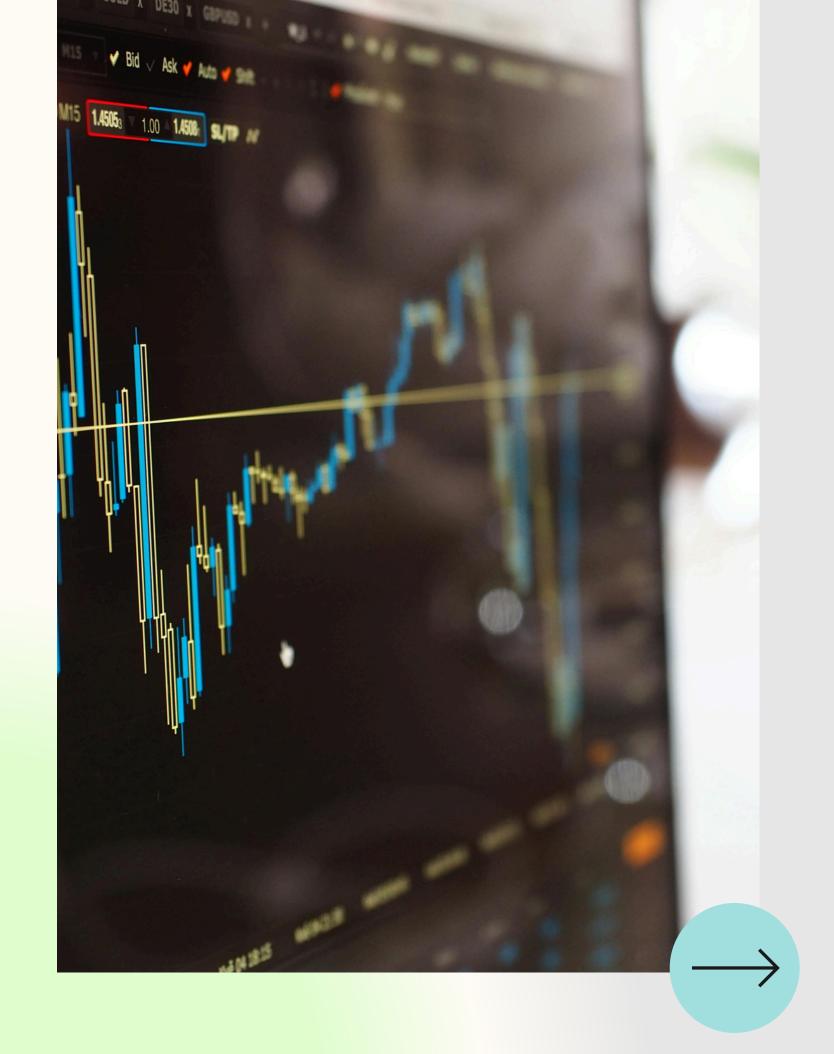
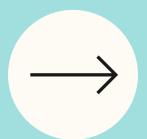
FinCom Case Study

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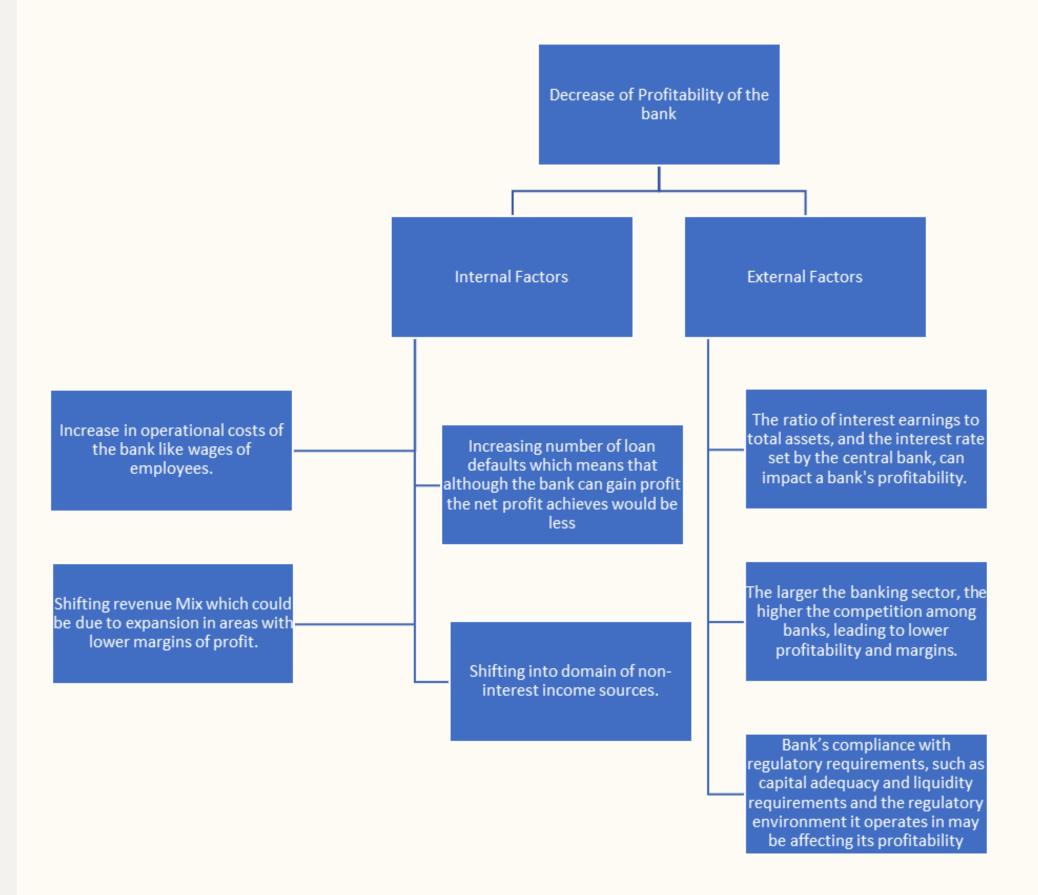
Problem Statement



