#### 1. What is JQuery?

JQuery is a fast, small, and feature-rich JavaScript library. It makes things like HTML document traversal and manipulation, event handling, animation, and Ajax much simpler with an easy-to-use API that works across a multitude of browsers. With a combination of versatility and extensibility, jQuery has changed the way that millions of people write JavaScript.

jQuery is a lightweight, "write less, do more", JavaScript library.

The purpose of jQuery is to make it much easier to use JavaScript on your website.

jQuery takes a lot of common tasks that require many lines of JavaScript code to accomplish, and wraps them into methods that you can call with a single line of code.

jQuery also simplifies a lot of the complicated things from JavaScript, like AJAX calls and DOM manipulation.

# 2. How to Apply CSS Using JQuery, How to Add Class and Remove Class in Jquery, JQuery Animation?

### ¡Query css() Method

The css() method sets or returns one or more style properties for the selected elements.

Example

#### Output:

```
tops technology
```

# **JQuery Add Class**

The addClass() method adds one or more class names to the selected elements. This method does not remove existing class attributes, it only adds one or more class names to the class attribute.

#### Example:

#### Output:

click here

# hello world

jQuery removeClass() Method

The removeClass() method removes one or more class names from the selected elements.

Example:

#### Output:

hello world click here

#### **JQuery Animation**

#### Example:

#### Output:



xyz

#### 3. How to create slider with animation?

jQuery has the following slide methods:

- 1.slideDown()
- 2.slideUp()
- 3.slideToggle()

#### example:

## Output:

```
Click to slide down

Hello world!
```

#### 4. Event bubbling tickling example

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
   <title>Document</title>
   $(document).ready(function () {
         $("span").offsetParent("div").css({ "border": "2px solid red"})
     body * {
         border: 2px solid ■red;
         padding: 20px;
         display: inline-block;
      span {
         border : 2px solid ■grey
   <div> body Gret Gret Grandparent <br>
   <div> div gret grandparent <br>
      ul grandparent <br>
         li direct parent <br>
            <span>span</span>
```

#### Output:



