### **SIKSHA 'O' ANUSANDHAN**

#### **DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY**

Admission Batch: 2022 Session:23-24

# Laboratory Record Algorithms Design 1 (CSE 3131)

#### Submitted by

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```
// Question-1:
//sum of n numbers in an array using an iterative approach:
package AD1.Assignment1 2241019588;
import java.util.*;
public class Question1
{
     public static void main(String[] args)
          Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
          System.out.println("Enter the size of the array");
          int n=obj.nextInt();
          int[] arr=new int [n];//Creating an array of nsize
          System.out.println("enter the numbers in the array");
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                arr[i]=obj.nextInt(); //taking all input in the array
          int sum = 0;
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                sum += arr[i];//Calculating the sum in the array
          System.out.println("The sum of the numbers is: "+ sum);
          // Print the result
/*Pseudocode :
 * Make an array of size n
 * Take Input in the array
 * initialize sum=0
 * for i=0 to n-1 do
 *
             sum=sum+arr[i]
             i=i+1
   print sum as result
   OUTPUT:

    Run: Question1 + ∨ [
  PROBLEMS 1 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
  PS D:\3rd SEM> & 'C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-18.0.2.1\bin\java.exe' '-XX:+ShowCodeDetailsInExceptionMessages' '-cp' 'C:\Users\HP\AppData\Roaming\Code\User\worksp
  3ee54d5079d538465f2bcba8626bf\redhat.java\jdt ws\3rd SEM df51aea7\bin' 'AD1.Assignment1 2241019588.Question1'
  Enter the size of the array
  enter the numbers in the array
  The sum of the numbers is: 40
  PS D:\3rd SEM>
 0 🖒 Share Code Link Search Terminal Output
                                                         Ln 24, Col 27 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} Java @ Go Live Blackbo
```

```
//Ouestion-2:
//Find maximum and minimum in an array using an iterative approach:
package AD1.Assignment1 2241019588;
import java.util. *;
public class Question2
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the size of the array");
        int n=obj.nextInt();
        int[] arr=new int [n];//Creating an array of n size
        System.out.println("enter the numbers in the array");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
            arr[i]=obj.nextInt(); //taking all input in the array
        // Initialize variables to hold the maximum and minimum values
        int max = Integer.MIN VALUE;
        int min = Integer.MAX VALUE;
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
            if (arr[i] > max)
                max = arr[i]; // Update the maximum value
            if (arr[i] < min)</pre>
                min = arr[i]; // Update the minimum value
        // Print the maximum and minimum values
              System.out.println("In the array Maximum value: " + max+"and
      Minimum value: " + min);
    }
}
       * pseudocode :
       * Make an array of size n
       * Take Input in the array
       * for i = 1 to n - 1 do
           Check if the current element is greater than the current maximum
          if arr[i] > max
          then
              max = arr[i] //Update the maximum value
          Check if the current element is less than the current minimum
          if numbers[i] < min then</pre>
              min = numbers[i] // Update the minimum value
          end if
      end for
      Print the maximum and minimum values
       */
```

```
OUTPUT:
  PROBLEMS 2
                                                                             OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               PORTS SEARCH TERMINAL OUTPUT GITLENS COMMENTS
  Roaming \verb|Code| User| workspaceStorage| cf53ee54d5079d538465f2bcba8626bf| redhat.java| jdt_ws| 3rd_sEM_df51aescare for the standard of the s
  Ouestion2
  Enter the size of the array
  enter the numbers in the array
  16
  10
  12
  In the array Maximum value: 16
  and Minimum value: 8
  PS D:\3rd SEM>
  Share Code Link Search Terminal Output
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Ln 27, Col 69 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF
```