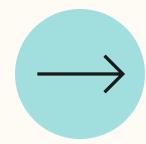
A bank is experiencing a decline in profitability, despite an increase in net profit. The ratio of net profit to net revenue, known as the profitability ratio, is decreasing. You need to explain the reasons behind this decline in profitability ratio and suggest solutions to rectify the issue.

Current Possibilities

Banks generally maintain their profitability ratio between net revenue and net profit by managing their expenses, finances and other administrative costs. A healthy balance between them makes them profitable as compared to their competitors.



HYPOTHESIS



Hypothesis Statement

• We hypothesize that the decline in profitability ratio at Bank X is primarily driven by a combination of increasing operational costs, changes in revenue composition, and competitive pressures.

Explanation

• Our analysis suggests that rising operating expenses, shifts in customer preferences impacting revenue mix, and intensified competition are likely contributing factors to the decline in profitability ratio. By examining these factors in detail, we aim to validate our hypothesis and develop targeted strategies to address the root causes.

Importance

• Validating our hypothesis is crucial for developing effective solutions to improve Bank X's profitability. By understanding the underlying drivers of the problem, we can implement targeted initiatives to mitigate risks, optimize resource allocation, and enhance financial performance.



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- Our analysis approach involves a comprehensive examination of key factors contributing to the decline in profitability ratio at Bank X.
- We will utilize a combination of financial analysis, market research, and regulatory assessment to gain a holistic understanding of the problem.

| Financial Analysis: | Market Research | Regulatory Assessment |
|--|---|--|
| We will conduct a detailed review of Bank X's financial statements, including income statements, balance sheets, and cash flow statements. This analysis will help identify trends in revenue, expenses, and profitability over time, allowing us to pinpoint areas of concern and potential improvement. | Market research will involve studying industry trends, competitor performance, and customer preferences. By analyzing market dynamics and customer behavior, we can assess how external factors may be impacting Bank X's revenue and profitability. | We will assess the regulatory environment affecting Bank X, including compliance requirements and regulatory changes. Understanding regulatory costs and implications is essential for evaluating their impact on profitability and identifying opportunities for optimization. |

Market Research:

Intelligent Automation

- Leveraging advanced technologies to automate repetitive tasks and streamline operations
- According to a 2019 report, approximately 85% of banks have embraced intelligent automation to expedite core functions, leading to significant efficiency gains.

Resource Allocation Optimization

- Aligning resources with business objectives and priorities to maximize effectiveness
- BBVA Compass reallocated resources from low-performing branches to highperforming ones, resulting in improved profitability and operational efficiency.

Outsourcing Non-Core Functions:

- Engaging thirdparty providers to handle non-core functions, reducing costs and improving efficiency.
- Standard Chartered Bank outsourced its IT infrastructure to IBM, leading to substantial cost savings and operational improvements.

Workforce Rationalization:

- Optimizing workforce size and skill sets to match operational needs.
- Citigroup's costcutting program aimed to reduce costs by \$1.1 billion through headcount reductions, branch consolidations, and process streamlining.

Technology and Innovation

Investing in technology and fostering innovation plays a pivotal role in enhancing the efficiency, competitiveness, and profitability of banks like Bank X. Technology-driven solutions and innovative approaches can streamline operations, improve customer experience, and drive revenue growth.

