

# Banking

October 3, 2024

```
[50]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV, RandomizedSearchCV

import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
[51]: # Reading data from csv file and examine size of data as well as few rows of
↳data
df = pd.read_csv("LTFS_data.csv")
print(df.shape)
df.head()
```

(233154, 41)

```
[51]: UniqueID  disbursed_amount  asset_cost  ltv  branch_id  supplier_id  \
0    420825          50578        58400  89.55         67        22807
1    537409          47145        65550  73.23         67        22807
2    417566          53278        61360  89.63         67        22807
3    624493          57513        66113  88.48         67        22807
4    539055          52378        60300  88.39         67        22807
```

```
manufacturer_id  Current_pincode_ID  Date.of.Birth  Employment.Type  ...  \
0              45              1441    01-01-84      Salaried      ...
1              45              1502    31-07-85    Self employed  ...
2              45              1497    24-08-85    Self employed  ...
3              45              1501    30-12-93    Self employed  ...
4              45              1495    09-12-77    Self employed  ...
```

```
SEC.SANCTIONED.AMOUNT  SEC.DISBURSED.AMOUNT  PRIMARY.INSTAL.AMT  \
```

0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1991
2	0	0	0
3	0	0	31
4	0	0	0

	SEC.INSTAL.AMT	NEW.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS	\
0	0	0	
1	0	0	
2	0	0	
3	0	0	
4	0	0	

	DELINQUENT.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS	AVERAGE.ACCT.AGE	\
0	0	0yrs 0mon	
1	1	1yrs 11mon	
2	0	0yrs 0mon	
3	0	0yrs 8mon	
4	0	0yrs 0mon	

	CREDIT.HISTORY.LENGTH	NO.OF_INQUIRIES	loan_default
0	0yrs 0mon	0	0
1	1yrs 11mon	0	1
2	0yrs 0mon	0	0
3	1yrs 3mon	1	1
4	0yrs 0mon	1	1

[5 rows x 41 columns]

```
[52]: df.info() # Information about the dataset
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 233154 entries, 0 to 233153
Data columns (total 41 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   UniqueID                             233154 non-null int64
1   disbursed_amount                     233154 non-null int64
2   asset_cost                           233154 non-null int64
3   ltv                                  233154 non-null float64
4   branch_id                           233154 non-null int64
5   supplier_id                         233154 non-null int64
6   manufacturer_id                     233154 non-null int64
7   Current_pincode_ID                  233154 non-null int64
8   Date.of.Birth                       233154 non-null object
9   Employment.Type                     225493 non-null object
10  DisbursalDate                       233154 non-null object
```

11	State_ID	233154	non-null	int64
12	Employee_code_ID	233154	non-null	int64
13	MobileNo_Avl_Flag	233154	non-null	int64
14	Aadhar_flag	233154	non-null	int64
15	PAN_flag	233154	non-null	int64
16	VoterID_flag	233154	non-null	int64
17	Driving_flag	233154	non-null	int64
18	Passport_flag	233154	non-null	int64
19	PERFORM_CNS.SCORE	233154	non-null	int64
20	PERFORM_CNS.SCORE.DESCRPTION	233154	non-null	object
21	PRI.NO.OF.ACCTS	233154	non-null	int64
22	PRI.ACTIVE.ACCTS	233154	non-null	int64
23	PRI.OVERDUE.ACCTS	233154	non-null	int64
24	PRI.CURRENT.BALANCE	233154	non-null	int64
25	PRI.SANCTIONED.AMOUNT	233154	non-null	int64
26	PRI.DISBURSED.AMOUNT	233154	non-null	int64
27	SEC.NO.OF.ACCTS	233154	non-null	int64
28	SEC.ACTIVE.ACCTS	233154	non-null	int64
29	SEC.OVERDUE.ACCTS	233154	non-null	int64
30	SEC.CURRENT.BALANCE	233154	non-null	int64
31	SEC.SANCTIONED.AMOUNT	233154	non-null	int64
32	SEC.DISBURSED.AMOUNT	233154	non-null	int64
33	PRIMARY.INSTAL.AMT	233154	non-null	int64
34	SEC.INSTAL.AMT	233154	non-null	int64
35	NEW.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS	233154	non-null	int64
36	DELINQUENT.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS	233154	non-null	int64
37	AVERAGE.ACCT.AGE	233154	non-null	object
38	CREDIT.HISTORY.LENGTH	233154	non-null	object
39	NO.OF_INQUIRIES	233154	non-null	int64
40	loan_default	233154	non-null	int64

dtypes: float64(1), int64(34), object(6)

memory usage: 72.9+ MB

```
[53]: df.isnull().sum() # To check for null values
```

```
[53]: UniqueID          0
disbursed_amount      0
asset_cost            0
ltv                   0
branch_id             0
supplier_id           0
manufacturer_id       0
Current_pincode_ID    0
Date.of.Birth         0
Employment.Type       7661
DisbursalDate         0
State_ID              0
```

Employee_code_ID	0
MobileNo_Avl_Flag	0
Aadhar_flag	0
PAN_flag	0
VoterID_flag	0
Driving_flag	0
Passport_flag	0
PERFORM_CNS.SCORE	0
PERFORM_CNS.SCORE.DESCRPTION	0
PRI.NO.OF.ACCTS	0
PRI.ACTIVE.ACCTS	0
PRI.OVERDUE.ACCTS	0
PRI.CURRENT.BALANCE	0
PRI.SANCTIONED.AMOUNT	0
PRI.DISBURSED.AMOUNT	0
SEC.NO.OF.ACCTS	0
SEC.ACTIVE.ACCTS	0
SEC.OVERDUE.ACCTS	0
SEC.CURRENT.BALANCE	0
SEC.SANCTIONED.AMOUNT	0
SEC.DISBURSED.AMOUNT	0
PRIMARY.INSTAL.AMT	0
SEC.INSTAL.AMT	0
NEW.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS	0
DELINQUENT.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS	0
AVERAGE.ACCT.AGE	0
CREDIT.HISTORY.LENGTH	0
NO.OF_INQUIRIES	0
loan_default	0
dtype: int64	

```
[54]: df.dropna(inplace=True)
df.isnull().sum()
```

[54]: UniqueID	0
disbursed_amount	0
asset_cost	0
ltv	0
branch_id	0
supplier_id	0
manufacturer_id	0
Current_pincode_ID	0
Date.of.Birth	0
Employment.Type	0
DisbursalDate	0
State_ID	0
Employee_code_ID	0

MobileNo_Avl_Flag	0
Aadhar_flag	0
PAN_flag	0
VoterID_flag	0
Driving_flag	0
Passport_flag	0
PERFORM_CNS.SCORE	0
PERFORM_CNS.SCORE.DESCRPTION	0
PRI.NO.OF.ACCTS	0
PRI.ACTIVE.ACCTS	0
PRI.OVERDUE.ACCTS	0
PRI.CURRENT.BALANCE	0
PRI.SANCTIONED.AMOUNT	0
PRI.DISBURSED.AMOUNT	0
SEC.NO.OF.ACCTS	0
SEC.ACTIVE.ACCTS	0
SEC.OVERDUE.ACCTS	0
SEC.CURRENT.BALANCE	0
SEC.SANCTIONED.AMOUNT	0
SEC.DISBURSED.AMOUNT	0
PRIMARY.INSTAL.AMT	0
SEC.INSTAL.AMT	0
NEW.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS	0
DELINQUENT.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS	0
AVERAGE.ACCT.AGE	0
CREDIT.HISTORY.LENGTH	0
NO.OF_INQUIRIES	0
loan_default	0
dtype: int64	

Getting Numerical Columns from dataset

```
[55]: numcol = list(df._get_numeric_data().columns)
      numcol
```

```
[55]: ['UniqueID',
      'disbursed_amount',
      'asset_cost',
      'ltv',
      'branch_id',
      'supplier_id',
      'manufacturer_id',
      'Current_pincode_ID',
      'State_ID',
      'Employee_code_ID',
      'MobileNo_Avl_Flag',
      'Aadhar_flag',
```

```

'PAN_flag',
'VoterID_flag',
'Driving_flag',
'Passport_flag',
'PERFORM_CNS.SCORE',
'PRI.NO.OF.ACCTS',
'PRI.ACTIVE.ACCTS',
'PRI.OVERDUE.ACCTS',
'PRI.CURRENT.BALANCE',
'PRI.SANCTIONED.AMOUNT',
'PRI.DISBURSED.AMOUNT',
'SEC.NO.OF.ACCTS',
'SEC.ACTIVE.ACCTS',
'SEC.OVERDUE.ACCTS',
'SEC.CURRENT.BALANCE',
'SEC.SANCTIONED.AMOUNT',
'SEC.DISBURSED.AMOUNT',
'PRIMARY.INSTAL.AMT',
'SEC.INSTAL.AMT',
'NEW.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS',
'DELINQUENT.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS',
'NO.OF_INQUIRIES',
'loan_default']

```

Getting Categorical columns from data set

```

[56]: catcol = list(set(df.columns) - set(numcol))
      catcol

```

```

[56]: ['Employment.Type',
      'PERFORM_CNS.SCORE.DESCRPTION',
      'DisbursalDate',
      'Date.of.Birth',
      'AVERAGE.ACCT.AGE',
      'CREDIT.HISTORY.LENGTH']

