THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT DALLAS INTELLIGENCE ANALYTICS CHALLENGE 5.0

USE CASE DEVELOPMENT TOPIC: UNICEF'S FLAGSHIP PUBLICATION AFFECTING CHILDREN DIMENSIONAL MODELLING USING TABLEAU CODE GEEKS

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<u>The background:</u> We explained our hypothesis in detail using graphical representation, with major indicators that affects the mortality rate of children under 5.

Indicators:

- 1) 'urbanized population %'
- 2) 'total adult literacy rate %'
- 3) 'crude birth rate'
- 4) 'minimum acceptable diet 6-23 months'
- **5)** 'under 5 mortality rate'
- **6)** 'under 5 mortality rank'

Categories:

- 1) Basic Indicators
- 2) Nutrition
- **3)** Demographic Indicators
- 4) Women
- **5)** Health

Hypothesis:

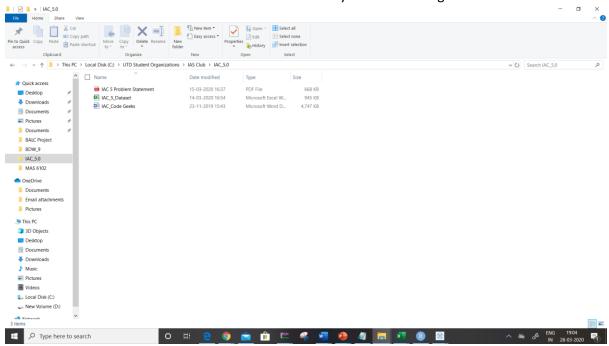
Null hypothesis: Countries with 1) less 'urbanized population %', 2) less 'total adult literacy rate %' and 3)more 'crude birth rate' 4) less 'minimum acceptable diet 6-23 months' 5) less 'demand for family planning satisfied with modern methods (%)' will have more 'under 5 mortality rate' and higher 'under 5 mortality rank'.

Alternate hypothesis: Countries with 1)more 'urbanized population %', 2) more 'total adult literacy rate %' and 3)less 'crude birth rate' 4) more 'minimum acceptable diet 6-23 months' 5) more 'demand for family planning satisfied with modern methods (%)' have very less 'under 5 mortality rate' and lower 'under 5 mortality rank'.

Step by step process of dimensional Modelling (Analysis Part) in Tableau:

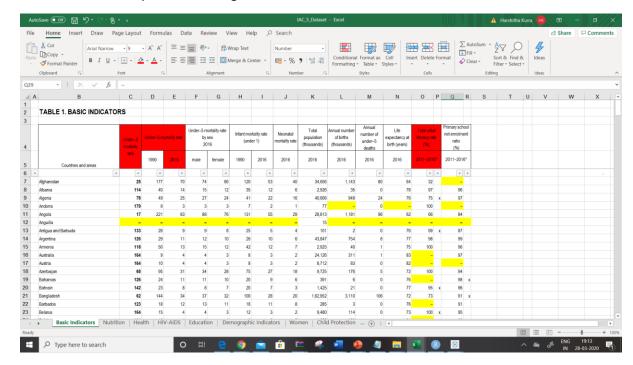
1. Data Sourcing:

We have sourced our dataset from the document sent by IAS Student Organization.

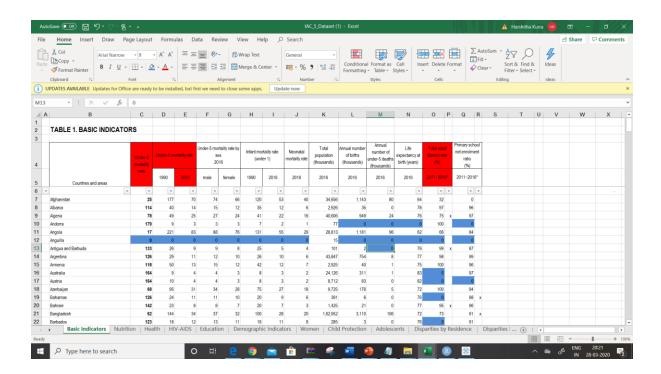


2. Data cleaning:

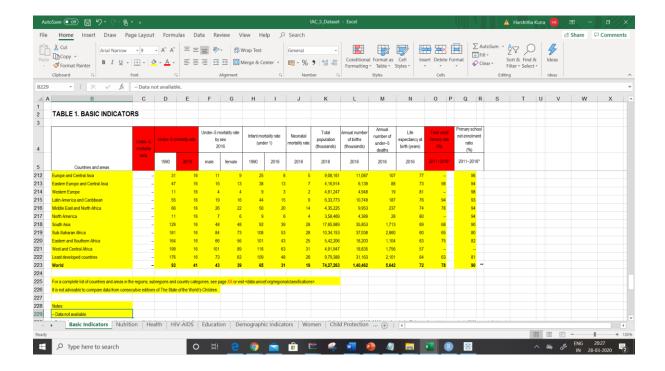
Areas we have touched upon are, dealing with null entries, and removal of unused dimensions.

