



# LOYALTY POINTS ANALYSIS FOR A REAL - MONEY GAMING PLATFORM

A DATA-DRIVEN CASE STUDY

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# PROJECT OVERVIEW

ABC is a real-money online gaming platform offering multiplayer games like Ludo.

## Project Goal:

Analyze user behaviour and transactions to:

- Calculate player loyalty points.
- Rank top users based on activity.
- Allocate bonus money to the top 50 loyal players.
- Recommend a fair bonus distribution strategy.

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# TOOLS & DATA USED

## TOOLS USED

- Python (Pandas, Matplotlib)
- Google Colab
- Excel
- Canva



## DATASETS

- User Gameplay
- Deposit Transactions
- Withdrawal Transactions

# UNDERSTANDING THE DATA STRUCTURE



## User Gameplay Data

- This data set contains records of games played by users.

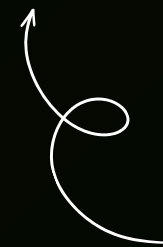


User ID	Games Played	Datetime
851	1	01-10-2022 0:00
717	1	01-10-2022 0:00
456	1	01-10-2022 0:00
424	1	01-10-2022 0:00
845	1	01-10-2022 0:00



## Deposit Data

User Id	Datetime	Amount
357	01-10-2022 0:03	2000
776	01-10-2022 0:03	2500
492	01-10-2022 0:06	5000
803	01-10-2022 0:07	5000
875	01-10-2022 0:09	1500



- This dataset includes user transactions categorized as deposits.



## Withdrawal Data

- This dataset includes transactions where users have withdrawn money from the platform.



User Id	Datetime	Amount
190	01-10-2022 0:03	5872
159	01-10-2022 0:16	9540
164	01-10-2022 0:24	815
946	01-10-2022 0:29	23000

The datasets can be accessed at : [GAMING DATASET](#)

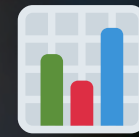


# LOYALTY POINTS SYSTEM – RULES & FORMULA

ABC is a real-money online gaming platform where users deposit money to play multiplayer games like Ludo and withdraw winnings.

To retain players, ABC awards Loyalty Points based on in-app activity: deposits, withdrawals, and games played.

Each activity has a weight, and top 50 players at month-end receive bonuses based on their loyalty points.



## Loyalty Point Calculation Formula:

Type of Action	Weightage per activity	Formulae	eg.
Deposit of money on the platform	0.01	$0.01 \times \text{Deposit Amount}$	$0.01 \times (1000 \text{ RS Deposit}) = 10 \text{ Points}$
Withdrawal of money from the platform	0.005	$0.005 \times \text{Withdrawal Amount}$	$0.005 \times (500 \text{ Rs Withdrawal}) = 2.5 \text{ Points}$
How many more times did a player do deposit than withdrawal	0.001	$0.001 \times \text{maximum of } (\# \text{deposit} - \# \text{withdrawal}) \text{ or } 0$	$0.001 \times \max((5-3), 0)$ $= 0.001 \times 2$ $= 0.002 \text{ points}$  where number of deposit = 5 and number of withdrawal = 3
Number of games played	0.2	$0.2 \times \text{Number of Games Played}$	$0.2 \times (50 \text{ Total Games Played}) = 10 \text{ Points}$

**Loyalty Points =**

**$0.01 \times \text{Deposits} + 0.005 \times \text{Withdrawals} + 0.001 \times \text{Extra Deposits} + 0.2 \times \text{Games Played}$**

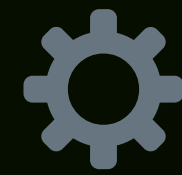


# ? CASE STUDY QUESTIONS



- Calculate loyalty points for selected time slots
- Rank users by loyalty score
- Calculate average deposit per user
- Calculate average games played per user
- Design a fair bonus strategy
- Suggest improvements to the loyalty formula





# METHODOLOGY

## Load & Rename Columns

- Imported the 3 Excel sheets (Gameplay, Deposit, and Withdrawal)
- Skipped unnecessary header rows

```
import pandas as pd

data_file = "Gaming Dataset Case study.xlsx"

gameplay_df = pd.read_excel(data_file, sheet_name="User Gameplay data", skiprows=3)
deposit_df = pd.read_excel(data_file, sheet_name="Deposit Data", skiprows=3)
withdrawal_df = pd.read_excel(data_file, sheet_name="Withdrawal Data", skiprows=3)
```

- Renamed columns for consistency and clarity.