```

```

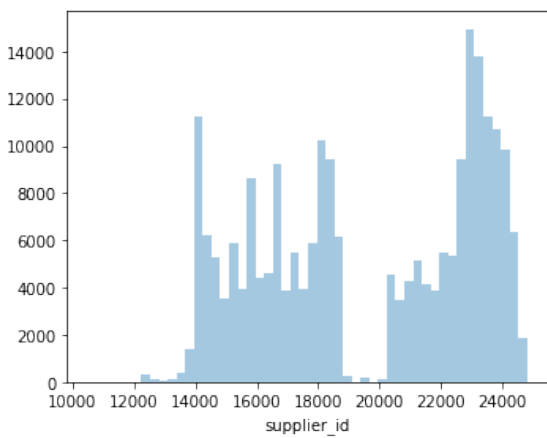
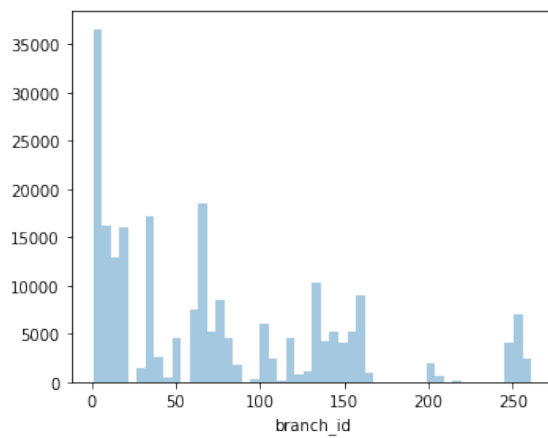
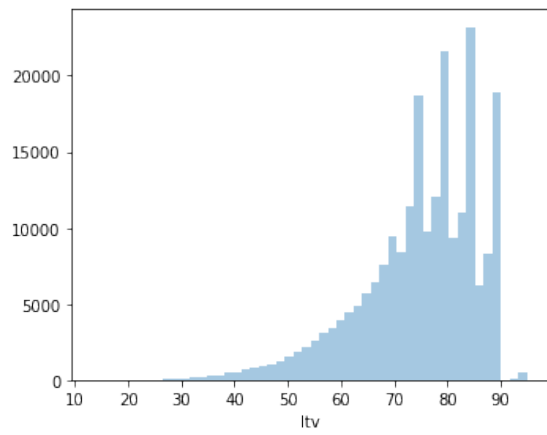
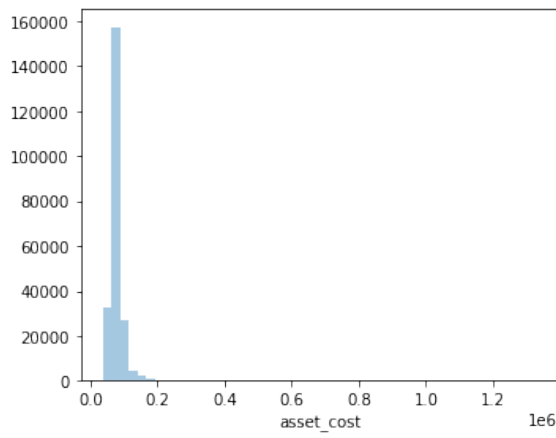
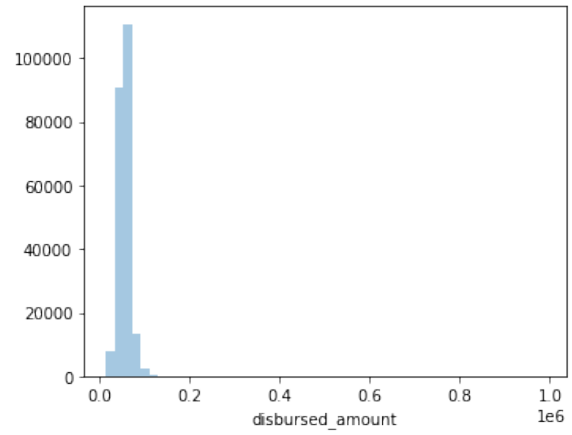
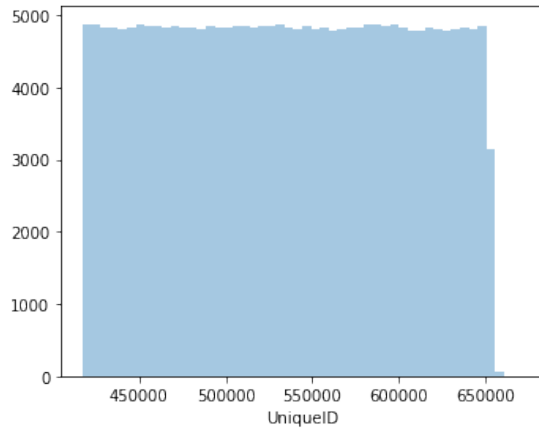
[57]: # Distribution plots for numerical categories

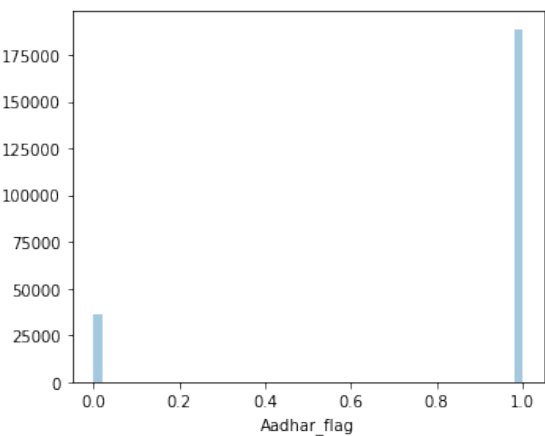
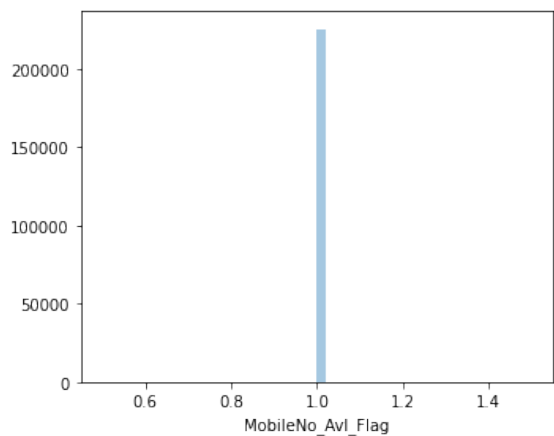
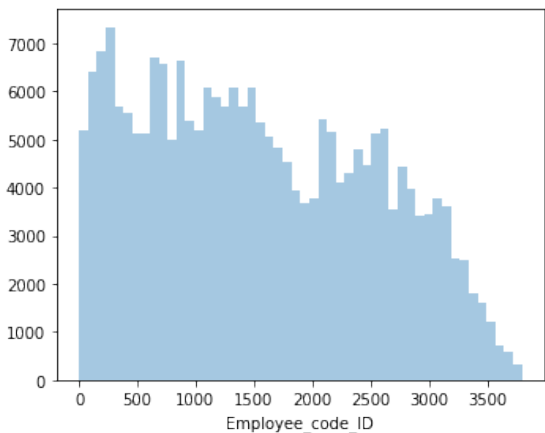
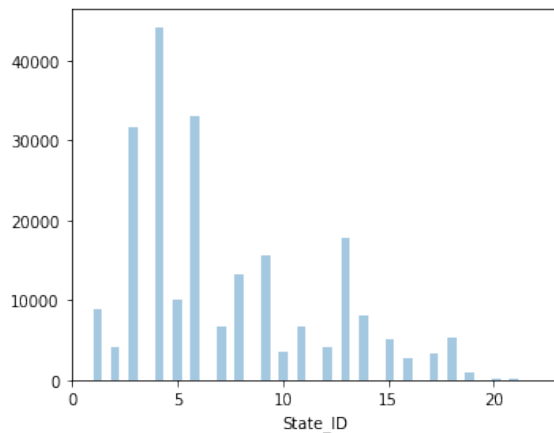
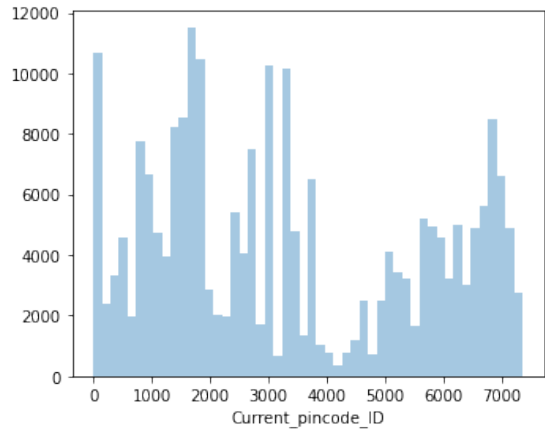
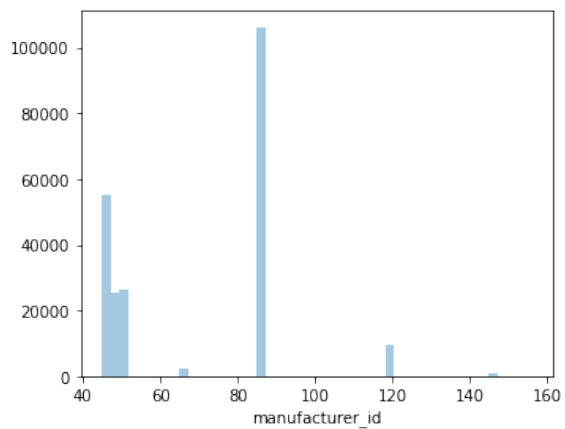
```

```

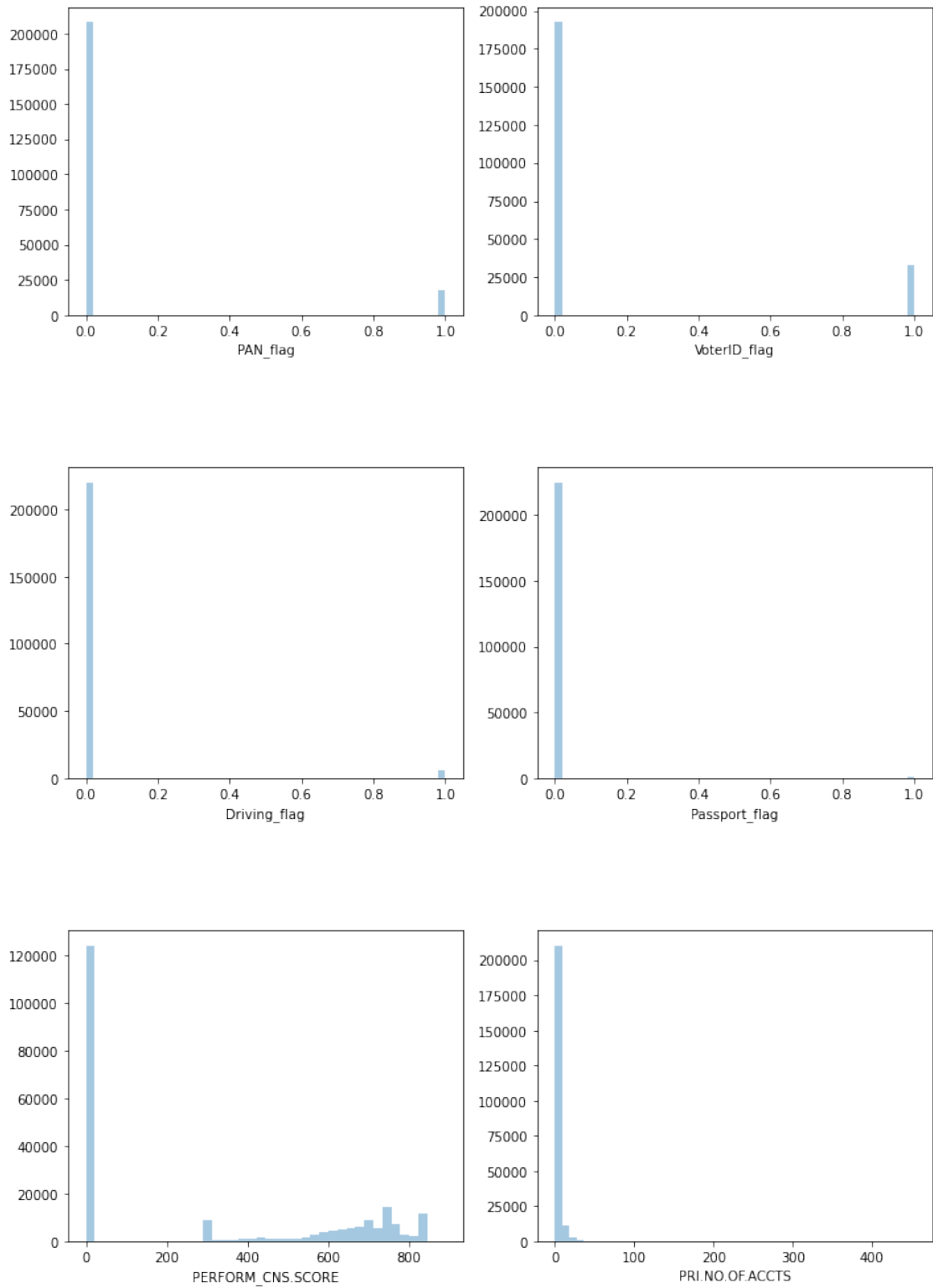
[58]: for i in range(0, len(numcol), 2):
      plt.figure(figsize=(10,4))
      plt.subplot(121)
      sns.distplot(df[numcol[i]], kde=False)
      plt.subplot(122)
      sns.distplot(df[numcol[i+1]], kde=False)
      plt.tight_layout()
      plt.show()

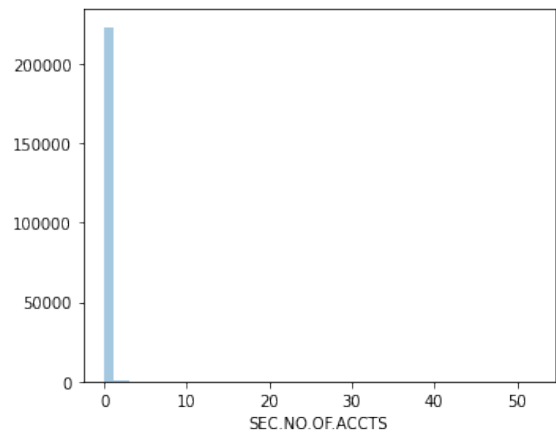
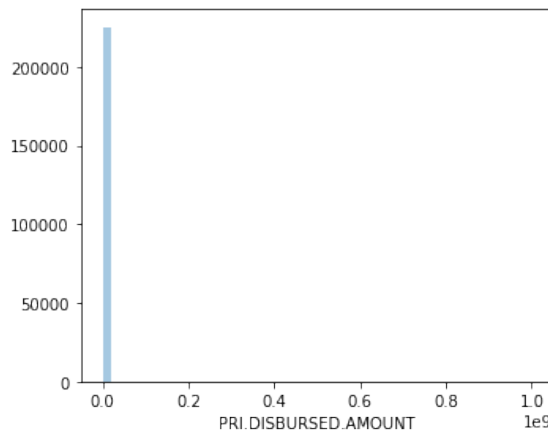
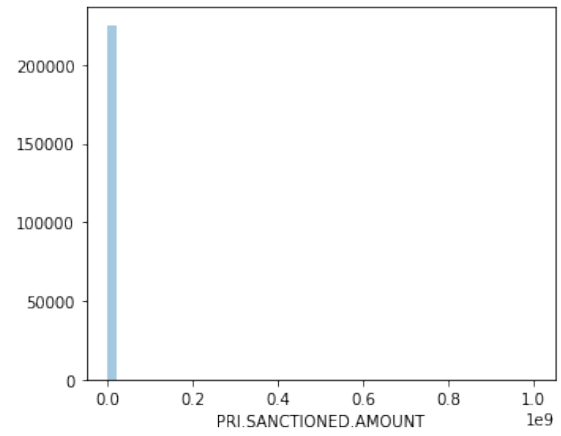
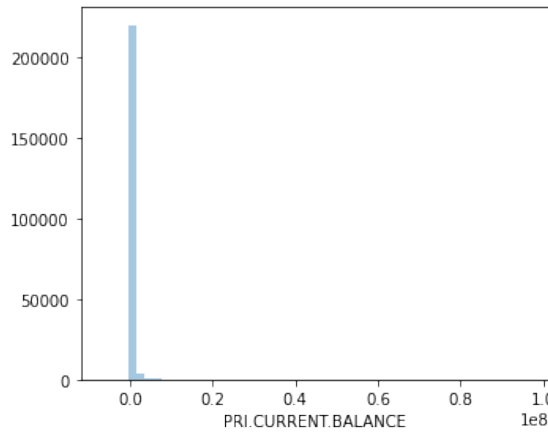
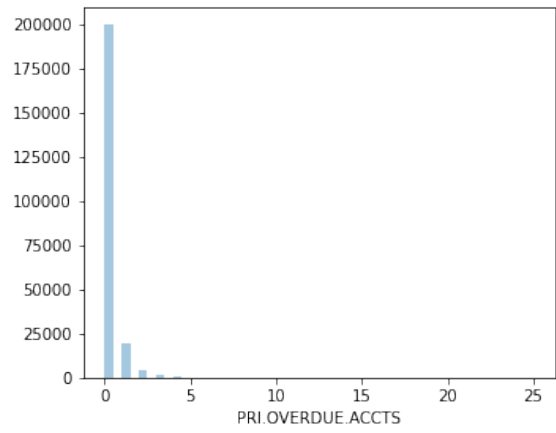
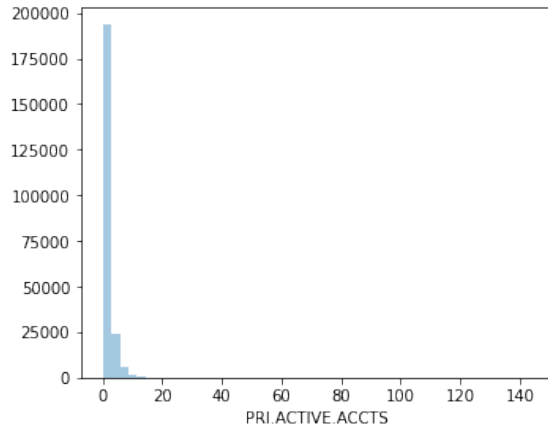
```

