

#### Project Report

# MEDALLION •THEATNE•

#### Theatre Ticketing System at the Medallion Theatre

#### Priyanka Malla

#### 1. Executive Summary

At the Medallion Theatre, reservations are currently taken manually. Customers call in and employees then take their reservation and write it down in a phone list. The reservations from that phone list then get transferred into the master seating chart. As this whole process takes place manually, there is a high possibility of making mistakes. That doesn't only mean stress for the employees trying to do the best possible work within that system, it also causes the patrons to be unsatisfied which might lose the theatre business.

Therefore, the system needs to be remodeled. The best way to improve the system in this case would be an online ticketing system. In that system, all the relevant information on patrons, performances, productions and seats could be stored and patrons would then have the possibility to book through there. The system would register the booking right away, avoiding mistakes like double bookings. Also, the system could generate a report at the end of a booking, detailing which seats for which performance were booked by a certain patron. This would make the ticket reservation system a lot more effective.

#### 2. System Requirements

The three main requirements for the new and improved system are the following:

efficiency - reliability - simplicity

The four areas in which these requirements will be manifested through changes are data storage, user input, ticket sale and report. First of all, the new system will store data on all patrons, productions, performances and seats which makes it reliable. Then, patrons can just create a user profile online and book their tickets on the website which doesn't only make the process more efficient but also more simple. The system also becomes more simple for employees of the theatre because they only need to update the information on the productions and performances and the online ticketing system takes care of the rest which avoids mistakes. In the end, a report on which patron has booked which seats is generated which makes the system reliable again as there cannot be double bookings or lost bookings that way.

#### 3. Project Roadmap

The first step is to develop a growth path for the company that defines the vision, mission, and strategic goals. These can usually be developed using the company history provided in the case. Company history is useful for business case studies as it helps us understand the scope of case study solutions. The next step is to understand the company. That people, their priorities and general culture. This can be done using the history of the company. Finally, we need to establish a timeline for case issues and events. Placing an event on the timeline allows us to predict the next event that may occur. It also helps in the development of case study solutions. The timeline also helps us to understand the ongoing challenges the organization faces.

So, the first step in the solution is to develop an enterprise-level strategy for our organization. This part consists of solutions that address organizational issues at the strategic level. These may be suggestions, changes, or recommendations related to the company's vision, mission, and strategic goals. We can include recommendations on how the organization can work towards achieving these strategic goals. In addition, we can show how much the recommendations mentioned contribute to solving the key issues mentioned and where the company will stand in the future. The second step in the solution is to develop a business-level strategy. The important thing here is that the strategy at the business level must be consistent with the company's overall strategy. Case studies don't just make recommendations for endangered issues. You also need to show how these recommendations are implemented. This is indicated by the appropriate implementation framework. A detailed implementation framework helps distinguish between average and above-average case study responses. A good implementation framework shows the proposed plan and how your organization's resources are used to achieve your goals. It also describes the necessary changes and process prerequisites.

#### 4. Project Management

As Group 6, we selected PMBOK for the analysis and design project. The Project Management Body of Knowledge (PMBOK) is a set of standard terminology and guidelines (a body of knowledge) for project management. The PMBOK recognizes 49 processes that fall into five basic process groups and ten knowledge areas:

The five process groups are:

- · Initiating
- · Planning
- · Executing

- Monitoring and Controlling
- · Closing

These are the 10 Project Management knowledge areas:

- · Project Integration Management
- · Project Scope Management
- · Project Schedule Management
- · Project Cost Management
- · Project Quality Management
- · Project Resource Management
- · Project Communications Management
- · Project Risk Management
- · Project Procurement Management
- · Project Stakeholder Management

1) Project Integration Management	Develop Project Charter;
	Develop Project Management Plan;
	Direct and Manage Project Work;
	Manage Project Knowledge;
	Monitor and Control Project Work;
	Perform Integrated Change Control;
	Close Project or Phase.

