Importing the Dependencies

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn import svm
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

Data Collection and Analysis

PIMA Diabetes Dataset

```
# loading the diabetes dataset to a pandas DataFrame
diabetes_dataset = pd.read_csv('/content/diabetes.csv')
```

```
pd.read_csv?
```

```
# printing the first 5 rows of the dataset
diabetes_dataset.head()
```

	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	Age	Outcome
0	6	148	72	35	0	33.6	0.627	50	1
1	1	85	66	29	0	26.6	0.351	31	0
2	8	183	64	0	0	23.3	0.672	32	1
3	1	89	66	23	94	28.1	0.167	21	0
4	0	137	40	35	168	43.1	2.288	33	1

```
# number of rows and Columns in this dataset
diabetes_dataset.shape
```

```
(768, 9)
```

```
# getting the statistical measures of the data
diabetes_dataset.describe()
```

	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	Age	Outcome
count	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000
mean	3.845052	120.894531	69.105469	20.536458	79.799479	31.992578	0.471876	33.240885	0.348958
std	3.369578	31.972618	19.355807	15.952218	115.244002	7.884160	0.331329	11.760232	0.476951
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.078000	21.000000	0.000000
25%	1.000000	99.000000	62.000000	0.000000	0.000000	27.300000	0.243750	24.000000	0.000000
50%	3.000000	117.000000	72.000000	23.000000	30.500000	32.000000	0.372500	29.000000	0.000000
75%	6.000000	140.250000	80.000000	32.000000	127.250000	36.600000	0.626250	41.000000	1.000000
max	17.000000	199.000000	122.000000	99.000000	846.000000	67.100000	2.420000	81.000000	1.000000

```
diabetes_dataset['Outcome'].value_counts()
```

```
0    500
1    268
Name: Outcome, dtype: int64
```

0 –> Non-Diabetic

1 –> Diabetic

```
diabetes_dataset.groupby('Outcome').mean()
```

Outcome	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	Age
0	3.298000	109.980000	68.184000	19.664000	68.792000	30.304200	0.429734	31.190000
1	4.865672	141.257463	70.824627	22.164179	100.335821	35.142537	0.550500	37.067164

```
# separating the data and labels
X = diabetes_dataset.drop(columns = 'Outcome', axis=1)
Y = diabetes_dataset['Outcome']
```

```
print(X)
```

```
     Pregnancies  Glucose  BloodPressure  ...   BMI  DiabetesPedigreeFunction  Age
0              6      148             72  ...  33.6                     0.627   50
1              1       85             66  ...  26.6                     0.351   31
2              8      183             64  ...  23.3                     0.672   32
3              1       89             66  ...  28.1                     0.167   21
4              0      137             40  ...  43.1                     2.288   33
..           ...      ...            ...  ...   ...                       ...  ...
763           10      101             76  ...  32.9                     0.171   63
764            2      122             70  ...  36.8                     0.340   27
765            5      121             72  ...  26.2                     0.245   30
766            1      126             60  ...  30.1                     0.349   47
767            1       93             70  ...  30.4                     0.315   23

[768 rows x 8 columns]
```

```
print(Y)
```

```
0      1
1      0
2      1
3      0
4      1
      ..
763    0
764    0
765    0
766    1
767    0
Name: Outcome, Length: 768, dtype: int64
```

Data Standardization

```
scaler = StandardScaler()
```

```
scaler.fit(X)
```

```
StandardScaler(copy=True, with_mean=True, with_std=True)
```

```
standardized_data = scaler.transform(X)
```

```
print(standardized_data)
```

```
[[ 0.63994726  0.84832379  0.14964075 ...  0.20401277  0.46849198
   1.4259954 ]
 [-0.84488505 -1.12339636 -0.16054575 ... -0.68442195 -0.36506078
  -0.19067191]
 [ 1.23388019  1.94372388 -0.26394125 ... -1.10325546  0.60439732
  -0.10558415]
 ...
 [ 0.3429808   0.00330087  0.14964075 ... -0.73518964 -0.68519336
  -0.27575966]
 [-0.84488505  0.1597866  -0.47073225 ... -0.24020459 -0.37110101
   1.17073215]
 [-0.84488505 -0.8730192   0.04624525 ... -0.20212881 -0.47378505
  -0.87137393]]
```

```
X = standardized_data
Y = diabetes_dataset['Outcome']
```

```
print(X)
print(Y)
```

```
[[ 0.63994726  0.84832379  0.14964075 ...  0.20401277  0.46849198
   1.4259954 ]
 [-0.84488505 -1.12339636 -0.16054575 ... -0.68442195 -0.36506078
  -0.19067191]
 [ 1.23388019  1.94372388 -0.26394125 ... -1.10325546  0.60439732
  -0.10558415]
 ...
 [ 0.3429808   0.00330087  0.14964075 ... -0.73518964 -0.68519336
  -0.27575966]
 [-0.84488505  0.1597866  -0.47073225 ... -0.24020459 -0.37110101
   1.17073215]
 [-0.84488505 -0.8730192   0.04624525 ... -0.20212881 -0.47378505
  -0.87137393]]
0      1
1      0
2      1
3      0
4      1
      ..
763    0
764    0
765    0
766    1
767    0
Name: Outcome, Length: 768, dtype: int64
```

Train Test Split

```
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X,Y, test_size = 0.2, stratify=Y, random_state=2)
```

```
print(X.shape, X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
```

```
(768, 8) (614, 8) (154, 8)
```

Training the Model

```
classifier = svm.SVC(kernel='linear')
```

```
#training the support vector Machine Classifier
classifier.fit(X_train, Y_train)
```

```
SVC(C=1.0, break_ties=False, cache_size=200, class_weight=None, coef0=0.0,
    decision_function_shape='ovr', degree=3, gamma='scale', kernel='linear',
    max_iter=-1, probability=False, random_state=None, shrinking=True,
    tol=0.001, verbose=False)
```

Model Evaluation

Accuracy Score

```
# accuracy score on the training data
X_train_prediction = classifier.predict(X_train)
training_data_accuracy = accuracy_score(X_train_prediction, Y_train)
```

```
print('Accuracy score of the training data : ', training_data_accuracy)
```

```
Accuracy score of the training data :  0.7866449511400652
```

```
# accuracy score on the test data
X_test_prediction = classifier.predict(X_test)
test_data_accuracy = accuracy_score(X_test_prediction, Y_test)
```

```
print('Accuracy score of the test data : ', test_data_accuracy)
```

```
Accuracy score of the test data :  0.7727272727272727
```

Making a Predictive System

```
input_data = (5,166,72,19,175,25.8,0.587,51)

# changing the input_data to numpy array
input_data_as_numpy_array = np.asarray(input_data)

# reshape the array as we are predicting for one instance
input_data_reshaped = input_data_as_numpy_array.reshape(1,-1)

# standardize the input data
std_data = scaler.transform(input_data_reshaped)
print(std_data)

prediction = classifier.predict(std_data)
print(prediction)

if (prediction[0] == 0):
  print('The person is not diabetic')
else:
  print('The person is diabetic')
```

```
[[ 0.3429808   1.41167241  0.14964075 -0.09637905  0.82661621 -0.78595734
   0.34768723  1.51108316]]
[1]
The person is diabetic
```

Start coding or generate with AI.