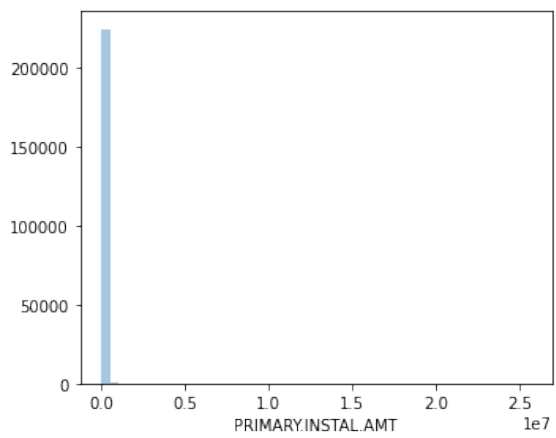
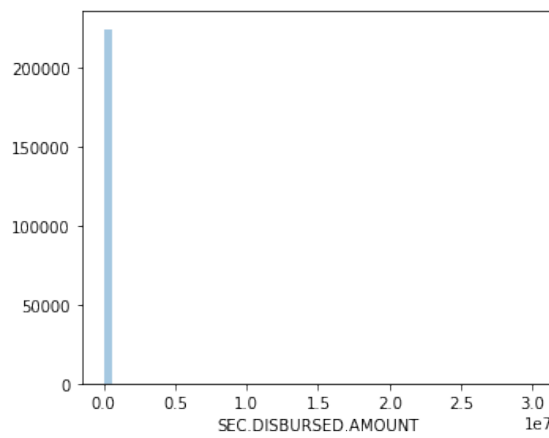
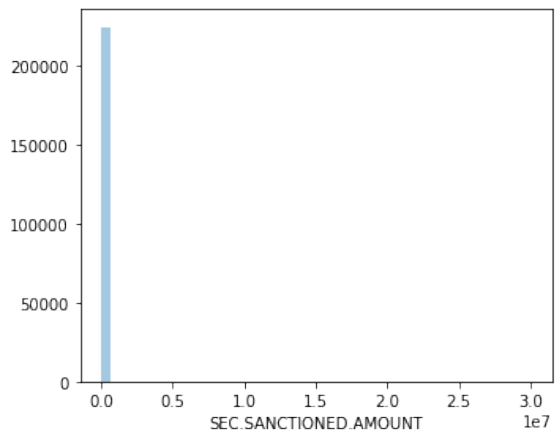
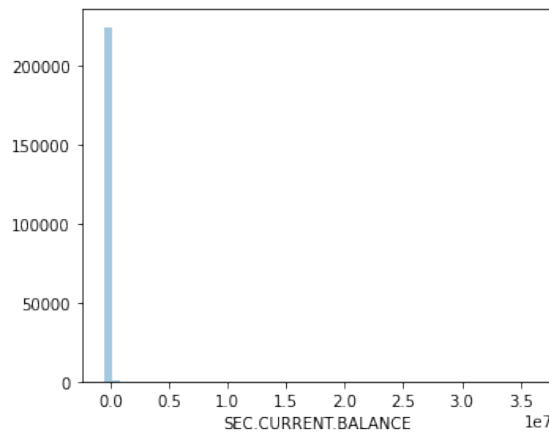
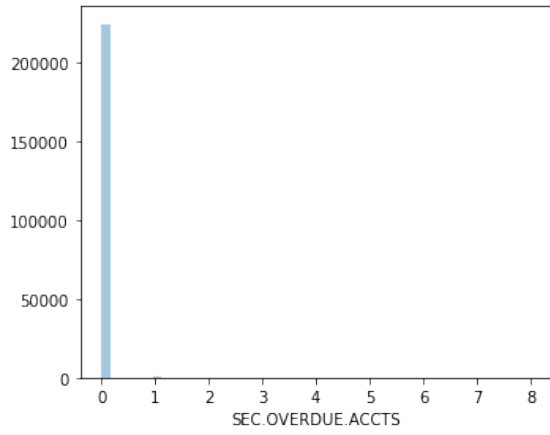
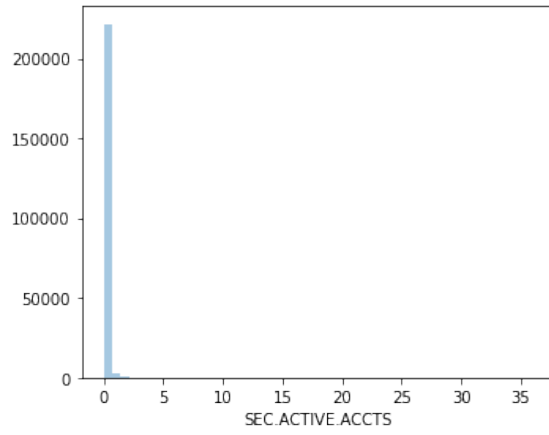