2) Project Scane Management	Dlan Scona Managamant
2) Project Scope Management	Plan Scope Management;
	Collect Requirements;
	Define Scope;
	Create WBS;
	Validate Scope;
	Control Scope.
3) Project Schedule Management	Plan Schedule Management;
	Define Activities;
	Sequence Activities;
	Estimate Activity Durations;
	Develop Schedule;
	Control Schedule.
4) Project Cost Management	Plan Cost Management;
	Estimate Costs;
	Determine Budget;
	Control Costs.
5) Project Quality Management	Plan Quality Management;

	Manage Quality;
	Control Quality.
6) Project Resource Management	Plan Resource Management;
	Estimate Activity Resources;
	Acquire Resources;
	Develop Team;
	Manage Team;
	Control Resources.
7) Project Communications Management	Plan Communications Management;
	Manage Communications;
	Monitor Communications.
8) Project Risk Management	Plan Risk Management;
	Identify Risks;
	Perform Qualitative Risk Analysis;
	Perform Quantitative Risk Analysis;
	Plan Risk Responses;
	Implement Risk Responses;

	Monitor Risks.
9) Project Procurement Management	Plan Procurement Management;
	Conduct Procurements;
	Control Procurements.
10) Project Stakeholder Management	Identify Stakeholders;
	Plan Stakeholder Engagement;
	Manage Stakeholder Engagement;
	Monitor Stakeholder Engagement.

In this project, we definitely focus on the following processes more than others.

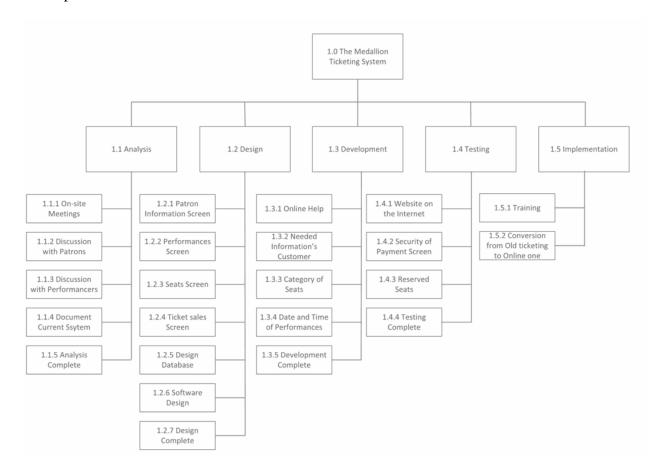
- · Develop Project Charter
- · Create WBS
- Define Activities

- · Sequence Activities
- · Estimate Activity Durations
- · Develop Schedule

Project Integration Management	Project Scope Management	Project Schedule Management
Develop Project     Charter	Create WBS	<ul> <li>Define Activities</li> <li>Sequence Activities</li> <li>Estimate Activity Durations</li> <li>Develop Schedule</li> </ul>

### **5.** Work Breakdown Structure

Creating a Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) is the process of subdividing project deliverables and project work into smaller, more manageable components. The key benefit of this process is



that it provides a structured vision of what has to be delivered.

#### 6. Developing a Schedule

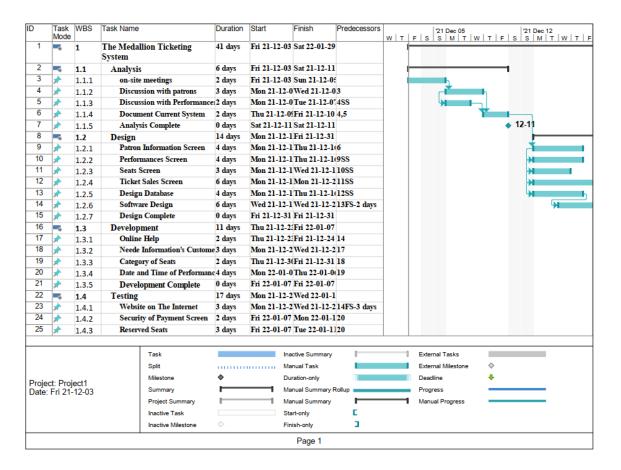
These relationships are defined below:

- Finish-to-start (FS). A logical relationship in which a successor activity cannot start until a predecessor activity has finished.
- Finish-to-finish (FF). A logical relationship in which a successor activity cannot finish until a predecessor activity has finished.
- Start-to-start (SS). A logical relationship in which a successor activity cannot start until a
  predecessor activity has started.

 Start-to-finish (SF). A logical relationship in which a successor activity cannot finish until a predecessor activity has started.

Leads: A lead is the amount of time whereby a successor activity can be advanced with respect to a predecessor activity.

Lags: A lag is the amount of time whereby a successor activity will be delayed with respect to a



predecessor activity.