	User_Id	Games_Played	Datetime
0	851	1	2022-01-10 00:00:00
1	717	1	2022-01-10 00:00:00
2	456	1	2022-01-10 00:00:00
3	424	1	2022-01-10 00:00:00
4	845	1	2022-01-10 00:00:00

	User_Id	Datetime	Deposit_Amount
0	357	2022-01-10 00:03:00	2000
1	776	2022-01-10 00:03:00	2500
2	492	2022-01-10 00:06:00	5000
3	803	2022-01-10 00:07:00	5000
4	875	2022-01-10 00:09:00	1500

	User_Id	Datetime	Withdraw_Amount
0	190	2022-01-10 00:03:00	5872
1	159	2022-01-10 00:16:00	9540
2	164	2022-01-10 00:24:00	815
3	946	2022-01-10 00:29:00	23000
4	763	2022-01-10 00:40:00	9473

```
gameplay_df.columns=['User_Id', 'Games_Played', 'Datetime']
deposit_df.columns = ['User_Id', 'Datetime', 'Deposit_Amount']
withdrawal_df.columns = ['User_Id', 'Datetime', 'Withdraw_Amount']
```



# ⚙️ METHODOLOGY

## Convert to Datetime

- Datetime column is in object, convert it into Datetime datatype for further date filters.

```
gameplay_df['Datetime'] = pd.to_datetime(gameplay_df['Datetime'])
deposit_df['Datetime'] = pd.to_datetime(deposit_df['Datetime'])
withdrawal_df['Datetime'] = pd.to_datetime(withdrawal_df['Datetime'])
```

	User_Id	Games_Played	Datetime
0	851	1	2022-01-10 00:00:00
1	717	1	2022-01-10 00:00:00
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# METHODOLOGY

Part A

01



## Loyalty Points by Time Slots

- Calculating loyalty points:
- On each day, there are 2 slots for each of which the loyalty points are to be calculated:
- S1 from 12am to 12pm
- S2 from 12pm to 12am

- Calculate loyalty points per player in the following time slots:

- 🕒 2nd Oct – Slot 1 (12:00 AM – 12:00 PM)
- 🕒 16th Oct – Slot 2 (12:00 PM – 11:59 PM)
- 🕒 18th Oct – Slot 1 (12:00 AM – 12:00 PM)
- 🕒 26th Oct – Slot 2 (12:00 PM – 11:59 PM)

- There are no gameplay activity, deposit & withdrawal transactions on 2nd October.
- Hence, loyalty point computation for this specific slot is not possible.

```
# Filter for 16th Oct Slot 2
```

```
slot_start = pd.to_datetime("2022-10-16 12:00:00")
```

```
slot_end = pd.to_datetime("2022-10-16 23:59:00")
```

```
slot2_gameplay = gameplay_df[(gameplay_df['GameDate'] >= slot_start) &  
                              (gameplay_df['GameDate'] <= slot_end)]
```

- Repeat the same for withdrawal\_df and deposit\_df.



# METHODOLOGY

## Aggregating & Merging Player Data

### Objective:

Aggregate player-level data for:

- Total Deposit Amount
- Total Withdrawal Amount
- Count of Deposits & Withdrawals
- Number of Games Played

```
withdrawal_summary = slot2_withdrawals.groupby('User_Id').agg(  
    total_withdrawal_amount=('Withdraw_Amount', 'sum'),  
    num_withdrawals=('Withdraw_Amount', 'count')).reset_index()  
  
withdrawal_summary.head()
```

```
deposit_summary = slot2_deposits.groupby('User_Id').agg(  
    total_deposit_amount=('Deposit_Amount', 'sum'),  
    num_deposits=('Deposit_Amount', 'count'))  
deposit_summary.head()
```

```
gameplay_summary = slot2_gameplay.groupby('User_Id')['Games_Played'].count().reset_index()  
gameplay_summary.head()
```

# Merge All Summaries

```
merged = pd.merge(deposit_summary, withdrawal_summary, on='User_Id', how='outer')  
merged_df = pd.merge(merged, gameplay_summary, on='User_Id', how='outer')  
merged_df.head()
```

- Use `.groupby()` to aggregate
- `.merge()` to combine data across sources.