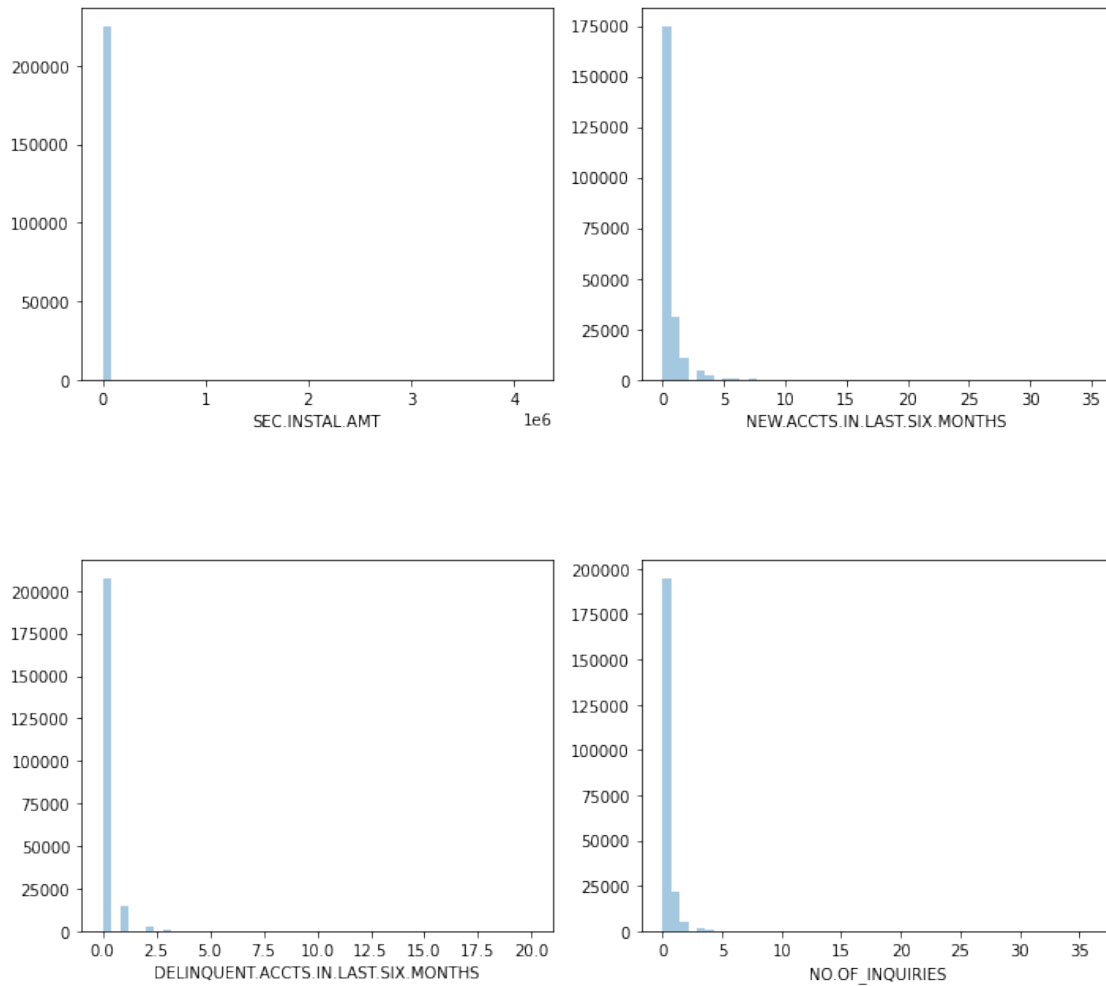










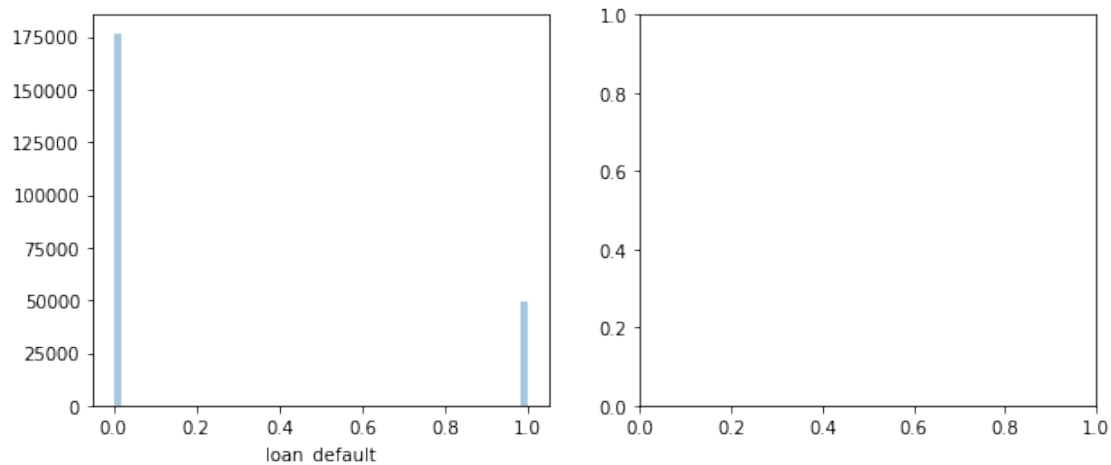


```

-----
IndexError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
/tmp/ipykernel_208/3886017166.py in <cell line: 1>()
      4     sns.distplot(df[numcol[i]], kde=False)
      5     plt.subplot(122)
----> 6     sns.distplot(df[numcol[i+1]], kde=False)
      7     plt.tight_layout()
      8     plt.show()

IndexError: list index out of range

```



## Categorical Data Analysis

```
[59]: df[catcol].head()
```

```
[59]: Employment.Type PERFORM_CNS.SCORE.DESCRPTION DisbursalDate Date.of.Birth \
0      Salaried      No Bureau History Available      03-08-18      01-01-84
1  Self employed      I-Medium Risk      26-09-18      31-07-85
2  Self employed      No Bureau History Available      01-08-18      24-08-85
3  Self employed      L-Very High Risk      26-10-18      30-12-93
4  Self employed      No Bureau History Available      26-09-18      09-12-77

AVERAGE.ACCT.AGE CREDIT.HISTORY.LENGTH
0      0yrs 0mon      0yrs 0mon
1      1yrs 11mon      1yrs 11mon
2      0yrs 0mon      0yrs 0mon
3      0yrs 8mon      1yrs 3mon
4      0yrs 0mon      0yrs 0mon
```

Two features AVERAGE.ACCT.AGE and CREDIT.HISTORY.LENGTH need to convert in terms of years.

```
[60]: df['AVERAGE.ACCT.AGE'] = df['AVERAGE.ACCT.AGE'].str.replace('yrs ', '.
      ↪', regex=False)
df['AVERAGE.ACCT.AGE'] = df['AVERAGE.ACCT.AGE'].str.
      ↪replace('mon', '', regex=False).astype(float)
df['CREDIT.HISTORY.LENGTH'] = df['CREDIT.HISTORY.LENGTH'].str.replace('yrs ', '.
      ↪', regex=False)
df['CREDIT.HISTORY.LENGTH'] = df['CREDIT.HISTORY.LENGTH'].str.
      ↪replace('mon', '', regex=False).astype(float)
df[catcol].head()
```

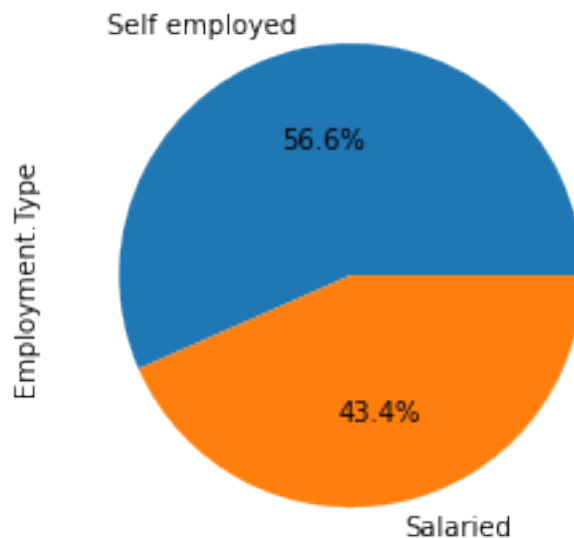
```
[60]:
```

	Employment.Type	PERFORM_CNS.SCORE.DESCRPTION	DisbursalDate	Date.of.Birth	\
0	Salaried	No Bureau History Available	03-08-18	01-01-84	
1	Self employed	I-Medium Risk	26-09-18	31-07-85	
2	Self employed	No Bureau History Available	01-08-18	24-08-85	
3	Self employed	L-Very High Risk	26-10-18	30-12-93	
4	Self employed	No Bureau History Available	26-09-18	09-12-77	

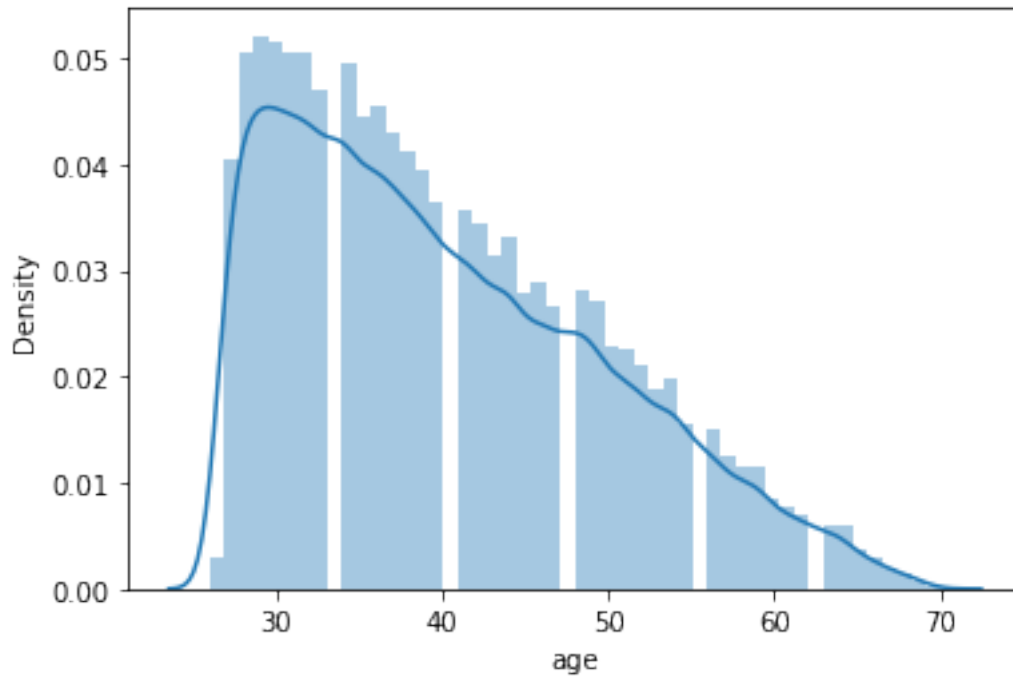
	AVERAGE.ACCT.AGE	CREDIT.HISTORY.LENGTH
0	0.00	0.00
1	1.11	1.11
2	0.00	0.00
3	0.80	1.30
4	0.00	0.00

```
[61]: # Count the each category values from feature
df['Employment.Type'].value_counts().plot(kind='pie', autopct='%1.1f%%')
plt.show()
```



