

EXP 13**WORKING WITH TRIGGER**

Program 1

Write a code in PL/SQL to develop a trigger that enforces referential integrity by preventing the deletion of a parent record if child records exist.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER prevent_parent_deletion
BEFORE DELETE ON employees
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE    pl_dept_count
NUMBER; BEGIN SELECT
COUNT(*)
    INTO pl_dept_count
    FROM department
    WHERE dept_id = :OLD.employee_id;
    IF pl_dept_count > 0 THEN
        RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Cannot delete employee record as
department records exist. '); END IF;
END;

DELETE FROM employees
WHERE employee_id = 70;
```



Program 2

Write a code in PL/SQL to create a trigger that checks for duplicate values in a specific column and raises an exception if found.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER prevent_duplicate_manager_id
BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON employees
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE   pl_count
NUMBER; BEGIN
    SELECT COUNT(*)
    INTO pl_count
    FROM employees
    WHERE manager_id = :NEW.manager_id AND
    employee_id != :NEW.employee_id;
    IF pl_count > 0 THEN
        RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20003, 'Duplicate manager_id found: ' ||
:NEW.manager_id); END
    IF;
END;
```

```
INSERT INTO employees (employee_id, first_name, last_name, email, phone_number,  
hire_date, job_id, salary, commission_pct, manager_id, department_id)  
VALUES (202, 'Jane', 'Smith',  
'john006@gmail.com',7383922241,'11/9/2000','ST_CLERK',10000,0.15,400,80);
```



Program 3

Write a code in PL/SQL to create a trigger that restricts the insertion of new rows if the total of a column's values exceeds a certain threshold.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER restrict_salary_insertion  
BEFORE INSERT ON employees  
FOR EACH ROW  
DECLARE  
    total_salary NUMBER; threshold  
NUMBER := 100000; BEGIN  
  
    SELECT SUM(salary)  
    INTO total_salary  
    FROM employees;  
    IF (total_salary + :NEW.salary) > threshold THEN
```

```

RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20004, 'Insertion denied: Total salary exceeds the
threshold of ' || threshold); END IF;
END;

```

```

INSERT INTO employees (employee_id, first_name, last_name, email, phone_number,
hire_date, job_id, salary, commission_pct, manager_id, department_id)
VALUES (203, 'Charlie', 'Brown', 'charlie203@gmail.com', '9122334455', '03/01/2021',
'#cb203', 5000, 0.20, 1000, 50);

```



Program 4

Write a code in PL/SQL to design a trigger that captures changes made to specific columns and logs them in an audit table.

```

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER audit_changes
AFTER UPDATE OF salary, job_id ON employees
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    IF :OLD.salary != :NEW.salary OR :OLD.job_id != :NEW.job_id THEN
        INSERT INTO employee_audit (
            employee_id,          old_salary,

```

AUDIT_ID	EMPLOYEE_ID	OLD_SALARY	NEW_SALARY	OLD_JOB_ID	NEW_JOB_ID	CHANGE_TIMESTAMP	CHANGED_BY
1	20	5000	5500	manager	manager	15-OCT-24 10:00:00.000000 AM	admin
2	122	60000	65000	Manager	Manager	15-OCT-24 10:05:00.000000 AM	admin
3	27	45000	47000	Analyst	Senior Analyst	15-OCT-24 10:30:00.000000 AM	user1
22	176	7500	50000	Analyst	ST_CLERK	16-OCT-24 04:25:16.252980 PM	APEX_PUBLIC_USER
5	9	70000	75000	Senior Developer	Lead Developer	15-OCT-24 10:45:00.000000 AM	user2
4	4	60000	65000	Team Lead	Project Manager	15-OCT-24 11:00:00.000000 AM	admin

```
new_salary,      old_job_title,
new_job_title,
change_timestamp, changed_by )
VALUES (
    :OLD.employee_id,
    :OLD.salary,
    :NEW.salary,
    :OLD.job_id,
    :NEW.job_id,
    SYSTIMESTAMP,
    USER
);
END IF;
END;
```

```
UPDATE employees
SET salary = 55000, job_id = 'ST_CLERK'
WHERE employee_id = 176;
```