# ⚙️ METHODOLOGY

## Calculating Loyalty points

- Replace NaN values with 0 to avoid errors in math calculations

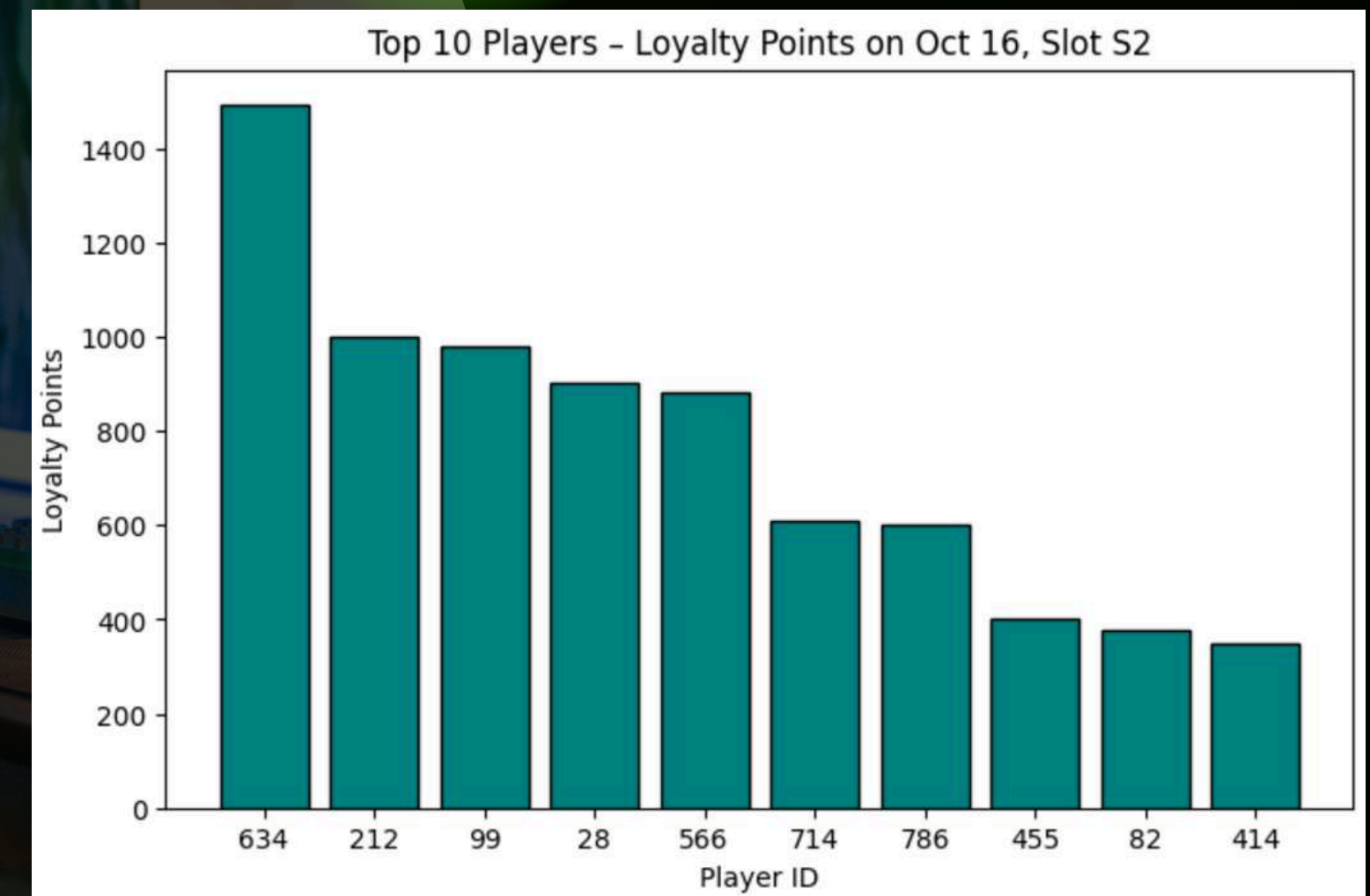
```
merged_df.fillna(0, inplace=True)
```

- Use the formula to calculate Loyalty points.

```
merged_df['extra_deposit_actions'] = (merged_df['num_deposits'] - merged_df['num_withdrawals']).clip(lower=0)

merged_df['Loyalty_Points'] = (
    0.01 * merged_df['total_deposit_amount'] +
    0.005 * merged_df['total_withdrawal_amount'] +
    0.001 * merged_df['extra_deposit_actions'] +
    0.2 * merged_df['Games_Played']
)
```

- Repeat the same for other dates and time slots.







