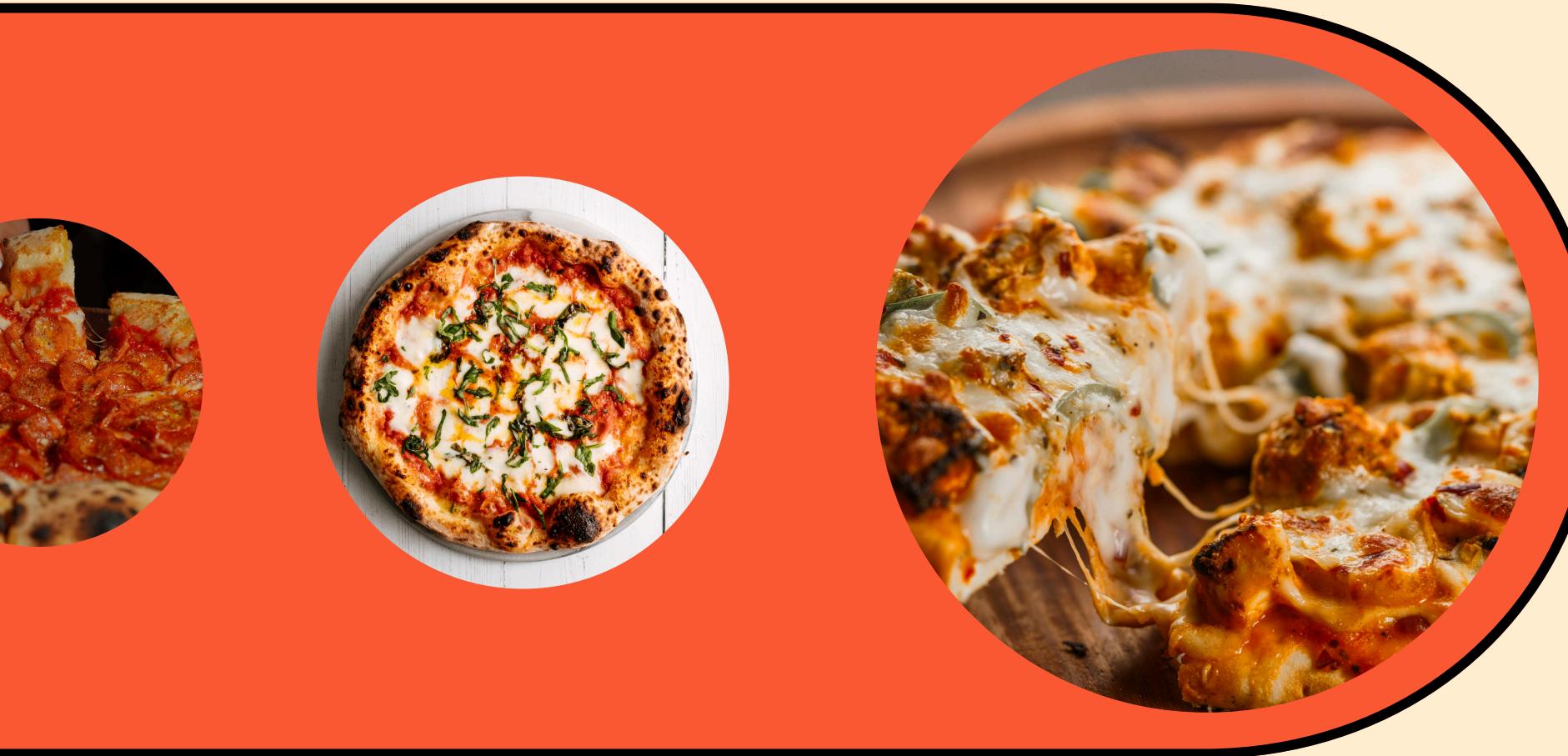


# **SQL PROJECT ON PIZZA SALES**

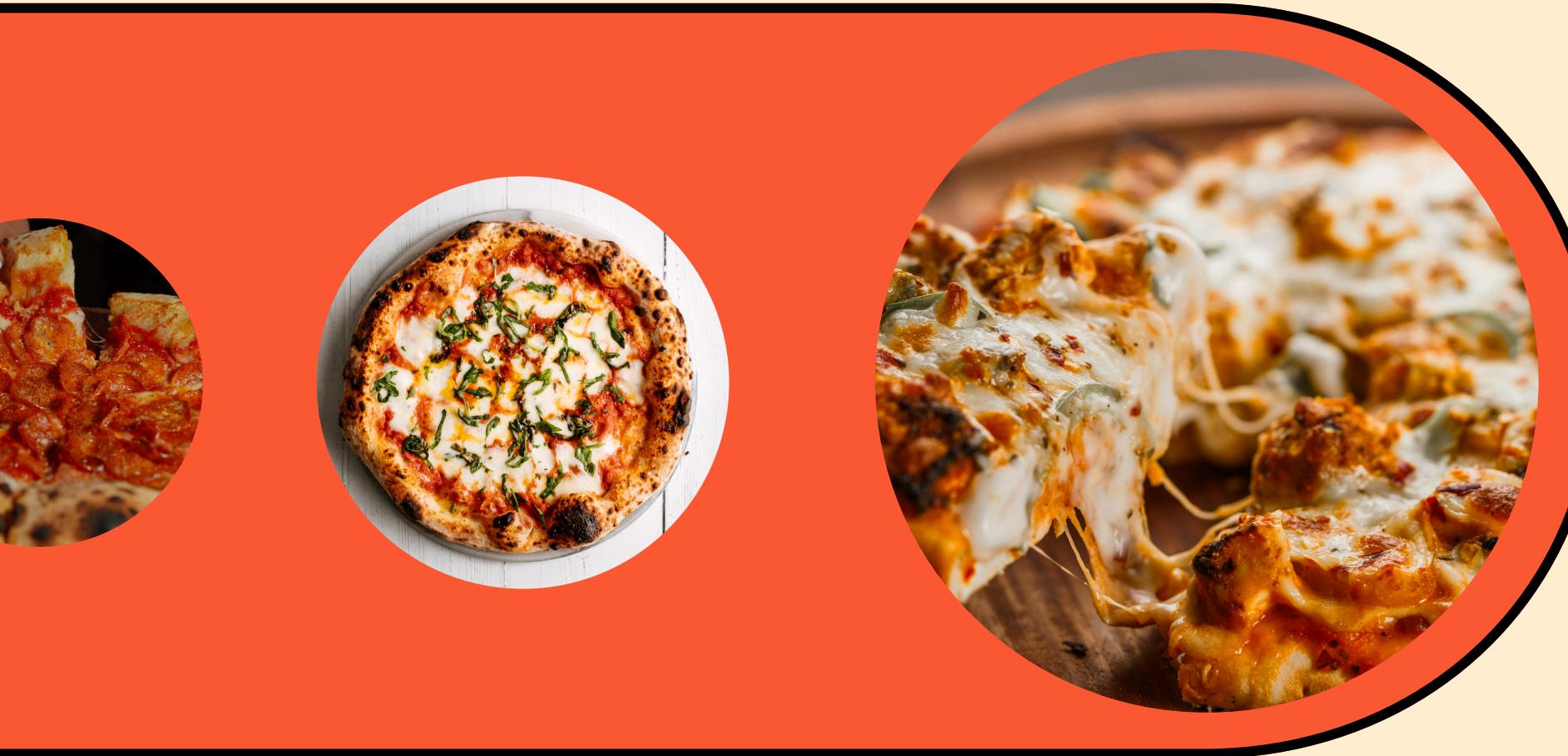


# PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This project analyzes a pizza sales dataset using SQL to extract meaningful business insights. The objective was to understand sales performance, customer ordering patterns, revenue trends, and top-performing pizza categories.

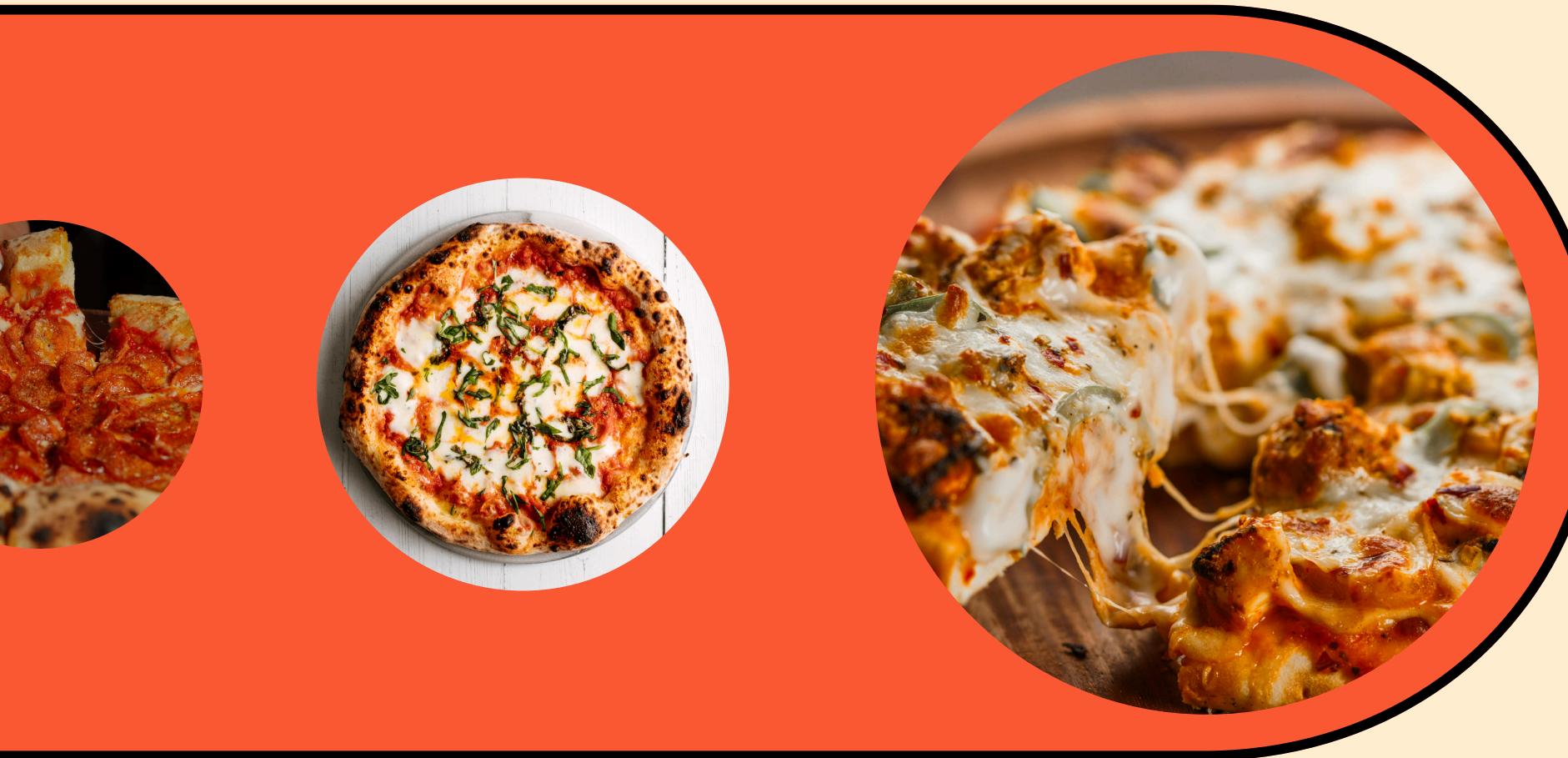


# KEY ASPECTS



- Analyze total revenue and sales performance
- Identify top-selling pizzas and categories
- Determine peak order hours and busiest days
- Calculate average daily sales
- Generate cumulative revenue trends