```
// Question-3:
//Rotating array By k position using an iterative approach:
package AD1.Assignment1 2241019588;
import java.util.*;
public class Question3
   public static void main(String[] args)
        Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the size of the array");
        int n=obj.nextInt();
        int[] arr=new int [n];//Creating an array of n size
        System.out.println("enter the numbers in the array");
        for (int i = 0; i <n; i++)</pre>
            arr[i]=obj.nextInt(); //taking all input in the array
        System.out.println("Enter k :");
        int k=obj.nextInt();
        k=k%n;
        for(int i=1;i<=k;i++)</pre>
            int temp=arr[0];
            for(int j=0;j<n-1;j++)</pre>
                arr[j]=arr[j+1];
            arr[n-1]=temp;
        System.out.println("The Rotated array is : ");
        for (int i = 0; i <n; i++)</pre>
            System.out.println(arr[i]+" ");
    }
}
```

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```
* Pseudocode :
 * Make an arrray of size n
 * Take Input in the array
 * Take value of k
 * use k%n and assign to k
 * for i = 1 to k do
   assign temp=arr[0]
   for j = 1 to n-1 do
   then shift all element by left one position
    assign temp to the last element of the array
    end for
    print the rotated array */
OUTPUT
   PROBLEMS 16 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE
                               TERMINAL
                                      PORTS
                                           SEARCH TERMINAL OUTPUT GITLENS
                                                                   COMMENTS
   Enter the size of the array
   enter the numbers in the array
   Enter k :
   The Rotated array is :
   3 4 5 1 2
   PS D:\3rd SEM>
// Question-4:
//Finding the largest sum contiguous subarray using an iterative approach:
package AD1.Assignment1 2241019588;
import java.util.*;
public class Question4
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the size of the array");
        int n=obj.nextInt();
        int[] arr=new int [n];//Creating an array of n size
        System.out.println("enter the numbers in the array");
        for (int i = 0; i <n; i++)
             arr[i]=obj.nextInt(); //taking all input in the array
        // Initialize variables to hold the maximum sum value
        int maxSum = Integer.MIN VALUE;
        int currSum = arr[0];
        for (int i = 0; i <= n - 1; i++)
            currSum=Math.max(arr[i], currSum+arr[i]);
            if (currSum > maxSum)
                 maxSum = currSum;
        System.out.println("The maximum sum is "+maxSum);
    }
}
```

```
/* pseudocode :
 * Make an arrray of size n
 * Take Input in the array
 * Maxsum=arr[0] (Initialize MaxSum to the first element)
 * currentSum = arr[0] (Initialize currentSum to the first element)
 * for i = 1 to n-1 do
        Choose the maximum between the current element and the sum of the
current element and currentSum
        currentSum = max(arr[i], currentSum + arr[i])
        Update maxSum if the currentSum is greater
        if (currSum > maxSum)
                maxSum = currSum;
    Print maxSum
*/
OUTPUT:
     PROBLEMS (16) OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE
                                           TERMINAL PORTS
                                                              SEARCH TERMINA
     Users\HP\AppData\Roaming\Code\User\workspaceStorage\cf53ee54d5079d53
     \bin' 'AD1.Assignment1_2241019588.Question4'
     Enter the size of the array
     enter the numbers in the array
     -5 -4 5 -1 -2 2 5 -3
     The maximum sum is 9
     PS D:\3rd SEM>
 // Question-5:
 //Smallest positive missing number in an array using an iterative approach:
 package AD1.Assignment1 2241019588;
 import java.util.*;
 public class Question5
     public static void main(String[] args)
         Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
         System.out.println("Enter the size of the array");