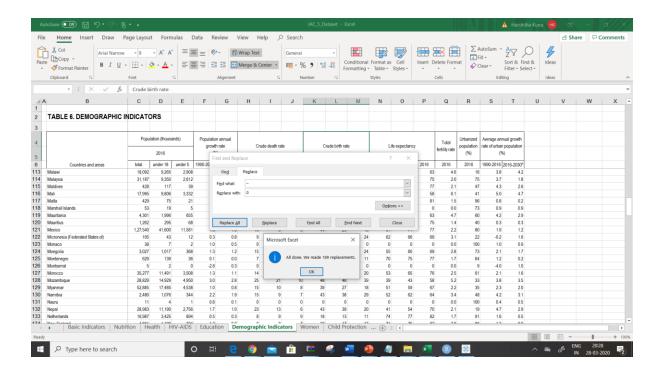


For the purpose of our visualization we have replaced null values with 0.



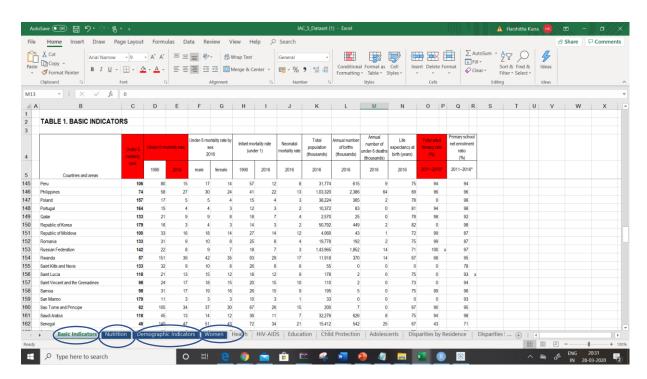
To make the structure of our dataset simpler we have augmented the rows and columns by removing less useful information.





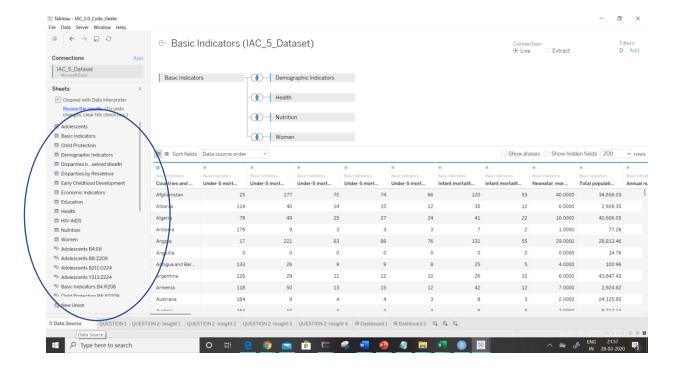
All cleaning is done through MS Excel.

We have consolidated our data files into one excel sheet.

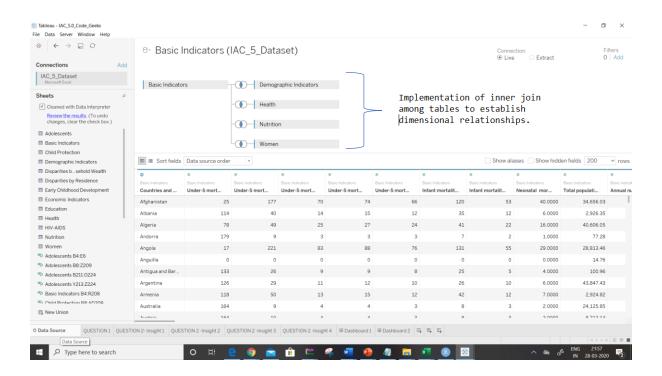


3. Data Modelling in Tableau

We have imported our Consolidated sheet in Tableau.



To establish relationships among dimensions we join our tables using inner join.



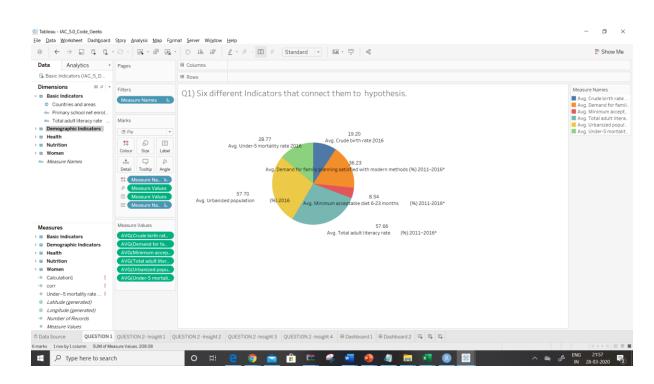
Visualization (Graphical) part:

Hypothesis:

Null hypothesis: Countries with 1) less 'urbanized population %', 2) less 'total adult literacy rate %', 3)more 'crude birth rate', 4) less 'minimum acceptable diet 6-23 months' and 5) less 'demand for family planning satisfied with modern methods (%)' have more 'under 5 mortality rate' and higher 'under 5 mortality rank'.