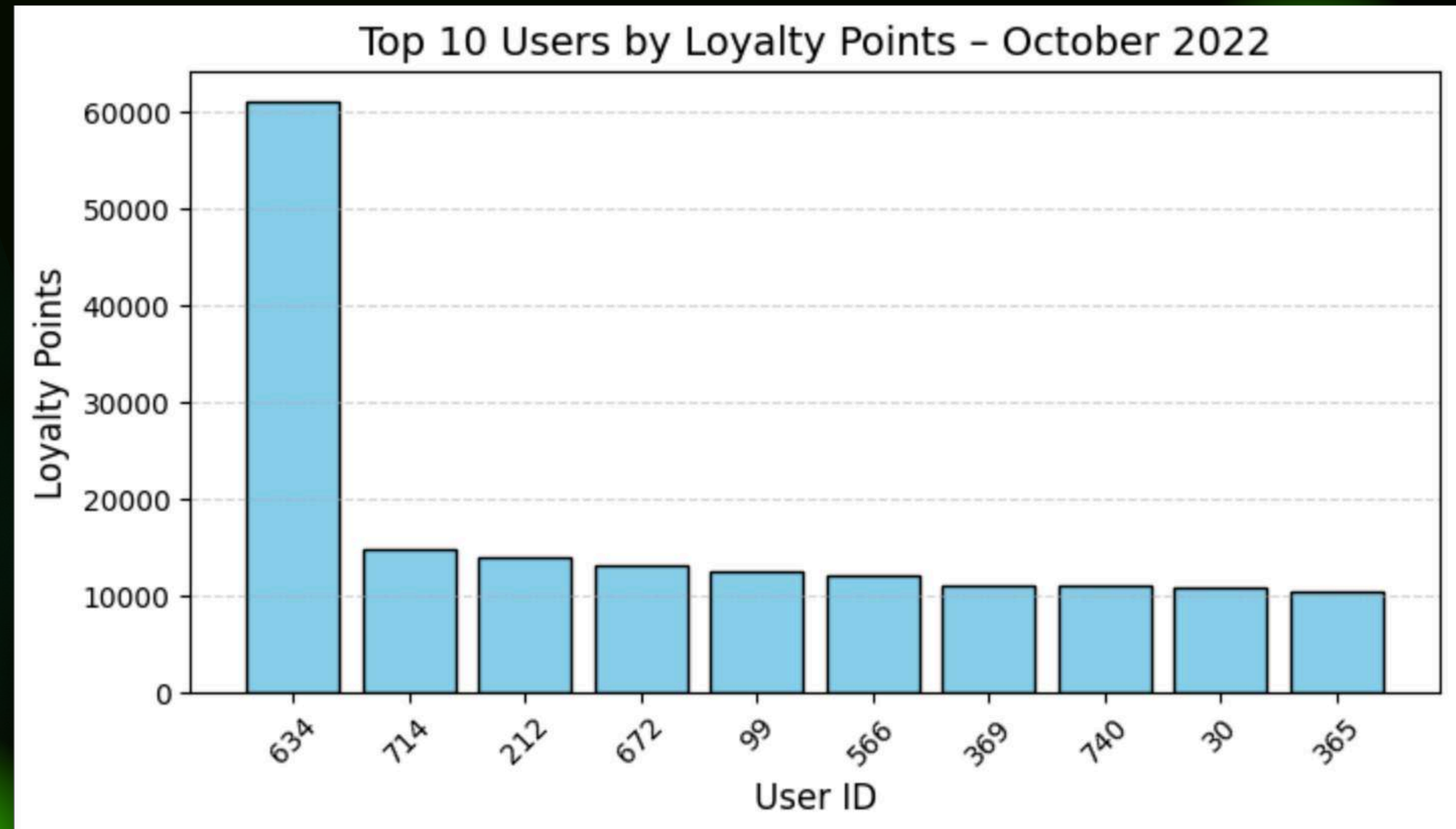
# METHODOLOGY

02

## Player Ranking Based on Loyalty Points – October

Repeat the same steps used earlier —

- ✓ Filter the data for the month of October (no specific date).
- ✓ Aggregate deposit, withdrawal, and gameplay data by PlayerID.
- ✓ Apply the loyalty formula.
- ✓ Rank players using loyalty points as primary and games played as tie-breaker.