         int n=obj.nextInt();
         int[] arr=new int [n];//Creating an array of n size
         System.out.println("enter the numbers in the array");
         for (int i = 0; i <n; i++)</pre>
             arr[i]=obj.nextInt(); //taking all input in the array]
         boolean found;
```

```
for (int i = 1;; i++)
        {
            found = false;
            for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
                if (arr[j] == i)
                found = true;
                break;
                }
            if (found==false)
                System.out.println("Missing smallest positive number
                iS"+i);
                break;
                }
        }
    }
}
/* Pseudocode :
 * Make an arrray of size n
 * Take Input in the array
 * initialize found as a boolean
 * for i = 1 do
        for j=0 to j<n do
          search for i in tha array
 * if found then j++
 * if not found then print i as smallest positive missing number
OUTPUT:
  PROBLEMS 16 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE
                                          TERMINAL
                                                     PORTS
                                                              SEAR(
  Enter the size of the array
  enter the numbers in the array
  1
  2
  3
  4
  Missing smallest positive number is 5
  PS D:\3rd SEM>
```

```
// Question-6:
//Sort the array in maximum minimum... in an array using an iterative
package AD1.Assignment1 2241019588;
 import java.util.*;
public class Question6
 {
     public static void main(String[] args)
         Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
         System.out.println("Enter the size of the array");
         int n=obj.nextInt();
         int[] arr=new int [n];//Creating an array of n size
         System.out.println("enter the numbers in the array");
         for (int i = 0; i <n; i++)
             arr[i]=obj.nextInt(); //taking all input in the array
         for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++)</pre>
             for (int j = i + 1; j < arr.length; j++)</pre>
             {
                  int temp = 0;
                 if (arr[i] > arr[j])
                      temp = arr[i];
                      arr[i] = arr[j];
                      arr[j] = temp;
                  }
             int temp[] =new int[n];
         for (int i = 0, j=0, k=n-1; i < n; i++)
         {
             if(i%2==0){
                 temp[i]=arr[k];
                 k--;
             }
             else
                 temp[i]=arr[j];
                 j++;
         System.out.println("new max min sort array is :");
         for (int i = 0; i <n; i++)</pre>
             System.out.println(temp[i]+ " ");
     }
 }
```

```
* Pseudocode:
 * Make an arrray of size n
 * Take Input in the array
 * Sort the array
 * make a temp array of n size
 * for i=0, j=0, k=n-1 to i < n-1 do
 * if(i%2==0)
         temp[i]=arr[k]
           k--
  else
         temp[i]=arr[j]
         j++
 * end for
 * print the array
OUTPUT
 PROBLEMS 16
            OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS SEARCH TERMINAL OUTPUT GITLENS
 Question6'
 Enter the size of the array
 enter the numbers in the array
 2
 3
 4
 new max min sort array is :
 6 1 5 2 4 3
 PS D:\3rd SEM>
```

```
// Question-7:
//Factorial of a number by using an iterative approach:
package AD1.Assignment1 2241019588;
import java.util.*;
public class Question7
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
        Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the number");
        int n=obj.nextInt();
        int fact=1;
        while(n>0)
            fact*=n;
            n--;
        System.out.println("The factorial is "+fact);
    }
}
/*
 * Pseudocode:
 * enter a nonnegative number n
 * initialize fact as 1
 * while n>0 do
        fact=fact*n;
        n=n-1;
 * end while
 * print fact as result
OUTPUT:
  Question7'
  Enter the number
  The factorial is 120
```

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```
// Question-8:
//nth Fiboacci number by using an iterative approach:
package AD1.Assignment1_2241019588;
import java.util.*;
public class Question8
    public static void main(String[] args)
        Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the n : ");
        int n=obj.nextInt();
        int a=0,b=1,sum=1;
        for(int i=2;i<n;i++)</pre>
            sum=a+b;
            a=b;
            b=sum;
        System.out.println("The "+n+"th fibonacci number is "+sum);
    }
}
/*
 * Pseudocode :
 * enter a nonnegative number n
 * initialize a=0,b=1,sum=1
 * for i=2 to n-1 do
        sum=a+b
            a=b
            b=sum
 * end for
 * print that sum
OUTPUT:
Enter the n :
 10
The 10th fibonacci number is 34
```

```
// Question-1:
//sum of n numbers in an array using recursion:
package AD1.Assignment2 2241019588;
import java.util.*;
public class Question1
   public static void main(String[] args)
       Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.println("Enter the size of the array");
       int n=obj.nextInt();
       int[] arr=new int [n];//Creating an array of n size
       System.out.println("enter the numbers in the array");
       for (int i = 0; i <n; i++)</pre>
            arr[i]=obj.nextInt();
       System.out.println("The sum is "+Sum(arr,n));
   public static int Sum(int[] arr,int n)
       if(n<=0)
            return 0;
       return (Sum(arr,n-1)+arr[n-1]);
   }
}
/*pseudocode :
* Make an arrray of size n
* Take Input in the array
* make a function sum()
* if n<=0
       rerturn 0
       return (sum(arr,n-1)+arr[n-1]);
* print sum() as result
*/
OUTPUT:
   'AD1.Assignment2_2241019588.Question1'
Enter the size of the array
enter the numbers in the array
3
4
6
8
9
The sum is 30
```

```
// Question-2:
//.Finding maximum and minimum in an arrayin an array using recursion:
package AD1.Assignment2 2241019588;
import java.util.*;
public class Question2
    public static void main(String[] args)
        Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the size of the array");
        int n=obj.nextInt();
        int[] arr=new int [n];//Creating an array of n size
        System.out.println("enter the numbers in the array");
        for (int i = 0; i <n; i++)</pre>
            arr[i]=obj.nextInt();
        System.out.println("The Minimun is "+Min(arr,n));
        System.out.println("The Max is "+Max(arr,n));
    public static int Min(int[] a,int n)
        if(n == 1)
            return a[0];
        return Math.min(a[n-1], Min(a, n-1));
    }
    public static int Max(int[] a,int n)
        if(n == 1)
            return a[0];
        return Math.max(a[n-1],Max(a, n-1));
    }
}
/*pseudocode :
* Make an arrray of size n
* Take Input in the array
* make a function Min() to find the minimum
       if(n == 1)
            return a[0];
        return Math.min(a[n-1], Min(a, n-1));
* make a function Max() to find the maximum
        if(n == 1)
            return a[0];
        return Math.max(a[n-1],Max(a, n-1));
* print Min() and Max()as result
 */
```

```
OUTPUT:

' 'AD1.Assignment2_2241019588.Question2'
Enter the size of the array
5
enter the numbers in the array
14
12
16
8
11
The Minimun is 8
The Max is 16
PS D:\3rd SEM\AD1\Assignment2_2241019588>
```

```
// Question-3:
//Factorial of a number using recursion:
package AD1.Assignment2 2241019588;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Question3
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the number");
        int n=obj.nextInt();
        System.out.println("The factorial is : "+Fact(n));
    }
    public static int Fact(int x)
        if(x == 0)
            return 1;
        return x*Fact(x-1);
    }
}
/*Pseudocode :
* enter a nonnegative number n
* Create a Fucntion Fact
     if(x == 0)
            return 1;
        return x*Fact(x-1);
* print fact() as result
 */
OUTPUT:
  Enter the number
  The factorial is : 120
```

