

# NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY ROURKELA

END - SEM EXAMINATION, 2016 (AUTUMN)

B.Tech./Dual Degree 5<sup>th</sup> Semester

**Subject code:** CS331

**Full Marks:** 50

**Subject Name:** Theory of Computation

**Duration:** 3 Hours

All parts of a question should be answered at one place.

Question paper contains two pages. Question# 1 to 7 carries 6 marks each and Question#8 carries 8 marks

- 1) a) Construct an NPDA corresponding to the grammar given below: [3+3]

$$S \rightarrow aABB|aAA; A \rightarrow aBB|b; B \rightarrow bBB|A.$$

- b) Find a context-free grammar that generates the language accepted by the NPDA

$$M = (\{q_0, q_1\}, \{a, b\}, \{A, z\}, \delta, q_0, z, \{q_1\}), \text{ with transitions,}$$

$$\delta(q_0, a, z) = \{(q_0, Az)\}$$

$$\delta(q_0, b, A) = \{(q_0, AA)\}$$

$$\delta(q_0, a, A) = \{(q_1, \lambda)\}$$

- 2) a) Design a Turing machine that will accept the following language over  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$  [3+3]

$$L = \{a^n b^m; n \geq 2, n = m\}.$$

Plot the state transition graph and validate the string “*aaaabbbb*”.

- b) Design a Moore machine to detect a run in the input, that is, sequences of two or more identical symbols. For example, given the input *abaabbbabaa*, the output shall be 00010110001.

- 3) a) Convert the following grammar into Greibach normal form. [3+3]

$$S \rightarrow ABb|a|b; A \rightarrow aaA|B; B \rightarrow bAb$$

- b) Remove all unit-productions, all useless productions, and all  $\lambda$ -productions from the grammar

$$S \rightarrow aA|aBB; A \rightarrow aaA|\lambda; B \rightarrow bB|bbC; C \rightarrow B.$$

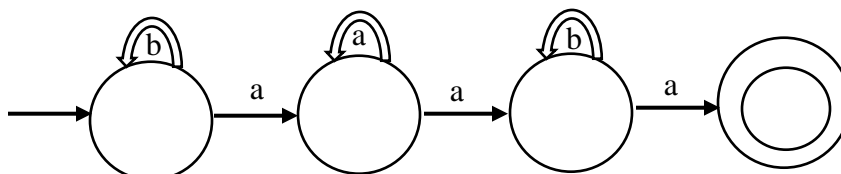
- 4) a) Show that the following grammar is ambiguous. [3+3]

$$S \rightarrow AB|aaaB; A \rightarrow a|Aa; B \rightarrow b$$

- b) Find the context-free grammar for  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$  for the language

$$L = \{a^n w w^R b^n \mid w \in \Sigma^*, n \geq 1\}$$

- 5) a) Find regular expressions for the languages accepted by the following automata. [3+3]



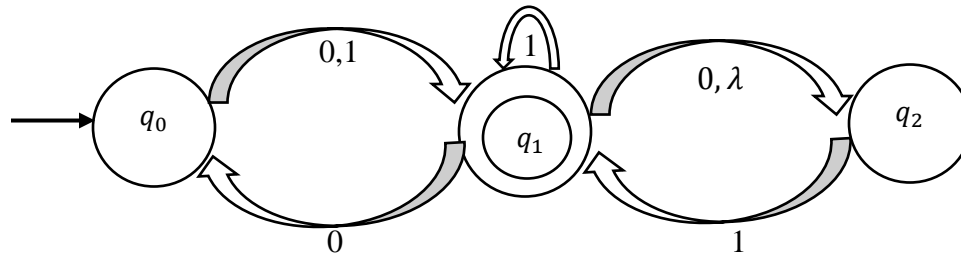
- b) Find the index of a symbol in a given string, that is, given a symbol followed by a blank (blank is represented by #) and a string, for example, *a#bcbaba*, it finds the first position where the given symbol occurs in the string, for instance 4 in this example, and outputs the number in unary. The final content of the tape should be *a#bcbaba#1111*.

- 6) a) Find an NFA with three states that accepts the language. [3+3]

$$L = \{a^n : n \geq 1\} \cup \{b^m a^k : m \geq 0, k \geq 0\}.$$

Do you think this language can be accepted by an equivalent NFA with fewer than three states? If so, then plot the state transition diagram.

- b) Find the equivalent DFA for the NFA with epsilon transition given below. Which of the strings 00, 01001, 10010, 000, and 0000 are accepted by the following NFA?



- 7) a) Convert the following CFG to an equivalent PDA. [3+3]

$$S \rightarrow aA|bB|cC ; A \rightarrow Sa ; B \rightarrow Sb, C \rightarrow \lambda .$$

- b) Give a verbal description of the language generated by this grammar. Show that the following two grammars are equivalent.

$$a) S \rightarrow abAB|ba ; A \rightarrow aaa ; B \rightarrow aA|bb$$

$$b) S \rightarrow abAaA|abAbb|ba; A \rightarrow aaa$$

- 8) a) Determine whether or not the following language are regular [2+2+4]

$$i) L = \{a^n b^n : n \geq 1\} \cup \{a^n b^m : n \geq 1, m \geq 1\}.$$

$$ii) L = \{a^n b^n : n \geq 1\} \cup \{a^n b^{n+2} : n \geq 1\}$$

- b) Determine whether or not the following languages are context free:

$$i) L = \{a^n b^j a^n b^j : n \geq 0, j \geq 0\}$$

$$ii) L = \{a^n b^j a^j b^n : n \geq 0, j \geq 0\}$$

- c) Design a Mealy machine that takes a binary string as input and outputs after each symbol the remainder obtained when the input thus far is divided by 5 (Consider a non-negative number). For example, for the input sequence 011010, the output should be 013131.

\*\*\*\*\*ALL THE BEST\*\*\*\*\*