Age distribution of customers

```
[63]: df['Date.of.Birth'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date.of.Birth'])
now = pd.Timestamp.now()
df['Date.of.Birth'] = df['Date.of.Birth'].where(df['Date.of.Birth'] < now,
↳ df['Date.of.Birth'] - np.timedelta64(100, 'Y')) # 2
df['age'] = (now - df['Date.of.Birth']).astype('<m8[Y]')
sns.distplot(df['age'])
plt.show()
```

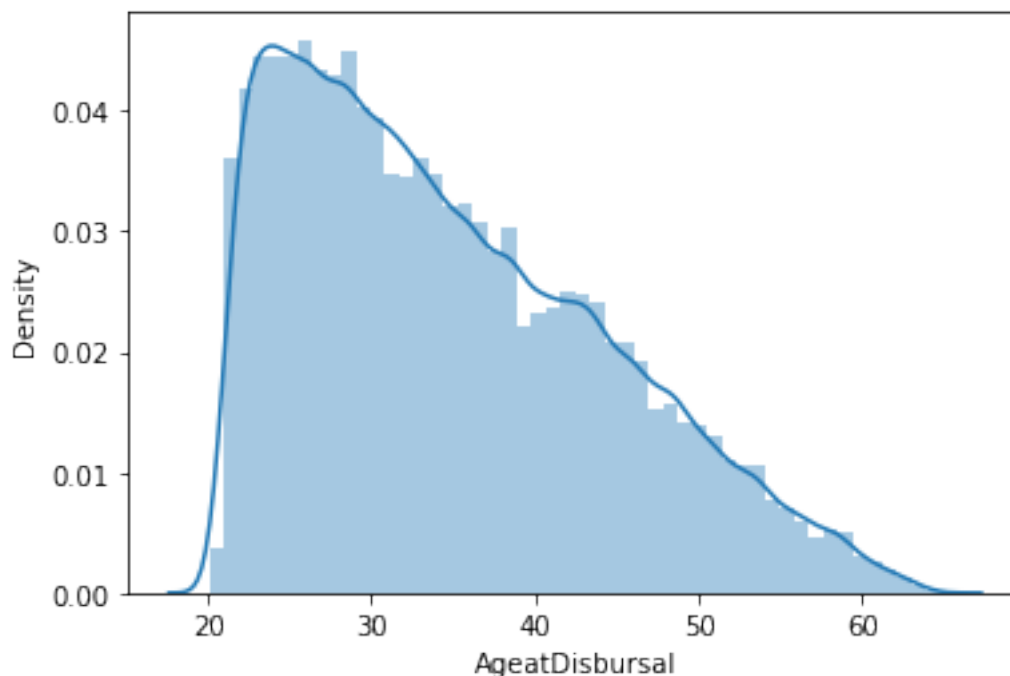


Age at Disbursal

```
[64]: df['DisbursalDate'] = pd.to_datetime(df['DisbursalDate'])
      df['Date.of.Birth'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date.of.Birth'])

      # Calculate Age at Disbursal in years
      df['AgeatDisbursal'] = (df['DisbursalDate'] - df['Date.of.Birth']).dt.days / 365.25

      # Plot age at disbursal distribution
      sns.distplot(df['AgeatDisbursal'])
      plt.show()
```



```
[65]: # Encode the values in terms of 0 and 1
df['Employment.Type'].replace({'Salaried': 0, 'Self employed': 1}, inplace=True)
```

```
[66]: # Identify unique values in each features
df.nunique()
```

```
[66]: UniqueID                225493
disbursed_amount            24228
asset_cost                  45415
ltv                         6541
branch_id                   82
supplier_id                 2945
manufacturer_id             11
Current_pincode_ID          6659
Date.of.Birth               14417
Employment.Type              2
DisbursalDate               84
State_ID                    22
Employee_code_ID            3269
MobileNo_Avl_Flag           1
Aadhar_flag                 2
PAN_flag                    2
VoterID_flag                2
Driving_flag                 2
Passport_flag                2
```



PERFORM_CNS.SCORE	573
PERFORM_CNS.SCORE.DESCRPTION	20
PRI.NO.OF.ACCTS	107
PRI.ACTIVE.ACCTS	40
PRI.OVERDUE.ACCTS	22
PRI.CURRENT.BALANCE	70044
PRI.SANCTIONED.AMOUNT	43743
PRI.DISBURSED.AMOUNT	47206
SEC.NO.OF.ACCTS	37
SEC.ACTIVE.ACCTS	23
SEC.OVERDUE.ACCTS	9
SEC.CURRENT.BALANCE	3197
SEC.SANCTIONED.AMOUNT	2195
SEC.DISBURSED.AMOUNT	2519
PRIMARY.INSTAL.AMT	27608
SEC.INSTAL.AMT	1890
NEW.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS	26
DELINQUENT.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS	14
AVERAGE.ACCT.AGE	178
CREDIT.HISTORY.LENGTH	269
NO.OF_INQUIRIES	25
loan_default	2
age	45
AgeatDisbursal	14996
dtype: int64	

Check Correlation

```
[112]: # Create correlation matrix
corr = df.corr()

# Set threshold for correlation
threshold = 0.5
corrlist = []

# Get the list of column names
cols = df.columns.tolist()

# Iterate through the correlation matrix
for i in range(1, corr.shape[0]): # Ensure i doesn't go beyond the matrix size
    for j in range(i):
        # Check if the correlation is above the threshold and not equal to 1
        if (abs(corr.iloc[i, j]) > threshold) and (abs(corr.iloc[i, j]) < 1):
            corrlist.append([corr.iloc[i, j], i, j])

# Sort the list by correlation value, higher correlations first
sort_corr_list = sorted(corrlist, key=lambda x: abs(x[0]), reverse=True)
```

```
# Print correlations and column names
for corr_value, i, j in sort_corr_list:
    print(f"{cols[i]} and {cols[j]} = {round(corr_value, 2)}")
```

```
SEC.OVERDUE.ACCTS and SEC.ACTIVE.ACCTS = 1.0
NO.OF_INQUIRIES and CREDIT.HISTORY.LENGTH = 1.0
PRI.OVERDUE.ACCTS and PRI.ACTIVE.ACCTS = 1.0
SEC.OVERDUE.ACCTS and SEC.NO.OF.ACCTS = 0.93
SEC.ACTIVE.ACCTS and SEC.NO.OF.ACCTS = 0.93
Aadhar_flag and Employee_code_ID = -0.87
PRI.SANCTIONED.AMOUNT and PRI.CURRENT.BALANCE = 0.83
NEW.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS and SEC.INSTAL.AMT = 0.82
PERFORM_CNS.SCORE and Passport_flag = 0.75
asset_cost and disbursed_amount = 0.75
SEC.DISBURSED.AMOUNT and PERFORM_CNS.SCORE = 0.7
SEC.DISBURSED.AMOUNT and Passport_flag = 0.54
PRI.DISBURSED.AMOUNT and PRI.SANCTIONED.AMOUNT = 0.53
PRI.DISBURSED.AMOUNT and PRI.CURRENT.BALANCE = 0.51
```

Plotting distribution of classes of target variable

```
[69]: print('Distribution of the loan_default in the dataset')
      print(df['loan_default'].value_counts()/len(df))

      sns.countplot(data=df, x='loan_default')
      plt.title('Distribution of Classes (Target variable)', fontsize=14)
      plt.show()
```

Distribution of the loan\_default in the dataset

```
0    0.782845
```

```
1    0.217155
```

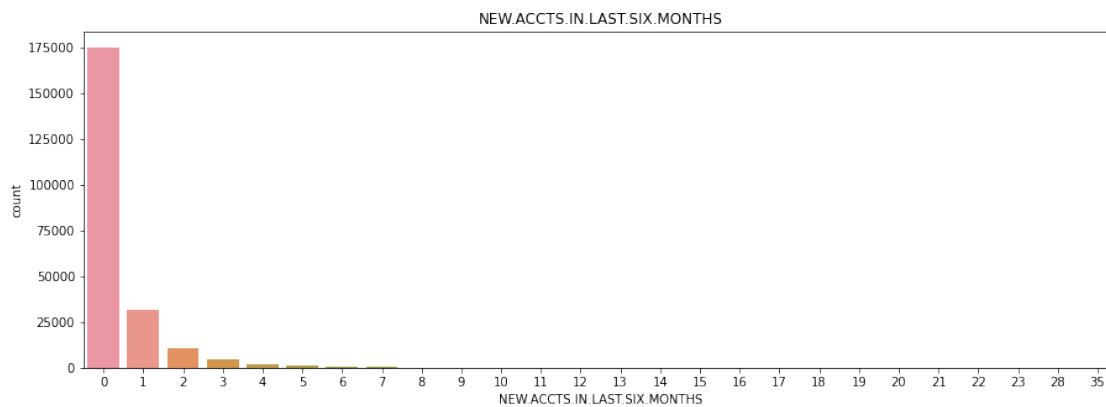
```
Name: loan_default, dtype: float64
```



```
[ ]: df.head()
```

No of Accounts created in last 6 months

```
[70]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
sns.countplot(data=df,x='NEW.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS')
plt.title("NEW.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS")
plt.show()
```

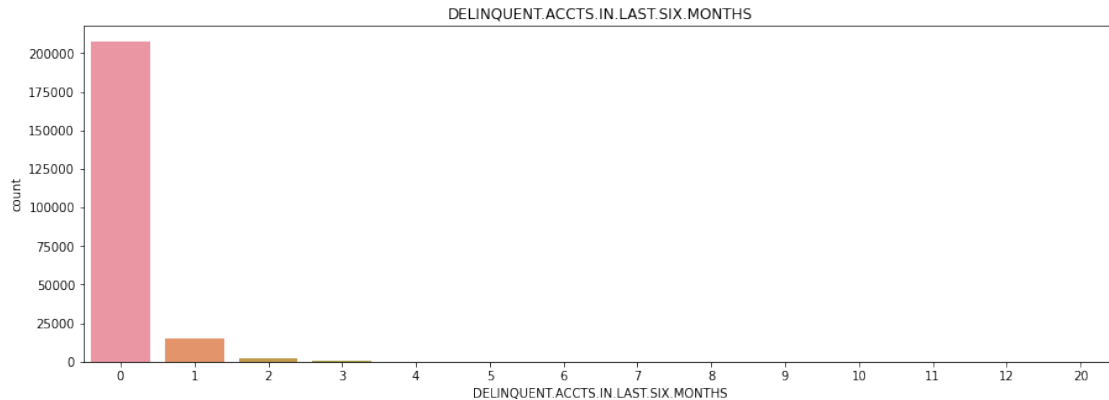


```
[71]: df['NEW.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS'].value_counts(normalize=100).head()
```

```
[71]: 0    0.775829
      1    0.139077
      2    0.047922
      3    0.019402
      4    0.008506
      Name: NEW.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS, dtype: float64
```