```
// Question-4:
 //Generating nth Fibonacci number using recursion:
 package AD1.Assignment2_2241019588;
 import java.util.*;
 public class Question4
     public static void main(String[] args) {
         Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
         System.out.println("Enter the n");
         int n=obj.nextInt();
         System.out.println("The nth fibbonacci number is : "
 +Fibo(n));
     public static int Fibo(int x)
         if(x == 0)
             return 0;
         if(x == 1)
             return 1;
         return Fibo(x-1)+Fibo(x-2);
     }
 }
 /*Pseudocode :
 * enter a nonnegative number n
 * Create a Fucntion Fibo()
     if(x == 0)
             return 0
     if(x == 1)
             return 1
     return Fibo(x-1)+Fibo(x-2)
 */
OUTPUT:
  Enter the n
  10
  The 10th fibbonacci number is: 55
```

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```
// Question-5:
 //Finding GCD between two numbers using recursion :
 package AD1.Assignment2 2241019588;
 import java.util.*;
 public class Question5
     public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter two number");
        int a=obj.nextInt();
        int b=obj.nextInt();
        System.out.println("The GCD of "+a+" and "+b+" is:
 "+findGCD(a,b));
    public static int findGCD(int x,int y)
        if(y==0)
            return x;
        return (findGCD(y, x%y));
     }
 }
 /*Pseudocode :
 * enter a nonnegative number n
 * Create a Fucntion FindGCD()
    if(y==0)
            return x
        return (findGCD(y, x%y))
 *print findGCD()
 */
OUTPUT:
  Enter two number
  7
  49
  The GCD of 7 and 49 is : 7
```

```
// Question-6:
 //Conversion from decimal to hexadecimal numbers using recursion:
 package AD1.Assignment2 2241019588;
 import java.util.*;
 public class Question6
      static char[] hexChar = {'0', '1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7',
      '8', '9', 'A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E', 'F'};
     static String strHex = "";
     public static void main(String[] args)
     {
         Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
         System.out.println("Enter the Decimal number");
         int d=obj.nextInt();
         String hex=DectoHex(d);
         System.out.println("The Hexadecimal number is "+hex);
     public static String DectoHex(int dec)
     {
         if(dec == 0)
             return strHex;
             int num = dec % 16;
             strHex = hexChar[num] + strHex;
             dec = dec / 16;
             DectoHex(dec);
         return strHex;
     }
 }
 /*Pseudocode :
 * enter a nonnegative number n
 * create a static char array
 * create a static string strHex
 * Create a Fucntion DectoHex()
     if(dec == 0)
        return strHex
        int num = dec \% 16
        strHex = hexChar[num] + strHex
        dec = dec / 16
        DectoHex(dec)
     return strHex
 *print strHex
 */
OUTPUT:
 Enter the Decimal number
 170
 The Hexadecimal number is AA
```

```
// Question-7 :
 //Computing nth power of a number using recursion:
 package AD1.Assignment2 2241019588;
 import java.util.*;
 public class Question7
     public static void main(String[] args) {
         Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
         System.out.println("Enter the number");
         int n=obj.nextInt();
         System.out.println("Enter the power");
         int p=obj.nextInt();
         System.out.println(n+" power of "+p+" is : "+findPower(n,p));
     public static int findPower(int n,int p)
         if(p==0)
             return 1;
         return n*(findPower(n, p-1));
     }
 }
 /*Pseudocode :
 * enter a nonnegative number n
 * enter the power
 * Create a Fucntion findPower()
     if(p==0)
             return 1
         return n*(findPower(n, p-1))
 *print findPower()
 */
OUTPUT:
  Enter the number
  Enter the power
  5 power of 2 is : 25
  PS D:\3rd SEM\AD1\Assignment2 2241019588>
```

```
// Question-8:
 //Smallest positive missing number in an array using recursion :
 package AD1.Assignment2_2241019588;
 import java.util.Scanner;
 public class Question8
     public static void main(String[] args)
     {
         Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
         System.out.println("Enter the size of the array");
         int n=obj.nextInt();
         int[] arr=new int [n];//Creating an array of n size
         System.out.println("enter the numbers in the array");
         for (int i = 0; i <n; i++)</pre>
             arr[i]=obj.nextInt();
         System.out.println("The Smallest missing positive no. is
 "+Missing(arr,1));
     public static int Missing(int[] a,int x)
         if(!search(a,0,a.length-1,x))
             return x;
         if(x==a.length)
             return x+1;
         return Missing(a, x+1);
      public static boolean search(int[] arr,int l,int r,int x)
         if(r < 1)
             return false;
         if (arr[1] == x)
             return true;
         if (arr[r] == x)
             return true;
         return search(arr,l+1,r-1,x);
      }
 /* * pseudocode :
  * Make an arrray of size n
  * Take Input in the array
  * search from 1 in the array in a Missing function
         make a boolean search() for searching the number in the array
  */
OUTPUT:
   Enter the size of the array
   enter the numbers in the array
   4
   5
   The Smallest missing positive no. is 3
   PS D:\3rd SEM\AD1\Assignment2_2241019588>
```