```
SELECT * FROM employee_audit;
```

PROGRAM:5

implement a trigger that records user activity (inserts, updates, deletes) in an audit log for a given set of tables.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_audit_employees
AFTER INSERT OR UPDATE OR DELETE ON employees
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE v_old_values
        CLOB; v_new_values
        CLOB;
BEGIN
    IF INSERTING THEN v_old_values := NULL; v_new_values :=
        'employee_id: ' || :NEW.employee_id || ', ' ||
            'first_name: ' || :NEW.first_name || ', ' ||
            'salary: ' || :NEW.salary;

        INSERT INTO audit_log (action, table_name, record_id, changed_by, new_values)
        VALUES ('INSERT', 'employees', :NEW.employee_id, USER, v_new_values);

    ELSIF UPDATING THEN
        v_old_values := 'employee_id: ' || :OLD.employee_id || ', ' ||
            'first_name: ' || :OLD.first_name || ', ' ||
            'salary: ' || :OLD.salary; v_new_values :=
        'employee_id: ' || :NEW.employee_id || ', ' ||
            'first_name: ' || :NEW.first_name || ', ' ||
            'salary: ' || :NEW.salary;

        INSERT INTO audit_log (action, table_name, record_id, changed_by, old_values,
new_values)
```

NAME:PRIYANKA E

ROLLNO:231901038

```
VALUES ('UPDATE', 'employees', :NEW.employee_id, USER, v_old_values,  
v_new_values);
```

```
ELSIF DELETING THEN
```

```
v_old_values := 'employee_id: ' || :OLD.employee_id || ', ' ||
```

```
'first_name: ' || :OLD.first_name || ', ' ||
```

```
'salary: ' || :OLD.salary; v_new_values :=
```

```
NULL;
```

```
INSERT INTO audit_log (action, table_name, record_id, changed_by, old_values)
```

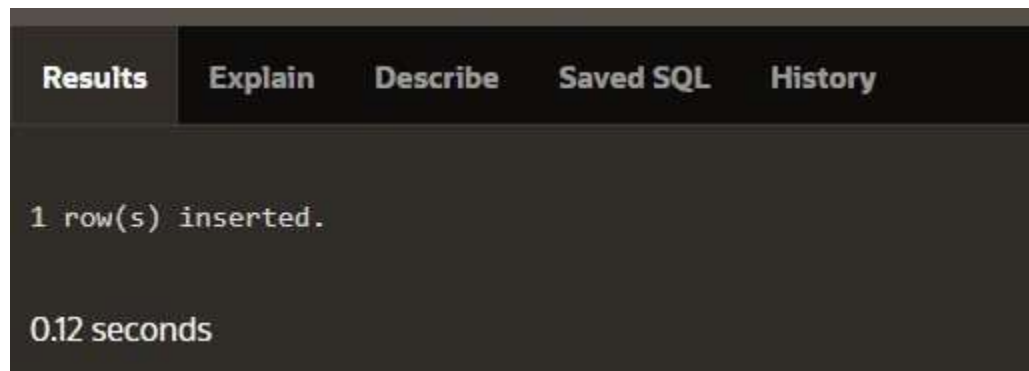
```
VALUES ('DELETE', 'employees', :OLD.employee_id, USER, v_old_values);
```

```
END IF;
```

```
END trg_audit_employees;
```

```
INSERT INTO employees (employee_id, first_name, salary)
```

```
VALUES (3, 'Ball', 50000);
```



```
UPDATE employees
```

```
SET salary = 55000
```

```
WHERE employee_id = 3;
```

```
1 row(s) updated.
```

```
0.06 seconds
```

```
DELETE FROM employees  
WHERE employee_id = 3;
```

```
SELECT * FROM audit_log;
```

AUDIT_ID	ACTION	TABLE_NAME	RECORD_ID	CHANGED_BY	CHANGE_TIMESTAMP	OLD_VALUES	NEW_VALUES
1	INSERT	employees	5	APEX_PUBLIC_USER	16-OCT-24 04:39:07 PM	-	employee_id: 5, first_name: null, salary: 50000
2	DELETE	employees	5	APEX_PUBLIC_USER	16-OCT-24 04:41:49 PM	employee_id: 5, first_name: null, salary: 50000	-
3	UPDATE	employees	5	APEX_PUBLIC_USER	16-OCT-24 04:40:05 PM	employee_id: 5, first_name: null, salary: 50000	employee_id: 5, first_name: null, salary: 50000

3 rows returned in 0.00 seconds [Download](#)

PROGRAM 7

implement a trigger that automatically calculates and updates
a running total column for a table whenever new rows are inserted.

```
CREATE TABLE transactions (  
    transaction_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,  
    amount NUMBER,    running_total  
    NUMBER  
);
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER update_running_total  
FOR INSERT ON transactions  
COMPOUND TRIGGER
```


NAME:PRIYANKA E

ROLLNO:231901038

TYPE amount_array IS TABLE OF NUMBER INDEX BY PLS_INTEGER; new_amounts
amount_array;