It can be inferred around 77% of the customers have zero new loans taken by them in last 6 months before the disbursement

```
[72]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
      sns.countplot(data=df, x='DELINQUENT.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS')
      plt.title("DELINQUENT.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS")
      plt.show()
```

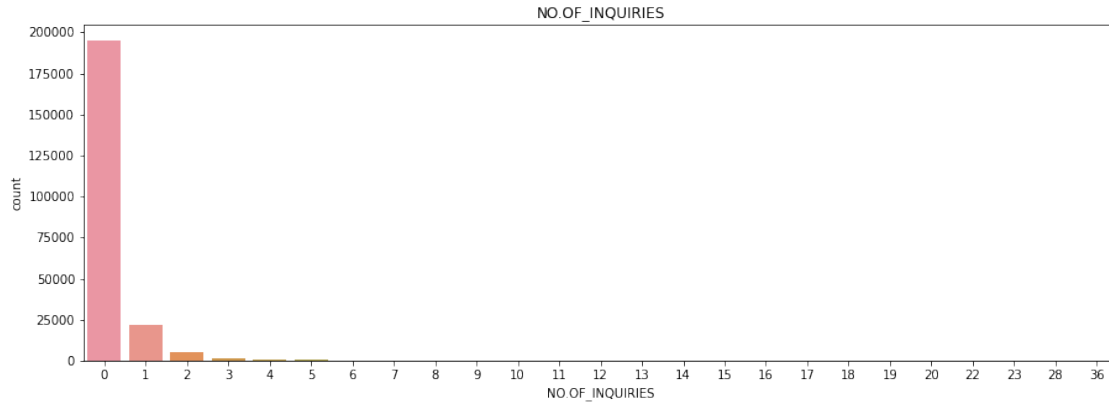


```
[73]: df['DELINQUENT.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS'].value_counts(normalize=100).head()
```

```
[73]: 0    0.920858
      1    0.065102
      2    0.010666
      3    0.002302
      4    0.000603
      Name: DELINQUENT.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS, dtype: float64
```

It can be inferred that around 86% of the customers have no loans defaulted in the last six months

```
[74]: # No of Enquiries
      plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
      sns.countplot(data=df,x='NO.OF_INQUIRIES')
      plt.title("NO.OF_INQUIRIES")
      plt.show()
```



```
[75]: df['NO.OF_INQUIRIES'].value_counts(normalize=100).head()
```

```
[75]: 0    0.864728
      1    0.096650
      2    0.023477
      3    0.007645
      4    0.003304
      Name: NO.OF_INQUIRIES, dtype: float64
```

Around 86% of the customers have not made any enquiries before taking the loans

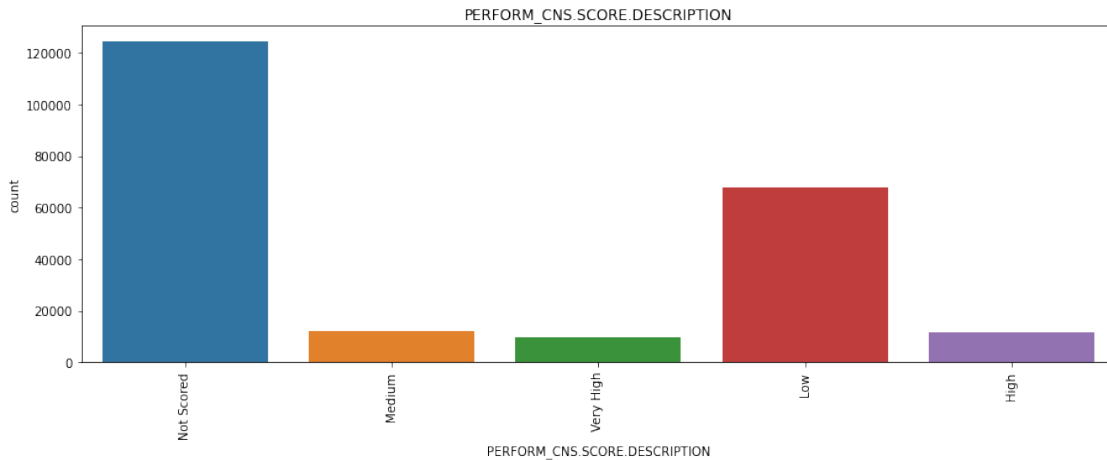
```
[77]: df = df.replace({'PERFORM_CNS.SCORE.DESCRPTION':{'C-Very Low Risk':'Low',
↳ 'A-Very Low Risk':'Low',
                                                    'B-Very Low Risk':'Low',
↳ 'D-Very Low Risk':'Low',
                                                    'F-Low Risk':'Low',
↳ 'E-Low Risk':'Low', 'G-Low Risk':'Low',
                                                    'H-Medium Risk':
↳ 'Medium', 'I-Medium Risk': 'Medium',
                                                    'J-High Risk':'High',
↳ 'K-High Risk':'High','L-Very High Risk':'Very High',
                                                    'M-Very High Risk':'Very
↳ High','Not Scored: More than 50 active Accounts found':'Not Scored',
                                                    'Not Scored: Only a
↳ Guarantor':'Not Scored','Not Scored: Not Enough Info available on the
↳ customer':'Not Scored',
                                                    'Not Scored: No
↳ Activity seen on the customer (Inactive)':'Not Scored','Not Scored: No
↳ Updates available in last 36 months':'Not Scored',
                                                    'Not Scored: Sufficient
↳ History Not Available':'Not Scored', 'No Bureau History Available':'Not
↳ Scored'}
```

```
}})
```

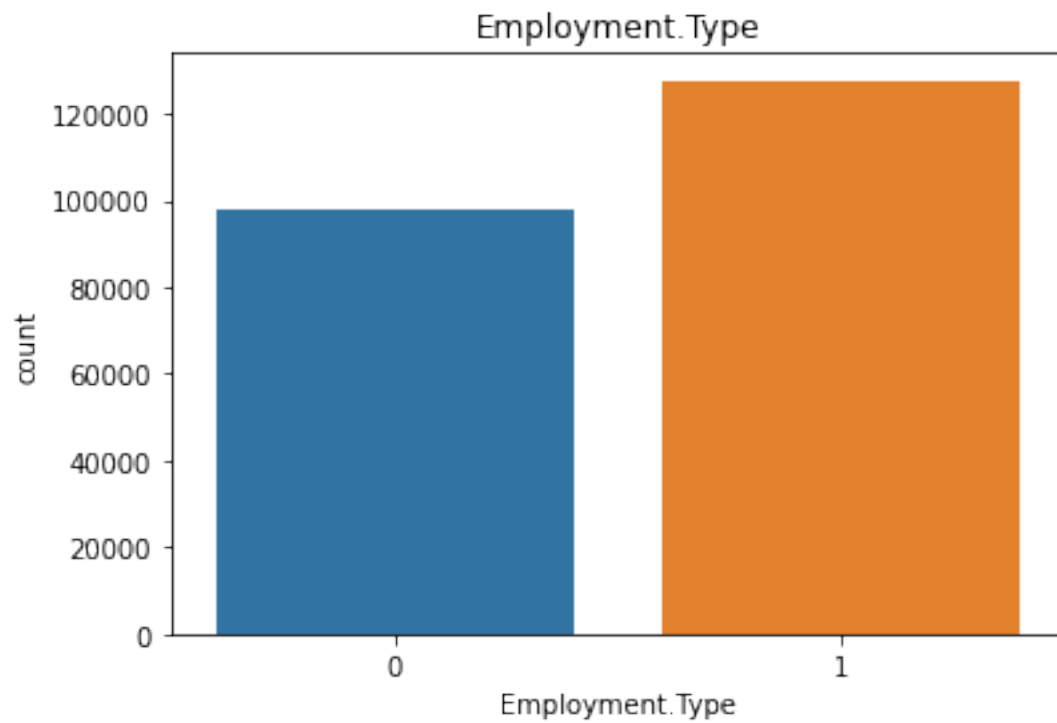
```
[78]: df['PERFORM_CNS.SCORE.DESRIPTION'].value_counts()
```

```
[78]: Not Scored    124253  
Low             67577  
Medium          12135  
High            11774  
Very High       9754  
Name: PERFORM_CNS.SCORE.DESRIPTION, dtype: int64
```

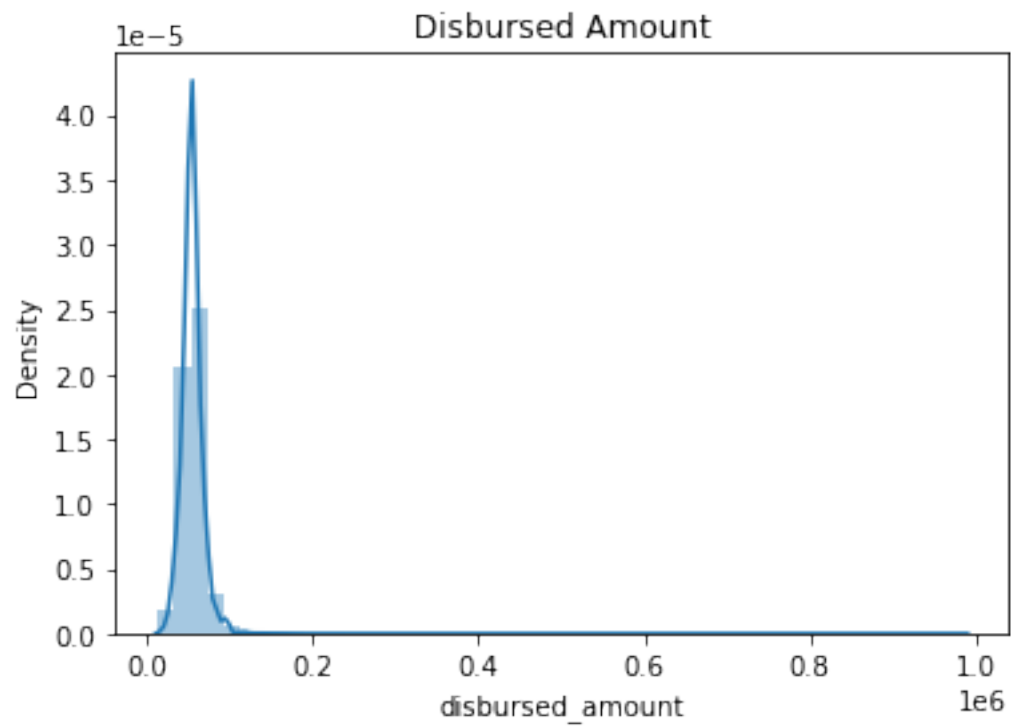
```
[79]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))  
sns.countplot(x=df['PERFORM_CNS.SCORE.DESRIPTION'])  
plt.title("PERFORM_CNS.SCORE.DESRIPTION")  
plt.xticks(rotation=90)  
plt.show()
```