# 7. Use Case Diagram

26	Mode	WBS	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish Pre	decessors	wlt	FS	'21 D	ec 05	W   T   F	s	'21 D	ec 12 M   T	w I T
20	*	1.4.4	Testing Complete	0 days	Wed 22-01-1	Wed 22-01-1										
27	<b>-</b> 5	1.5	Implemention	13 days	Wed 22-01-1	Sat 22-01-29										
28	*	1.5.1	Training	3 days	Wed 22-01-1	Fri 22-01-14 25										
29	*	1.5.2	Conversion from old ticketin to the online	10 days	Mon 22-01-17	Fri 22-01-28 28										
30	*	1.5.3	Implemention Complete	0 days	Sat 22-01-29	Sat 22-01-29										
			Task			active Summary				ernal Ta					_	
			Task Split			nctive Summary inual Task				ernal Ta		*			_	
rojec	t: Proj	iert1	1	*	Ma	•			Exte			*			_	
rojec	t: Proj Fri 21-	iect1 -12-03	Split		Ma	nual Task			Exte Dea	ernal Mil						
Projec Oate:	t: Proj Fri 21-	ect1 -12-03	Split Milestone		Du Ma	nual Task ration-only			Exte	ernal Mil Idline	estone					
rojec late:	t: Proj Fri 21-	ject1 12-03	Split Milestone Summary		Du Ma	nual Task ration-only nual Summary Rollu			Exte	ernal Mil Idline gress	estone					
rojec	t: Proj Fri 21-	ect1 12-03	Split Milestone Summary Project Summary		Ma Du Ma Ma Sta	nual Task ration-only inual Summary Rollu inual Summary			Exte	ernal Mil Idline gress	estone				=======================================	

Use Case name: Ticketing System Unique ID: MTTS-11-

2021

**Area:** Medallion Theater Ticketing System

**Primary actor(s):** Patrons

**Stakeholder:** Patron, Box Office Manager

**Description:** Customers will have online access to seats available for reserving

**Triggering event:** Register in site

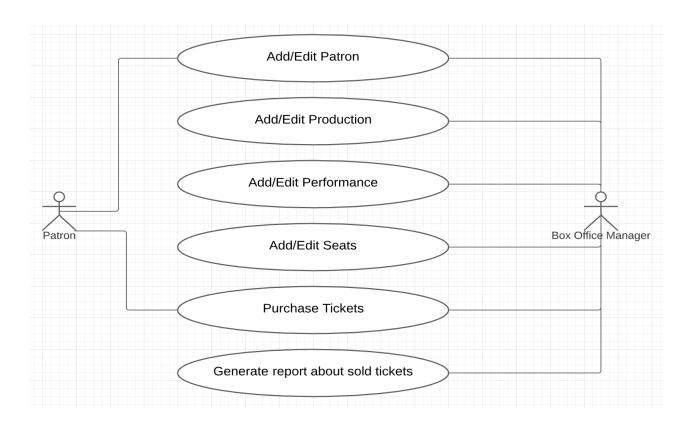
Steps performed:	Information for steps:
1. Patrons register in website	Web system address
2. Patrons enter personal and contact information	First and last name, cell phone number, zip code, E-mail address, ID number
3. Patrons will receive an authentication code link through email	Authentication code link
4. Patrons should click on the link	Authentication code link
5. Website will be open with a unique patron number	Patrons' information
6. Welcome message "your registration has completed successfully,	Completed registration

you can reserve your favorite seat now" will be shown to patrons	
7. Home page of Medallion Theater website will be appeared	Patrons' information
7.1 Unique patron number will be in the top right	Unique patron number
7.2 Patrons can select their interested performance at the center of screen	Unique patron number
7.2.1 A calendar will be shown after selecting performance by the patrons	Unique patron number
7.2.2 Patrons can choose the day and time by the calendar	Unique patron number
7.2.3 Two buttons including  "approve and next" and  "back" is in the bottom of  calendar page	Unique patron number