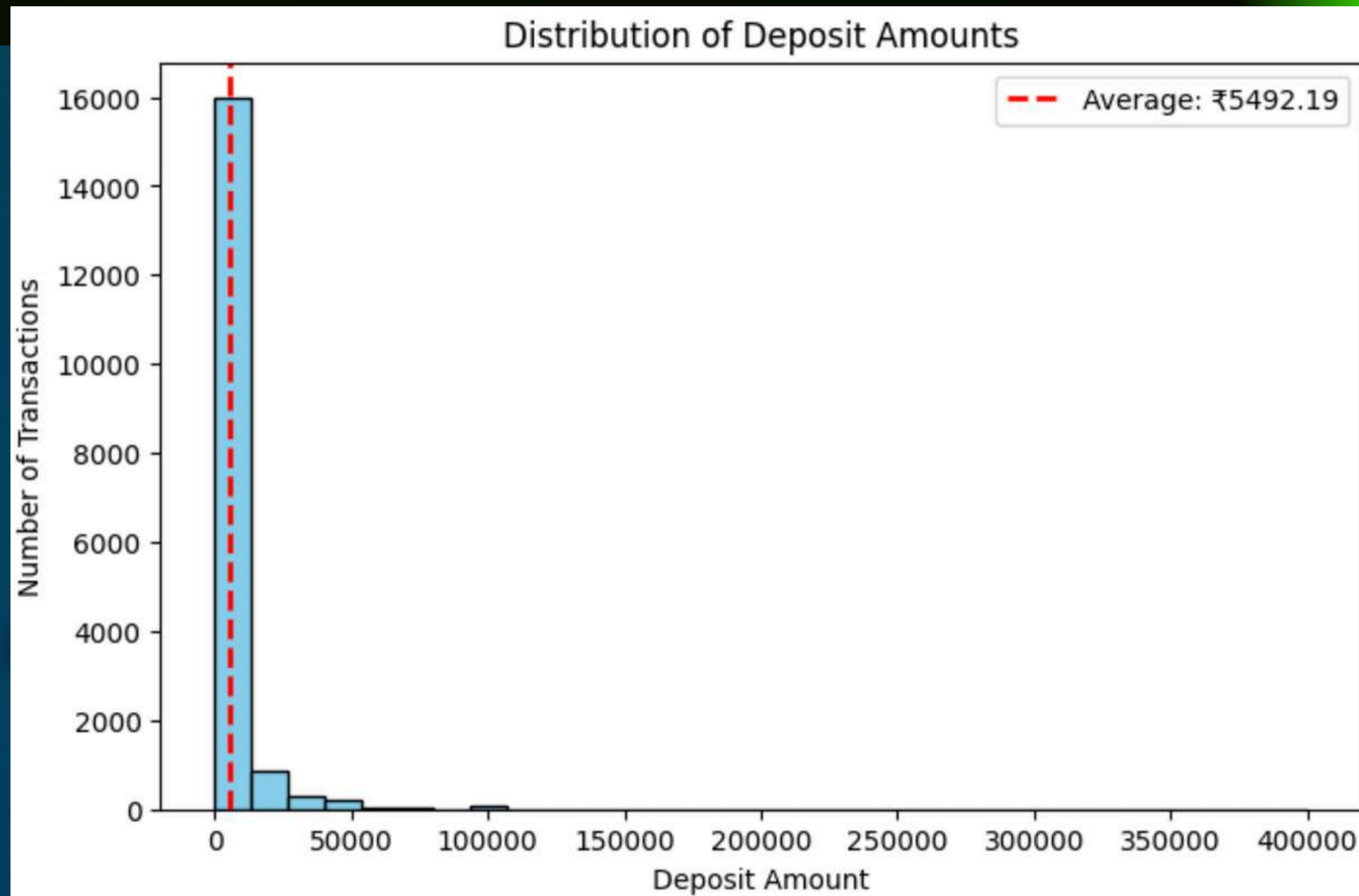




# ⚙️ METHODOLOGY

03

## Average Deposit Amount Across All Transactions



```
average_deposit = deposit_df['Deposit_Amount'].mean()  
  
print(f"Average Deposit Amount: ₹{average_deposit:.2f}")
```