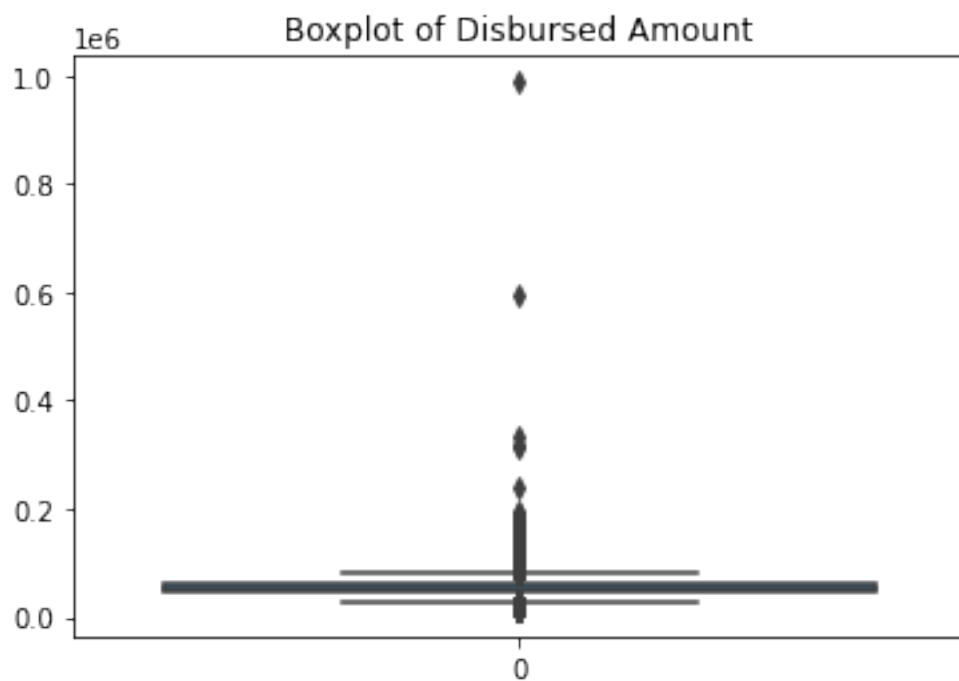
```
[80]: sns.countplot(data=df,x='Employment.Type')  
plt.title("Employment.Type")  
plt.show()
```



```
[81]: #disbursed_amount = Amount of Loan disbursed
sns.distplot(df['disbursed_amount'])
plt.title("Disbursed Amount")
plt.show()
```



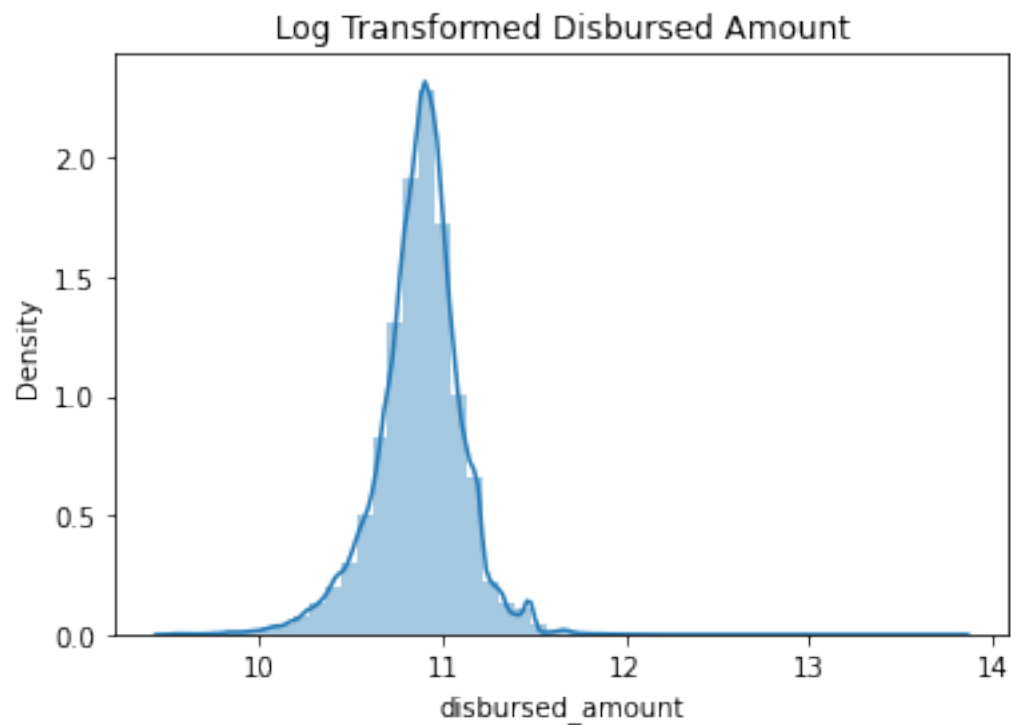
```
[82]: sns.boxplot(df['disbursed_amount'])  
plt.title("Boxplot of Disbursed Amount")  
plt.show()
```



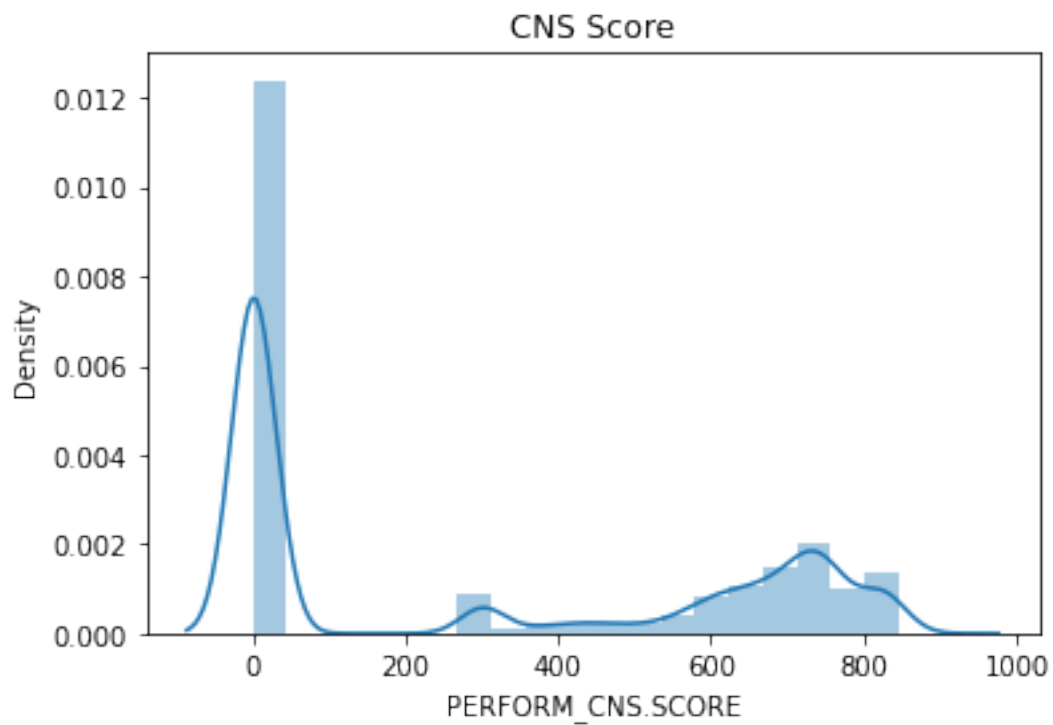


It is heavily right skewed data.

```
[83]: sns.distplot(np.log(df['disbursed_amount']))  
plt.title("Log Transformed Disbursed Amount")  
plt.show()
```



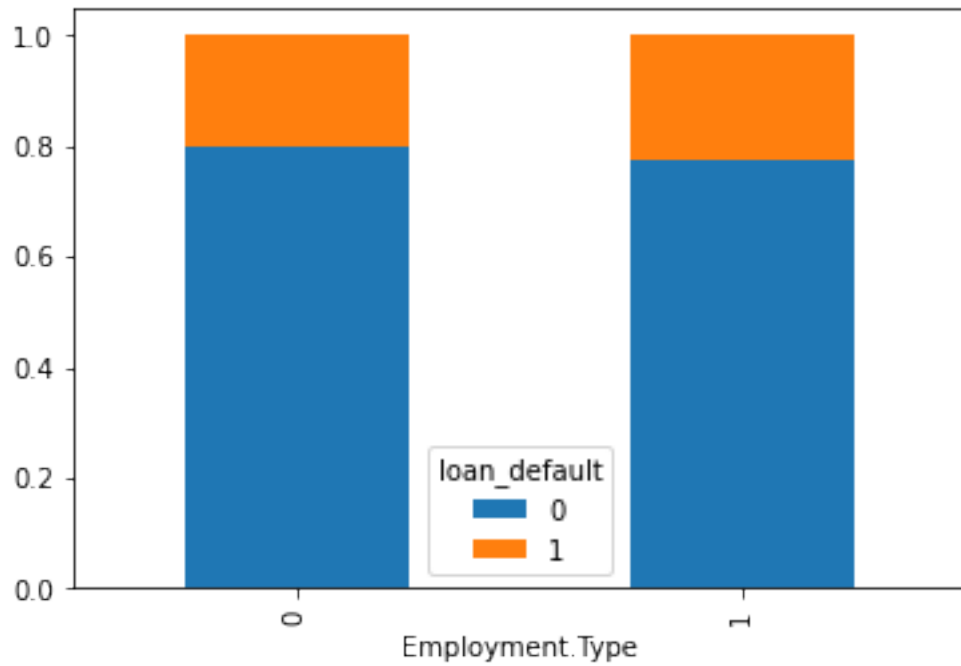
```
[84]: sns.distplot(df['PERFORM_CNS.SCORE'],bins=20)  
plt.title("CNS Score")  
plt.show()
```