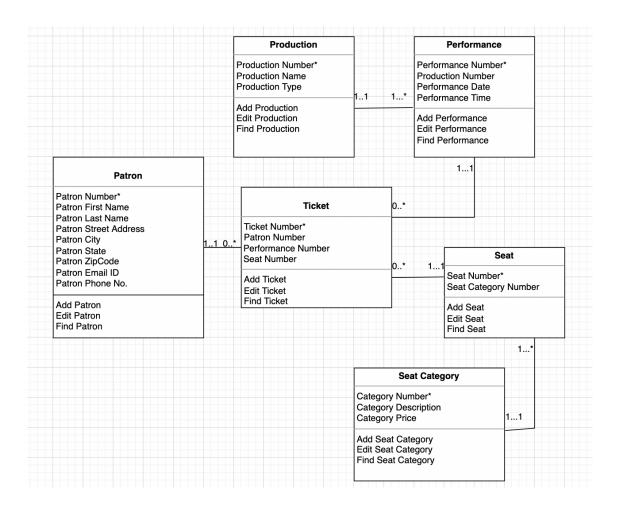
7.2.3.1 If patrons click on back, they will go back to	Unique patron number
home page	
7.2.3.2 If patrons click on approve and next, they will	Unique patron number
go to selecting seats page  7.2.4 Patrons can see different	
locations and available seats	Unique patron number
"with green" color and reserved seats with "red	
color"	
7.2.5 Patrons can select available seats (green one)	Unique patron number
and see its price and a button	
for 360 degree view, a button for finalizing order	
7.2.5.1 If patrons click on 360 degree view button,	Unique patron number
the will have a virtual tour of their seat location	

7.2.5.2 If patrons click on	Unique patron number
the finalizing button the	omque patron number
performance information	
including date and seat will	
be appeared. There are two	
buttons including "approve	
and pay" and "back and	
edit"	
7.2.5.2.1 If patrons click	
on the "approve and	Unique patron number
pay" button, the pay	
page will appear.	
7.2.5.2.2 If patrons click	Unique patron number
in "back and edit" the	Omque patron number
previous page will	
appear.	
8. After paying the ticket price the	Unique patron number
message, "you reserved Les miserable	
performance on Monday evening, 12 <sup>th</sup>	
June. Your seat is D20.	

9. Patrons' ticket immediately.	ts will email them	Unique patron number		
10. A reminder will hours before the sel	•	Unique patron number		
Preconditions:	Reservation with the vimistakes.	will call window is time consuming and has some		
Postconditions:		it their reservation is finalized, and no one can buy		
Assumption:	Patrons are informed about this facility.			
Success guarantee;	The performance will be able to predict the number of sold tickets, and plan to increase the number of performances.			
Minimum guarantee:	There will be no mistakes and trouble for patrons.			

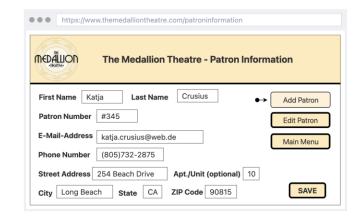


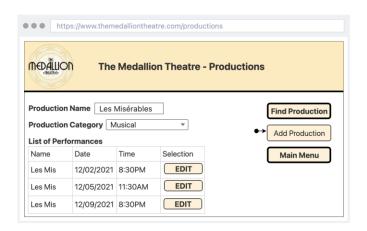
# 8. Class Diagram

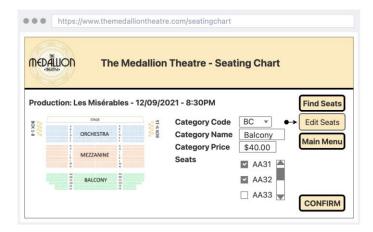


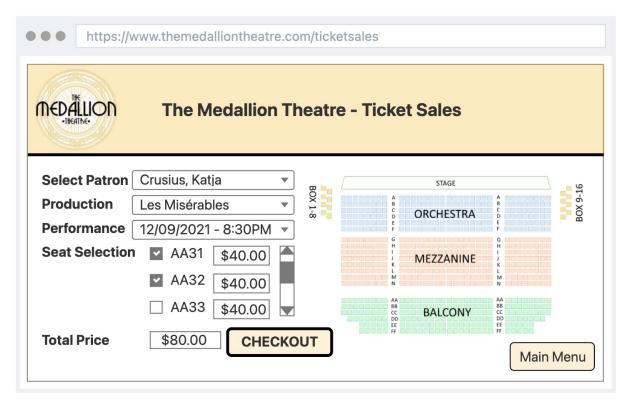
## 9. User Interface Designs











# 10. Post-Implementation Review

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