

MangoDB Class

#MangoDB Notes

MongoDb Projection



MongoDb Projection

- MongoDB, projection means selecting only the necessary data rather than selecting whole of the data of a document.
- If a document has 5 fields and you need to show only 3, then select only 3 fields from them.
- •In MongoDB, when you execute find() method, then it displays all fields of a document.
- To limit this, you need to set a list of fields with value 1 or 0.
- 1 is used to show the field while 0 is used to hide the fields.

- Syntax:-
- •db.COLLECTION_NAME.find({},{KEY:1})

- Example: -
- •db.student.find({},{"name":1,_id:0})

Relational Operator

Operation :-Equality

```
Syntax :-
```

- db.COLLECTION_NAME.find({<key>:<value>})
- Example :-
- db.employee.find({"salary":5000}).pretty()
- Explanation :-
- where salary = 5000



Operation :- Less Than

- Syntax :-
- db.COLLECTION_NAME.find({<key>:{\$lt:<value>}})
- Example :-
- db. employee.find({"salary":{\$lt:5000}}).pretty()
- Explanation :-
- where salary < 5000</p>



Operation :- Less Than Equals

- Syntax :-
- •db.COLLECTION_NAME.find({<key>:{\$lte:<value>}})
- Example :-
- db.employee.find({"salary":{\$lte:5000}}).pretty()
- Explanation :-
- where salary <= 5000</p>



Operation :- Greater Than

- Syntax :-
- •db.COLLECTION_NAME.find({<key>:{\$gt:<value>}})
- Example :-
- Db.employee.find({"salary":{\$gt:5000}}).pretty()
- Explanation :-
- where salary > 5000



Operation: Greater Than Equals

- Syntax :-
- •db.COLLECTION_NAME.find({<key>:{\$gte:<value>}})
- Example :-
- db.employee.find({"salary":{\$gte:5000}}).pretty()
- Explanation :-
- where salary >= 5000



Operation :- Not Equals

```
Syntax :-
```

- •db.COLLECTION_NAME.find({<key>:{\$ne:<value>}})
- Example :-
- db.employee.find({"salary":{\$ne:5000}}).pretty()
- Explanation :-
- where salary != 5000



And Operator

Syntax:-



Or Operator



Limit() Method

- To limit the records in MongoDB, you need to use limit() method.
- The method accepts one number type argument, which is the number of documents that you want to be displayed.



- Syntax:-
- •db.COLLECTION_NAME.find().limit(NUMBER)

- Example :-
- •db.mycol.find({},{"name":1,_id:0}).limit(2)



Skip() Method

•skip() method which also accepts number type argument and is used to skip the number of documents.

- Syntax :-
- •db.COLLECTION_NAME.find().limit(NUMBER).skip(NUMBER)

- Example :-
- •db.mycol.find({},{"name":1,_id:0}).limit(1).skip(1)

Sort() Method

- To sort documents in MongoDB, you need to use sort() method.
- To specify sorting order 1 and -1 are used.
 - 1 is used for ascending order while
 - -1 is used for descending order.

- Syntax:-
- •db.COLLECTION_NAME.find().sort({KEY:1})



Example

•db.mycol.find({},{"name":1,_id:0}).sort({"name":-1})

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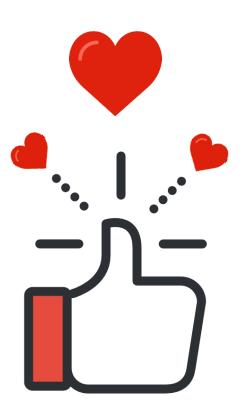
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