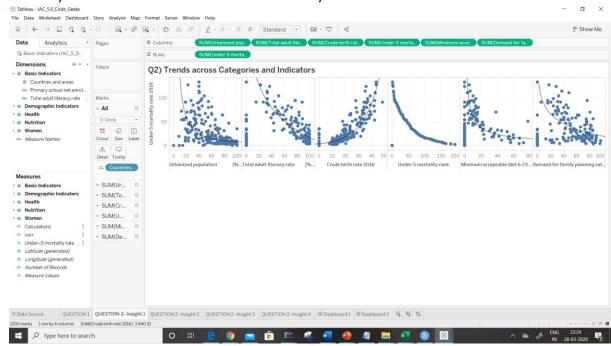
Alternate hypothesis: Countries with 1)more 'urbanized population %', 2) more 'total adult literacy rate %', 3)less 'crude birth rate', 4) more 'minimum acceptable diet 6-23 months' and 5) more 'demand for family planning satisfied with modern methods (%)' have very less 'under 5 mortality rate' and lower 'under 5 mortality rank'.

QUESTION 1: Identify at least 5 difference indicators and connect them to present a hypothesis.

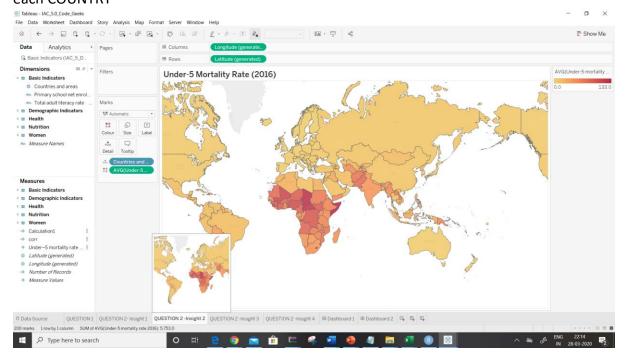


QUESTION 2: Identify the trends for any one of the categories and identify the causal factors.

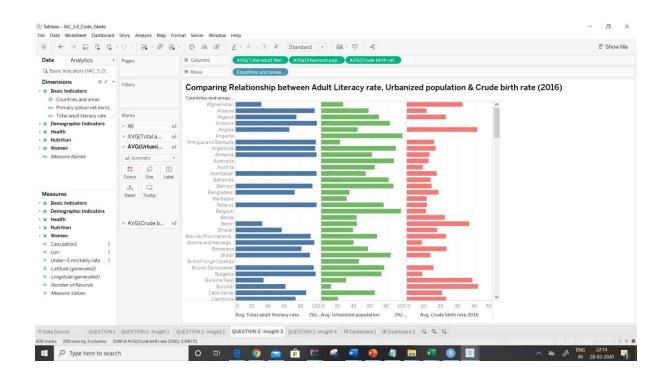
Insight 1: Checking trends of six different indicators they are 'urbanized population %', 'total adult literacy rate %', 'crude birth rate', 'minimum acceptable diet 6-23 months', 'demand for family planning satisfied with modern methods (%)' and more 'under 5 mortality rank' will have effect on 'under 5 mortality rate'.



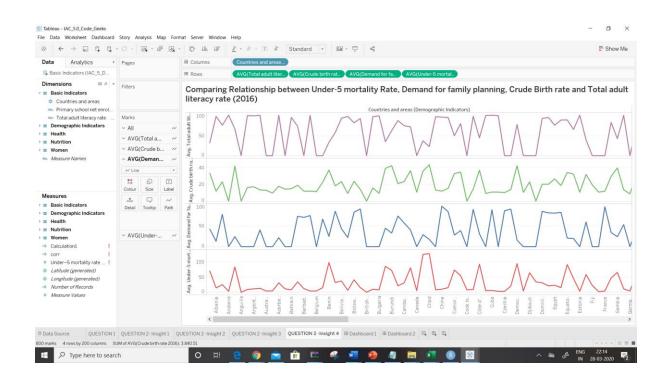
Insight 2: World Map show casing 'Average UNDER MORTALITY RATE(2016)' for each COUNTRY'



Insight 3: Comparing Relationship between Adult Literacy rate, Urbanized population & Crude birth rate (2016)



Insight 4: Comparing Relationship between Under-5 mortality Rate, Demand for family planning, Crude Birth rate and Total adult literacy rate (2016),



CONCLUSION:

From above results we can conclude that:

According to pie chart (Question 1), Urbanized population contributes to 57.7% of decrease in under-5 mortality rate, followed by minimum acceptable diet 6-23 months contributing to 57.66%.