BEFORE EACH ROW IS

BEGIN new_amounts(:NEW.transaction_id) :=
 :NEW.amount;
END BEFORE EACH ROW;

AFTER STATEMENT IS

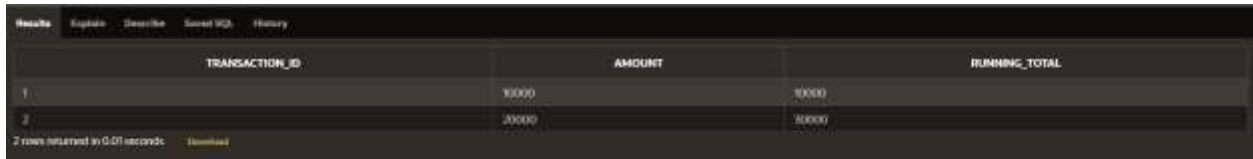
BEGIN
 DECLARE v_total
 NUMBER;
 BEGIN
 SELECT NVL(MAX(running_total), 0)
 INTO v_total
 FROM transactions;

 FOR i IN new_amounts.FIRST .. new_amounts.LAST LOOP v_total :=
 v_total + new_amounts(i);
 UPDATE transactions
 SET running_total = v_total
 WHERE transaction_id = i;
 END LOOP;
 END;
END AFTER STATEMENT;

END update_running_total;
INSERT INTO transactions (transaction_id, amount) VALUES
(1, 10000);

CSE(CYBER SECURITY)

```
INSERT INTO transactions (transaction_id, amount)
VALUES (2, 20000);
```



TRANSACTION_ID	AMOUNT	RUNNING_TOTAL
1	10000	10000
2	20000	30000

PROGRAM 7

create a trigger that validates the availability of items before

allowing an order to be placed, considering stock levels and pending orders.

```
CREATE TABLE inventory ( item_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY, item_name VARCHAR2(100),
stock_level NUMBER
```

```
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE orders ( order_id
NUMBER PRIMARY KEY, item_id
NUMBER, quantity NUMBER,
order_status VARCHAR2(20),
CONSTRAINT fk_item FOREIGN KEY (item_id) REFERENCES inventory(item_id)
);
```

NAME:PRIYANKA E

ROLLNO:231901038

```
CREATE OR REPLACE  
TRIGGER
```

```
validate_stock_before_order
```

```
BEFORE INSERT ON
```

```
ordersDECLARE
```

```
v_stock_level NUMBER;
```

```
v_pending_orders NUMBER;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
SELECT stock_level
```

```
INTO v_stock_level
```

```
FROM inventory
```

```
WHERE item_id = :NEW.item_id;
```

```
SELECT NVL(SUM(quantity), 0)
```

```
INTO v_pending_orders
```

```
FROM orders
```

```
WHERE item_id = :NEW.item_id
```

```
AND order_status = 'Pending';
```

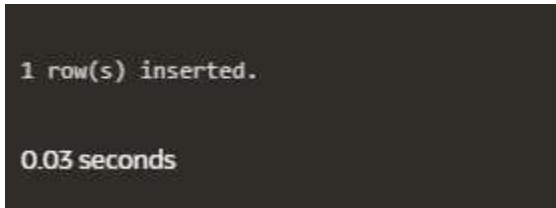
```
IF (:NEW.quantity + v_pending_orders) > v_stock_level THEN
```

```
RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Insufficient stock for item: ' || :NEW.item_id);
```

```
END IF;
```

```
END;
```

```
INSERT INTO orders (order_id, item_id, quantity, order_status) VALUES (1,  
101, 5, 'Pending');
```



```
1 row(s) inserted.
```

```
0.03 seconds
```

```
INSERT INTO orders (order_id, item_id, quantity, order_status)
```

VALUES (2, 103, 20, 'Pending');

```
ORA-20001: Insufficient stock for item: 103
ORA-06512: at "WKSP_SHRIRAM154.VALIDATE_STOCK_BEFORE_ORDER", line 15
ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger
'WKSP_SHRIRAM154.VALIDATE_STOCK_BEFORE_ORDER'

1. INSERT INTO orders (order_id, item_id, quantity, order_status)
2. VALUES (2, 103, 20, 'Pending');
```

ITEM_ID	ITEM_NAME	STOCK_LEVEL
101	Big Bottle	50
102	Big Bottle	20
103	Water	0

1 row returned in 0.01 seconds [Download](#)

ORDER_ID	ITEM_ID	QUANTITY	ORDER_STATUS
1	101	1	Pending

1 row returned in 0.01 seconds [Download](#)