The average  
deposit amount  
across all  
transactions is  
**₹5492.19.**

# ⚙️ METHODOLOGY

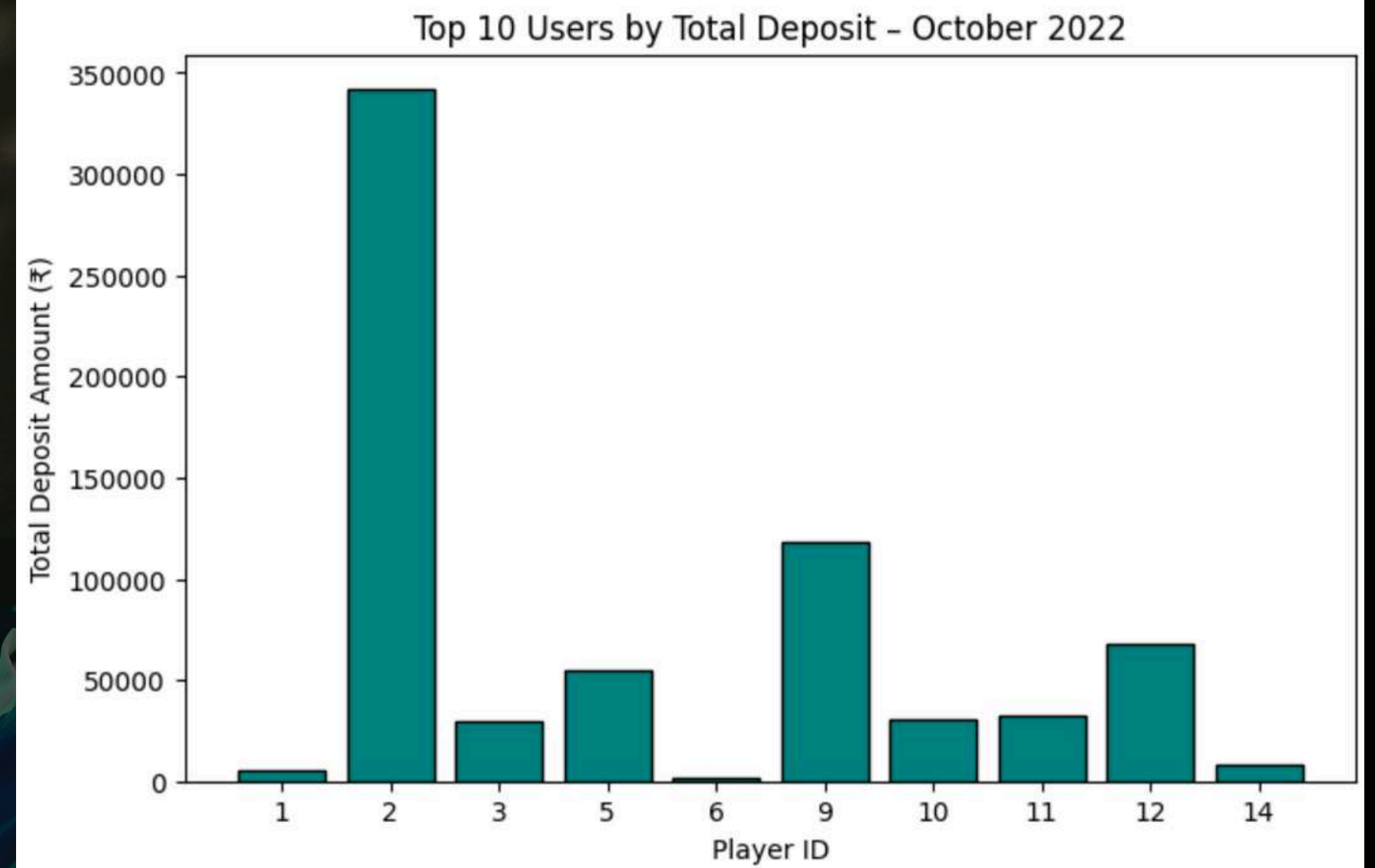
04

## Average Monthly Deposit per User

```
avg_deposit_per_user = user_total_october['Deposit_Amount'].mean()

#Print the result
print(f"Average Deposit Amount per User in October: ₹{avg_deposit_per_user:.2f}")
```