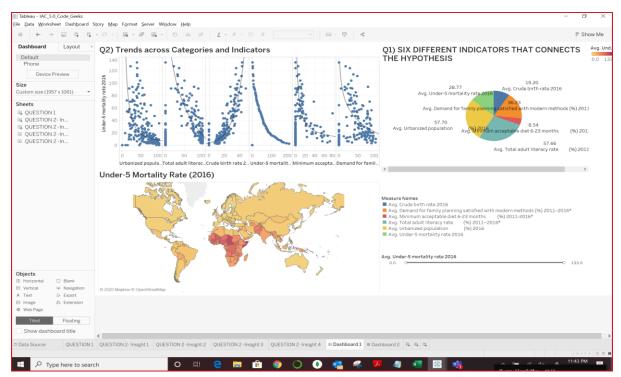
From above insights 1 & 2, Somalia has highest under-5 mortality rank (rank=1) with under-5 mortality rate (2016) as 133. Hence it is with the reddest in colour. Chad is second highest (rank=2) with under-5 mortality rate (2016) as 127. Central African Republic ranks 3rd with 124, and Sierra Leone ranks 4th with 114.

On the other hand, Finland, Iceland, Luxembourg and Slovenia have the least under-5 mortality rate as 2. Andorra, Cyprus, Czechia, Estonia, Italy, Japan, Monaco, Norway, Republic of Korea, San Marino, Singapore, Spain and Sweden have the second least under-5 mortality rate as 3.

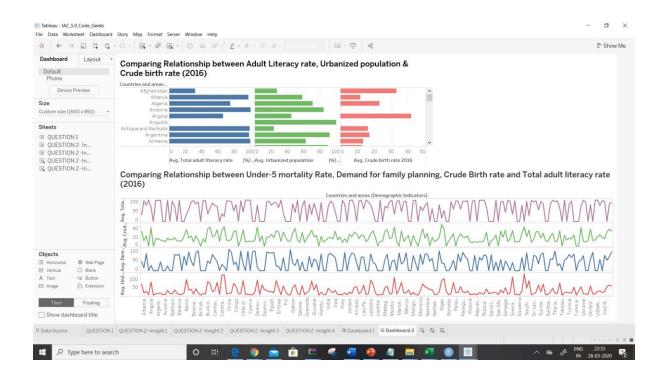
From above insights 3 & 4, we can conclude that, Countries with less 'urbanized population %', less 'total adult literacy rate %' will have more 'crude birth rate' of children under 5 and with less 'total adult literacy rate, less 'demand for family, with less 'minimum acceptable diet 6-23 months', will be affecting children under 5 by more 'under 5 mortality rate'.

DASHBOARD VIEW:

<u>DASHBOARD 1:</u> In this dashboard, we have a pie chart representing Question 1: six indicators, Question 2 - Insight 1: Trends of categories and indicators and Question 2 - Insight 2: World Map of Children with under 5 Mortality Rate(2016).



<u>DASHBOARD 2:</u> In this dashboard, Question 2 – Insight 3: we have horizontal bar chart showing the relationship between Adult Literacy rate, Urbanized population & Crude birth rate (2016) and Question 2 – Insight 4: we have line graph showing the relationship between Total adult literacy rate, Demand for family planning, Crude Birth rate and affecting children Under-5 mortality Rate(2016).



QUESTION 3: Present at least 5 recommendations to improve the quality of life of the kids.

RECOMMENDATIONS TO REDUCE AFFECT ON CHILDREN:

- 1) In some countries there is a smaller number of Adult literacy rate. In these countries, if we Encourage people to be more educated in schools, literacy rate increases and hence the mortality rate decreases.
- 2) To improve children health under 5 years, minimum acceptable diet 6-23 months percentage should be increased, so that for children under age 5, immune system will be boosted and they will be less infected compared to children with less minimum acceptable diet 6-23 months percentage.
- 3) Under 5 mortality rates decreases with decrease in crude birth rate. We need to educate people about the importance of family planning with modern methods.
- 4) We need to educate females during breast feeding, how important is their diet during trimesters and how that could impact the growth of the baby and their birthweight.
- 5) If adult literacy rate increases among rural population, there are high chances to reduce crude birth rate and under 5 mortality rates around countries, as people will be educated enough to go for family planning with modern methods.