- Implementation of Advanced Technologies: Bank X can invest in cutting-edge technologies such as Artificial Intelligence (AI), Machine Learning (ML), and Big Data Analytics to automate repetitive tasks, optimize processes, and gain actionable insights from data. For example, AI-powered chatbots can take place of traditional customer servicemen, which would lead to reduction in operational costs.
- **Digital Banking Solutions:** Developing **digital banking solutions**, such as mobile banking apps, online account management platforms, and contactless payment options, can enhance convenience and accessibility for customers. These digital channels **not only improve the overall customer experience but also reduce operational costs associated with traditional brick-and-mortar branches.**

- Improved Operational Efficiency: Technology-driven automation streamlines processes, reduces manual errors, and enhances operational efficiency, leading to cost savings and improved productivity. Also, according to research bank X can achieve 30% reduction in operational cost by using AI-powered chatbots. Automating tasks can lead to 50% reduction in processing time and 20% increase in productivity.
- Enhanced Customer Experience: Innovative digital banking solutions provide customers with convenient, seamless, and personalized banking experiences, leading to higher satisfaction, loyalty, and retention rates. Studies by industry analysts suggest that digital banking solutions can lead to cost reductions of 20% to 50% or more for some banks.
- Competitive Advantage: By embracing technology and fostering a culture of innovation, Bank X can differentiate itself from competitors, adapt to evolving customer preferences, and stay ahead in a rapidly changing digital landscape.

A bank recognized the importance of efficiently allocating resources to achieve its business goals and enhance profitability. In an effort to optimize revenue, the bank strategically reallocated resources from its low-performing branches to its high-performing branches in different regions.

- Assessment of Branch Performance: The bank needs to conduct a thorough study of its various branches and needs to allocate resources based on this study. This would also help in planning as to which branches to focus on.
- Identification of High-Performing Branches: Through this assessment, the bank identifies branches that consistently outperform others in terms of revenue generation and profitability.
- Reallocation of Resources: Based on the assessment results, the bank made the strategic decision to reallocate resources, including staff, technology, and marketing efforts, from its low-performing branches to its high-performing branches. This reallocation aimed to capitalize on the strengths of the high-performing branches and maximize revenue potential. This would reduce operational costs while tending to profitable branches of the bank

- Improved Profitability: By reallocating resources from low-performing branches to high-performing branches, the bank was able to optimize revenue and enhance overall profitability. This can lead to a 10-15% increase in revenue generation and a 5-10% improvement in profitability.
- **Enhanced Efficienc**y: Consolidating resources in high-performing branches allowed the bank to achieve economies of scale and operate more efficiently. The bank reduced overhead costs associated with maintaining underperforming branches while maximizing the productivity of its resources in key markets.
- Strategic Growth: The reallocation of resources enabled the bank to strategically position itself for growth in markets with strong revenue potential. By investing in growth markets, the bank strengthened its competitive position, expanded its customer base, and drove long-term revenue growth and market share.

Outsourcing involves delegating specific tasks or functions to external service providers rather than handling them internally. Non-core functions, such as IT infrastructure management, back-office operations, and customer support services, are often outsourced to specialized vendors who can perform these tasks more efficiently and cost-effectively.

- **Cost Savings:** Outsourcing allows banks to access specialized expertise and resources at a lower cost compared to maintaining in-house operations. Third-party vendors can often provide services at a fraction of the cost, enabling banks to reduce operational expenses and optimize resource allocation.
- Focus on Core Competencies: By outsourcing non-core functions, banks can focus their internal resources and expertise on core business activities, such as product development, customer acquisition, and strategic growth initiatives. This strategic focus enhances the bank's competitive advantage and accelerates innovation and growth.
- Flexibility and Scalability: Outsourcing provides banks with greater flexibility to scale operations up or down in response to changing business needs and market dynamics. Third-party vendors can quickly adjust resources and capacity to accommodate fluctuations in demand, allowing banks to adapt more agilely to evolving market conditions.

- Cost Savings: The bank saved 30% on IT costs within the first year of outsourcing.
- Efficiency Gains: Service levels improved by 20%, reducing downtime and enhancing operational efficiency.
- Focus on Core Activities: With IT management offloaded, the bank redirected resources to customer service, resulting in a 15% increase in customer satisfaction.

Automating tasks and increasing operational efficiency can result in a reduced need for human resources to run the bank effectively.

- Automation and Efficiency: By implementing automated processes and improving efficiency, banks can achieve cost savings and streamline operations.
- Impact on Headcount: Increased automation may lead to a reduction in the number of employees required to perform tasks.

- Cost Reduction: Citigroup's cost-cutting measures resulted in significant savings, contributing to the targeted \$1.1 billion reduction in expenses.
- Headcount Reduction: The program led to a reduction in staff, with Citigroup aiming to streamline operations and optimize resource allocation.
- **Efficiency Improvements:** Process streamlining and automation initiatives improved operational efficiency, enabling Citigroup to achieve cost savings while maintaining service quality.

Prioritization

| | Impact (1 means comparatively least impactful) | Effort (1 requires the least effort) | Prioritization score: (Impact / Effort); A higher prioritization scores means greater urgency |
|---------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| Technology and Innovation | 3 | 2 | 1.5 |
| Reallocation of resources | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Outsourcing Resources | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Automating Tasks | 1 | 3 | 0.333 |





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