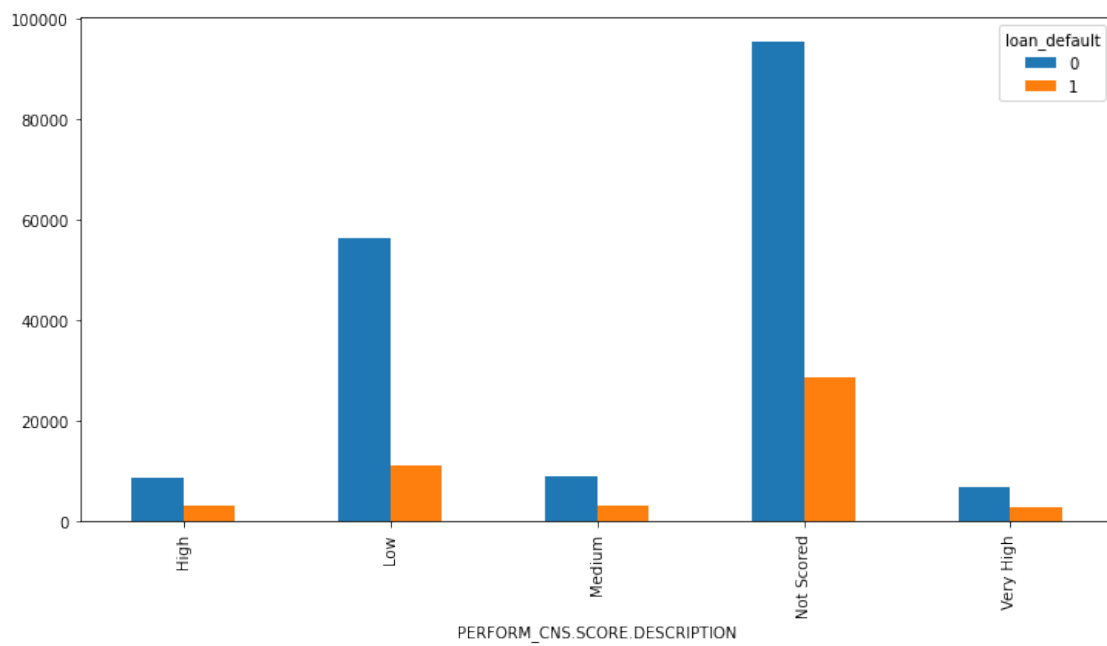
## Bivariate Analysis

### Employment type Vs Loan Default

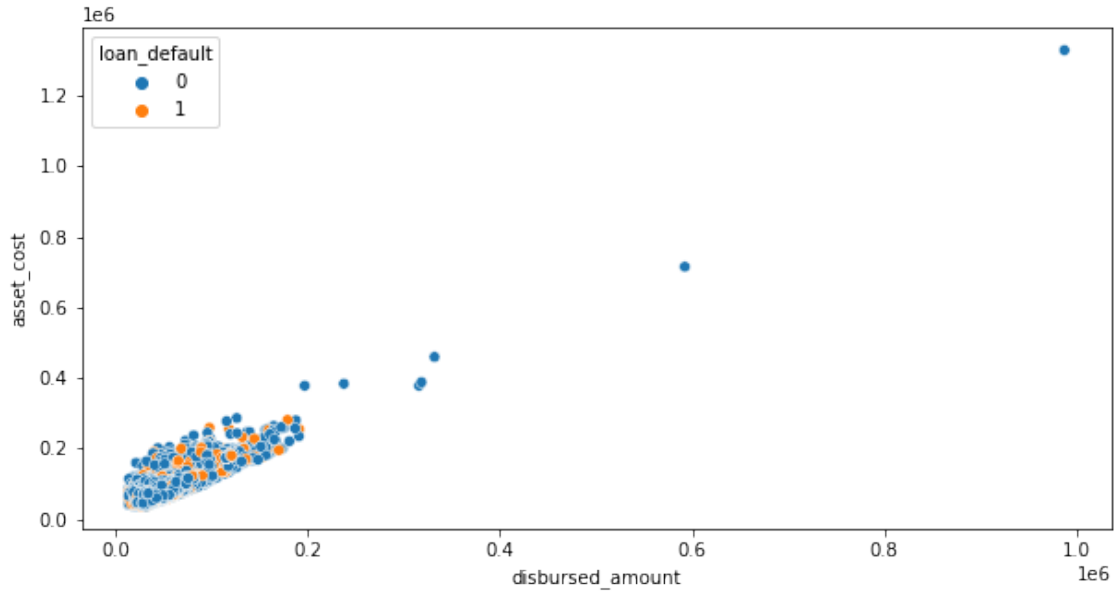
```
[85]: a = pd.crosstab(df['Employment.Type'],df['loan_default'],normalize="index")  
a.plot(kind='bar', stacked = True)  
plt.show()
```



```
[86]: b = pd.crosstab(df['PERFORM_CNS.SCORE.DESRIPTION'],df['loan_default'])  
b.plot.bar(figsize=(12,6))  
plt.show()
```



```
[87]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
sns.
    ↳scatterplot(x=df["disbursed_amount"],y=df["asset_cost"],hue=df['loan_default'])
plt.show()
```



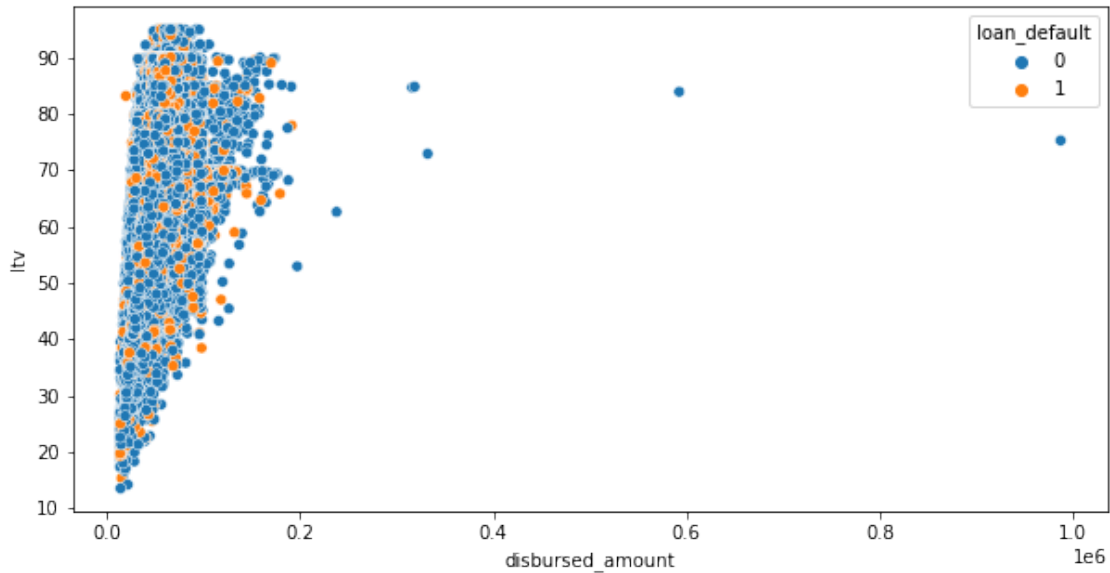
```
[88]: df[["disbursed_amount","asset_cost"]].corr()
```

```
[88]:
```

	disbursed_amount	asset_cost
disbursed_amount	1.000000	0.746037
asset_cost	0.746037	1.000000

Strong correlation between disbursed amount and asset cost

```
[89]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
sns.
    ↳scatterplot(x=df["disbursed_amount"],y=df["ltv"],hue=df['loan_default'],markers="x")
plt.show()
```



Moderate Correlation

```
[ ]: Multivariate Analysis
```

```
[98]: new_df = df.copy()
      new_df.columns
```

```
[98]: Index(['UniqueID', 'disbursed_amount', 'asset_cost', 'ltv', 'branch_id',
            'supplier_id', 'manufacturer_id', 'Current_pincode_ID', 'Date.of.Birth',
            'Employment.Type', 'DisbursalDate', 'State_ID', 'Employee_code_ID',
            'MobileNo_Avl_Flag', 'Aadhar_flag', 'PAN_flag', 'VoterID_flag',
            'Driving_flag', 'Passport_flag', 'PERFORM_CNS.SCORE',
            'PERFORM_CNS.SCORE.DESCRPTION', 'PRI.NO.OF.ACCTS', 'PRI.ACTIVE.ACCTS',
            'PRI.OVERDUE.ACCTS', 'PRI.CURRENT.BALANCE', 'PRI.SANCTIONED.AMOUNT',
            'PRI.DISBURSED.AMOUNT', 'SEC.NO.OF.ACCTS', 'SEC.ACTIVE.ACCTS',
            'SEC.OVERDUE.ACCTS', 'SEC.CURRENT.BALANCE', 'SEC.SANCTIONED.AMOUNT',
            'SEC.DISBURSED.AMOUNT', 'PRIMARY.INSTAL.AMT', 'SEC.INSTAL.AMT',
            'NEW.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS', 'DELINQUENT.ACCTS.IN.LAST.SIX.MONTHS',
            'AVERAGE.ACCT.AGE', 'CREDIT.HISTORY.LENGTH', 'NO.OF_INQUIRIES',
            'loan_default', 'age', 'AgeatDisbursal'],
           dtype='object')
```

Modelling

```
[104]: X = new_df.drop(['loan_default', 'Date.of.Birth', 'PERFORM_CNS.SCORE.
            ↳DESCRIPTION', 'DisbursalDate'], axis=1)
      y = new_df['loan_default'].copy()
```

```
[105]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.
↳3, random_state=42)
print("X_train size: ", X_train.shape)
print("X_test size: ", X_test.shape)
```

X\_train size: (157845, 39)

X\_test size: (67648, 39)

Build and evaluate models Define evaluation function which calculates following metrics:

Confusion matrix Accuracy score Precision Recall F1 score ROC AUC score

```
[102]: def evaluate_model(y_test, y_pred):
    print("Confusion Matrix: \n", metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
    print("Accuracy: ", metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
    print("Precision: ", metrics.precision_score(y_test, y_pred))
    print("Recall: ", metrics.recall_score(y_test, y_pred))
    print("f1 score: ", metrics.f1_score(y_test, y_pred))
    print("roc_auc_score: ", metrics.roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred))
```

```
[106]: # Scaling training and testing data
scaler = StandardScaler()

X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

### 1. Logistic Regression

```
[107]: # Find best parameters using grid search
params = {'C':[0.1, 0.5, 1, 5]}

lr = LogisticRegression()
grid = GridSearchCV(estimator=lr, param_grid=params)
grid.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = grid.predict(X_test)
evaluate_model(y_test, y_pred)
```

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[52636   86]
```

```
[14848   78]]
```

Accuracy: 0.7792395931882686

Precision: 0.47560975609756095

Recall: 0.005225780517218277

f1 score: 0.010337972166998012

roc\_auc\_score: 0.5017972914573496

### 2. Decision Tree

```
[108]: params = {'criterion':['gini','entropy'], 'max_depth': [2,3,4,5]}
dt = DecisionTreeClassifier()
dt_clf = GridSearchCV(dt, params)
dt_clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = dt_clf.predict(X_test)
evaluate_model(y_test, y_pred)
```

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[52722    0]
 [14926    0]]
```

Accuracy: 0.7793578524124882

Precision: 0.0

Recall: 0.0

f1 score: 0.0

roc\_auc\_score: 0.5

### 3. Random Forest

```
[109]: rf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=250, random_state=42)
rf.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred = rf.predict(X_test)
evaluate_model(y_test, y_pred)
```

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[52222   500]
 [14494   432]]
```

Accuracy: 0.7783526490066225

Precision: 0.463519313304721

Recall: 0.02894278440305507

f1 score: 0.054483541430192954

roc\_auc\_score: 0.509729538705833