Average Deposit Amount  
per User in October:  
₹72533.98

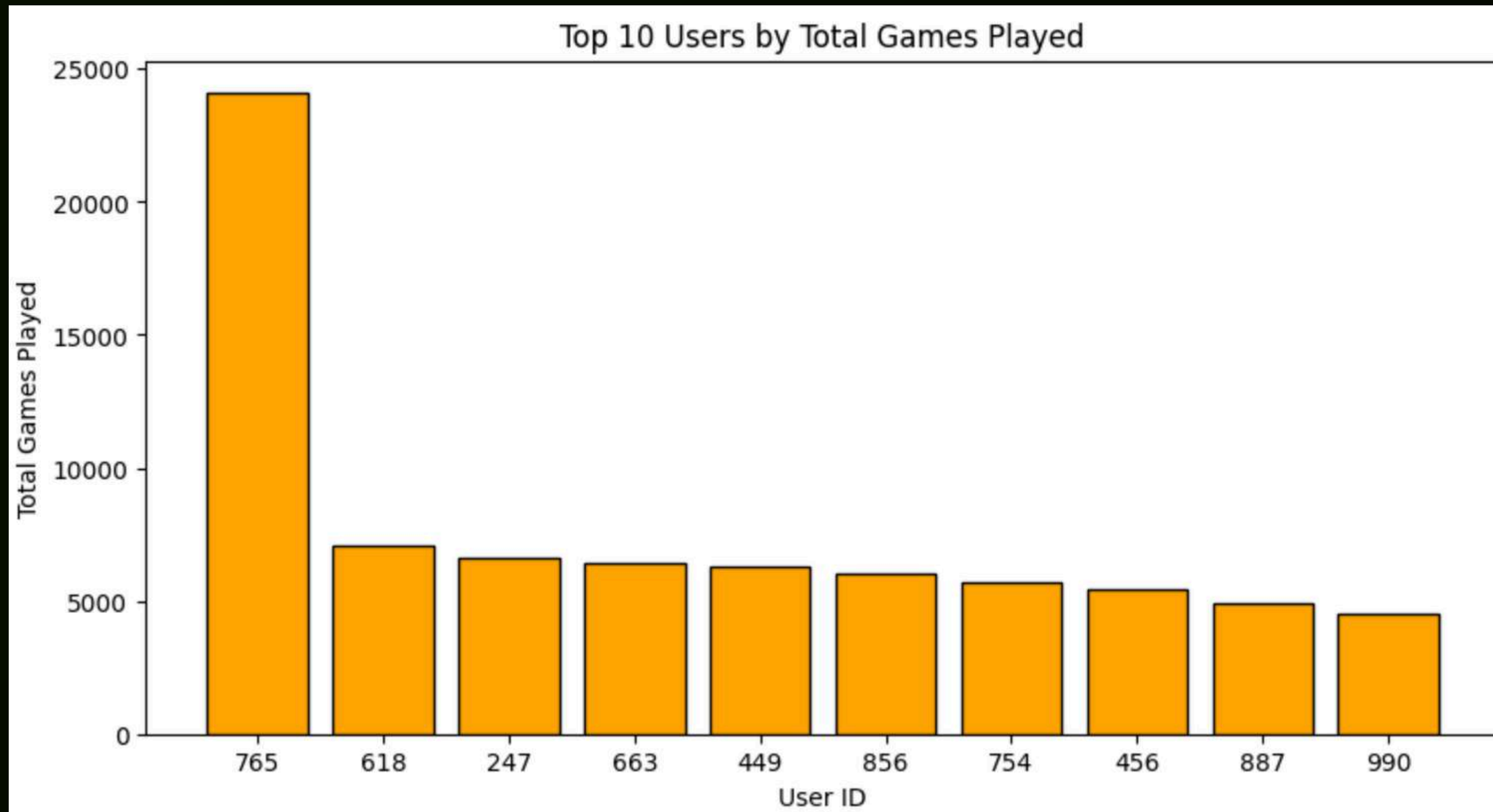




# ⚙️ METHODOLOGY

05

## Average Games Played per User



```
total_games_played = gameplay_df.groupby('User_Id')['Games_Played'].sum().reset_index()
avg_games_per_user = total_games_played['Games_Played'].mean()
print(f"Average number of games played per user: {avg_games_per_user:.2f}")
```

Average  
number of  
games played  
per user:  
**355.27**

# BONUS STRATEGY

## Part B



## Bonus Allocation Strategy for Top 50 Players

### 🎯 Objective:

Distribute ₹50,000 bonus among the top 50 players ranked by loyalty points in October.

### 📌 Formula Used:

$$\text{Bonus} = (\text{Player's Loyalty Points} / \text{Total Loyalty Points of Top 50}) * ₹50,000$$

### 💡 Chosen Strategy:

Bonus is allocated proportionally based on loyalty points earned by each player.

