45:16
3	2	1	221	Pulsa Telkomsel Combo Sakti	1	2022-03-16 01:45:16	2022-03-16 01:45:16
4	2	1	421	Pulsa Telkomsel Loop	1	2022-03-16 01:45:16	2022-03-16 01:45:16
5	2	1	521	Pulsa Telkomsel Darurat	1	2022-03-16 01:45:16	2022-03-16 01:45:16

```
5 rows in set (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

3. Update

1. Ubah data product id 1 dengan nama '*product dummy*'.

```
MariaDB [alterra]> UPDATE products
-> SET name = 'product dummy'
-> WHERE id = 1;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.005 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

2. Update qty = 3 pada transaction detail dengan product id 1.

```
MariaDB [alterra]> UPDATE transaction_details
-> SET qty = 3
-> WHERE product_id = 1;
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.004 sec)
Rows matched: 2 Changed: 2 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

4. Delete

1. Delete data pada tabel product dengan id 1.
 DELETE FROM products where id=1;
2. Delete pada pada tabel product dengan product type id 1.
 DELETE FROM products where product_type_id=1;

1. Gabungkan data transaksi dari user id 1 dan user id 2.

```
MariaDB [alterra]> SELECT * FROM transactions WHERE user_id = 1 or user_id = 2;
```

id	user_id	payment_method_id	status	total_qty	total_price	created_at	updated_at
1	1		1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28
2	1		1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28
3	1		1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28
4	2		2	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28
5	2		2	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28
6	2		2	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28

```
6 rows in set (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

2. Tampilkan jumlah harga transaksi user id 1.

```
MariaDB [alterra]> SELECT SUM(total_price) FROM transactions WHERE user_id = 1;
```

SUM(total_price)
18000.00

```
1 row in set (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

3. Tampilkan total transaksi dengan product type 2.

```
MariaDB [alterra]> SELECT COUNT(user_id) FROM transactions t
-> INNER JOIN transaction_details d ON t.id = d.transaction_id
-> INNER JOIN products p ON d.product_id = p.id
-> WHERE product_type_id = 2
-> ;
```

COUNT(user_id)
19

```
1 row in set (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

4. Tampilkan semua field table product dan field name table product type yang saling berhubungan.

```
MariaDB [alterra]> SELECT p.*, pt.name FROM products as p
-> INNER JOIN product_types as pt
-> ON p.id=pt.id;
```

id	product_type_id	operator_id	code	name	status	created_at	updated_at	name
1	1	3	113	product dummy	1	2022-03-16 01:45:16	2022-03-16 01:45:16	Paket Data
2	1	3	213	Paket Data Indosat Sebulan	1	2022-03-16 01:45:16	2022-03-16 01:45:16	Pulsa
3	2	1	221	Pulsa Telkomsel Combo Sakti	1	2022-03-16 01:45:16	2022-03-16 01:45:16	Voucher Game

```
3 rows in set (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [alterra]>
```

5. Tampilkan semua field table transaction, field name table product dan field name table user.
* Karena pada arsitektur entitas user tidak memiliki kolom name maka saya akan menggantinya dengan kolom status, sehingga :

```

MariaDB [alterna]> SELECT t.*, p.name, u.status FROM products as p
-> INNER JOIN transaction_details as td
-> ON td.product_id=p.id
-> INNER JOIN transactions as t
-> ON t.id = td.transaction_id
-> INNER JOIN users as u
-> ON u.id = t.user_id;

```

	id	user_id	payment_method_id	status	total_qty	total_price	created_at	updated_at	name	status
1	1	1	1	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	product dummy	1
1	1	1	1	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Paket Data Indosat Sebulan	1
1	1	1	1	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Combo Sakti	1
2	1	1	1	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Loop	1
2	1	1	1	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Darurat	1
2	1	1	1	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL Mobile Legend	1
3	1	1	1	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL Mobile Legend	1
3	1	1	1	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL Free Fire	1
3	1	1	1	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL PUBG	1
4	2	2	2	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL Mobile Legend	2
4	2	2	2	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Darurat	2
4	2	2	2	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Loop	2
5	2	2	2	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL Mobile Legend	2
5	2	2	2	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL Free Fire	2
6	2	2	2	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Combo Sakti	2
6	2	2	2	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Paket Data Indosat Sebulan	2
6	2	2	2	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL Free Fire	2
7	3	3	3	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Loop	3
7	3	3	3	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL PUBG	3
7	3	3	3	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Paket Data Indosat Sebulan	3
8	3	3	3	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	product dummy	3
8	3	3	3	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Loop	3
8	3	3	3	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL Free Fire	3
9	3	3	3	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Combo Sakti	3
9	3	3	3	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL PUBG	3
9	3	3	3	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Loop	3
10	4	4	4	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Combo Sakti	4
10	4	4	4	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Darurat	4
10	4	4	4	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL PUBG	4
11	4	4	4	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL PUBG	4
11	4	4	4	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Loop	4
11	4	4	4	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Paket Data Indosat Sebulan	4
12	4	4	4	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Paket Data Indosat Sebulan	4
12	4	4	4	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Loop	4
12	4	4	4	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Darurat	4
13	5	5	5	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL Free Fire	5
13	5	5	5	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Darurat	5
13	5	5	5	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL PUBG	5
14	5	5	5	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Combo Sakti	5
14	5	5	5	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL Free Fire	5
14	5	5	5	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Paket Data Indosat Sebulan	5
15	5	5	5	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Pulsa Telkomsel Loop	5
15	5	5	5	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL Mobile Legend	5
15	5	5	5	1	3	6000.00	2022-03-16 01:57:28	2022-03-16 01:57:28	Voucher Game XL Free Fire	5

```

45 rows in set (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [alterna]>

```

6. Buat function setelah data transaksi dihapus maka transaction detail terhapus juga dengan transaction id yang dimaksud.

```

DELIMITER $$
CREATE TRIGGER delete_transactions
AFTER DELETE ON transactions FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
DECLARE v_transaction_id INT;
SET v_transaction_id=OLD.id;
DELETE FROM transactoin_details WHERE transaction_id = v_transaction_id;
END$$
DELIMITER ;

```

7. Buat function setelah data transaksi detail dihapus maka data total_qty terupdate berdasarkan qty data transaction id yang dihapus.

```

DELIMITER $$
CREATE TRIGGER delete_transaction_details
AFTER DELETE ON transaction_details FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
DECLARE v_total_qty INT;
DECLARE v_id INT;
SET v_id = OLD.transaction_id;
SELECT SUM(qty) INTO v_total_qty FROM transactoin_details WHERE transaction_id = v_id;

```

```
UPDATE transactions
SET total_qty = v_total_qty
WHERE transactions.id = v_id;
END$$
DELIMITER ;
```

8. Tampilkan data products yang tidak pernah ada di tabel transaction_details dengan sub-query.

```
MariaDB [alterra]> SELECT * FROM products WHERE id NOT IN(SELECT product_id FROM transaction_details);
Empty set (0.002 sec)

MariaDB [alterra]>
```