# INSIGHT GENERATED



- Identified top 3 pizzas in each category based on revenue
- Found peak ordering hours of the day
- Calculated category-wise revenue contribution
- Analyzed cumulative revenue growth over time
- Determined average pizzas sold per day

# RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDERS PLACED.

```
SELECT COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders  
FROM orders;
```

Result Grid

	total_orders
▶	21350

# CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES.

```
SELECT  
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price), 2) AS total_sales  
FROM order_details  
JOIN pizzas
```

Result Grid	
	total_sales
▶	676559.6

# IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST PRICED PIZZA.

```
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM pizzas
JOIN order_details
ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
```

```
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```

	name	price
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95

# IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED.

```
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM pizzas
JOIN order_details
ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```

	size	order_count
▶	L	15338
	M	12736
	S	11655
	XL	456
	XXL	24

# LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM pizza_types
JOIN pizzas
ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
JOIN order_details
ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

	name	quantity
▶	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	6066
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	4767
	The Four Cheese Pizza	4734
	The Pepperoni Pizza	4044
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	4024

# JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM pizza_types
JOIN pizzas
    ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
JOIN order_details
    ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

	category	quantity
▶	Veggie	26467
	Supreme	18630
	Chicken	15081
	Classic	12332
	southw_ckn_l	3179

# DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY.

```
select  
hour(order_time) as hour , count(order_id) as order_count  
From  
orders  
group by hour(order_time);
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:

	hour	order_count
	20	1642
	21	1198
	22	663
	23	28
	10	8
	9	1

# JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS.

```
select category , count(name) from pizza_types  
group by category;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:

category	count(name)
ital_cpdlo_m	2
southw_ckn_l	2
cali_ckn_m	2
pepperoni_s	1
peppr_salami_m	1
thai_ckn_l	1

**GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE  
AND CALCULATE THE  
AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS  
ORDERED PER DAY.**

```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) AS avg_order_quantity
FROM (
    SELECT
        orders.order_date,
        SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
    FROM orders
    JOIN order_details
        ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date
) AS order_quantity;
```

Result Grid	
	avg_order_quantity
▶	139

# DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM pizza_types
JOIN pizzas
    ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
JOIN order_details
    ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

	name	revenue
▶	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	106609.5
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	86549.25
	The Four Cheese Pizza	80271.2999999524

# CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price), 2) AS revenue
FROM pizza_types
JOIN pizzas
    ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    ...
JOIN order_details
    ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

	category	revenue
▶	Veggie	441882.8
	Supreme	322426.95
	Chicken	266198.75
	Classic	182370.05
	southw_dkn_l	46388

# ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME.

```
SELECT  
    order_date,  
    SUM(revenue) OVER (ORDER BY order_date) AS cum_revenue  
FROM (  
    SELECT  
        orders.order_date,  
  
        SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue  
    FROM order_details  
    JOIN pizzas  
        ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
    JOIN orders  
        ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
```

```
    GROUP BY orders.order_date  
    ) AS sales;
```

	order_date	cum_revenue
▶	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55

# DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY..

```
SELECT name, revenue
FROM (SELECT category,
            name,
            revenue,
            RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY category ORDER BY revenue DESC) AS rn
        FROM (
```

```
          ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
      JOIN order_details
          ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
     GROUP BY pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name
      ) AS a
      ) AS b
 WHERE rn <= 3;
```

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
  FROM pizza_types
  JOIN pizzas
```

	name	revenue
	The Sicilian Pizza	50318.5
	The Pepperoni Pizza	25231
	17731	28802
	The Four Cheese Pizza	80271.29999999524
	The Five Cheese Pizza	66544.5

# PROJECT OUTCOME

The project helped in understanding how SQL can be used for real-world business analytics and decision-making in the food retail industry.





**THANK YOU**