### This ensures:

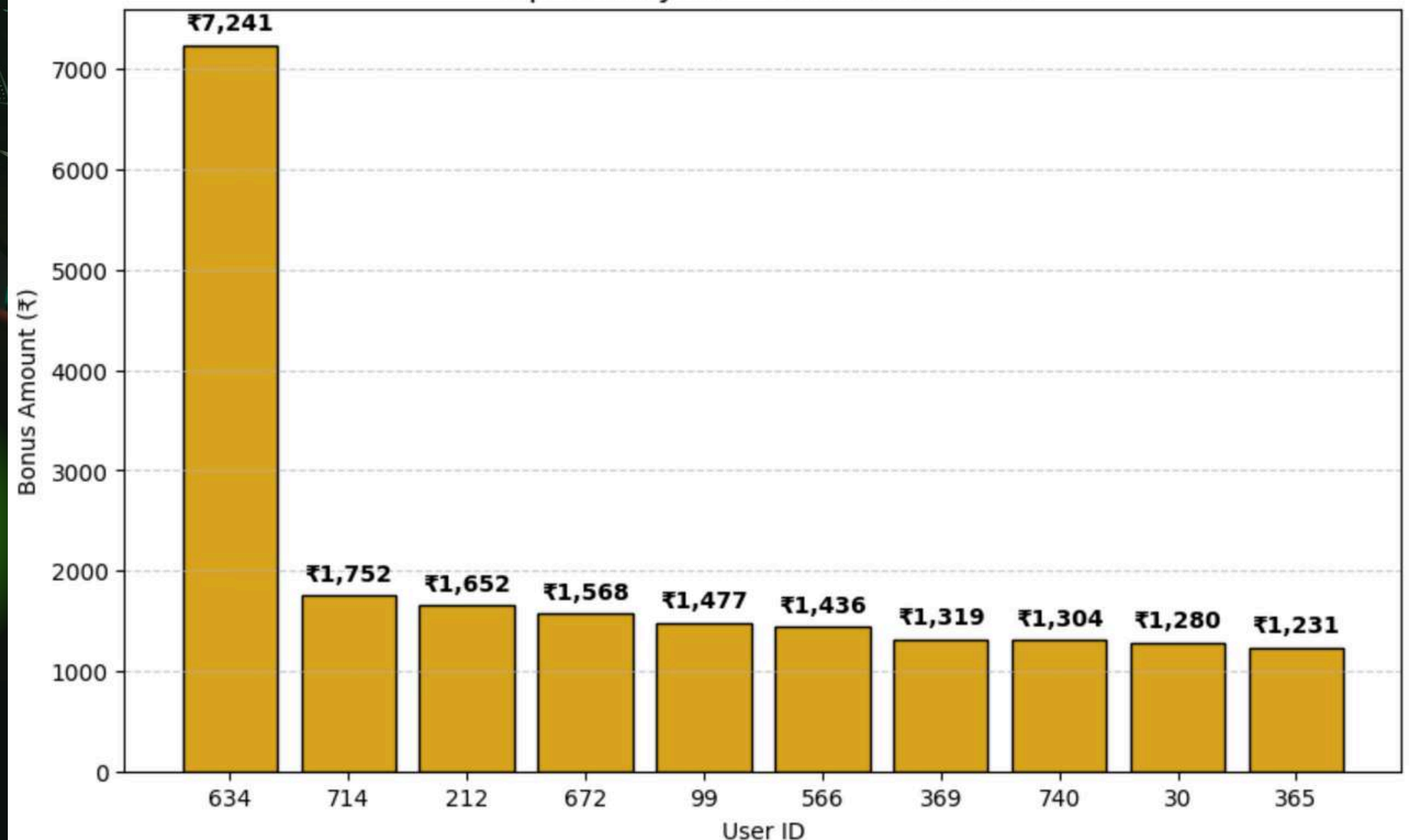
- More active and high-contributing players get higher rewards
- Encourages consistent engagement with the platform.

```
total_loyalty_top_50 = top_50['Loyalty_Points'].sum()

bonus_pool = 50000
top_50['Bonus'] = ((top_50['Loyalty_Points'] / total_loyalty_top_50) * bonus_pool).round(2)

top_50[['User_Id', 'Loyalty_Points', 'games_played', 'Bonus']].head()
```

Top 10 Players - Bonus Allocation





# FAIRNESS EVALUATION & SUGGESTED IMPROVEMENT

## Problem

The loyalty formula gives too much weight to the number of games played, ignoring how much money was involved in those games.



## Suggestion

Instead of counting only the number of games, include the value of each game (entry fee or bet amount) in the formula. This ensures that high-stake players get rewarded fairly, not just those who play more often.

# KEY FINDINGS & TAKEAWAYS

- Loyalty points increase with both gameplay and transactions.
- Top 50 players account for significant loyalty share.



- Bonus allocation using proportional method ensures fairness.
- Formula improvement can make reward system more robust.



# THANK YOU



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[Project Portfolio](#)