

Identification

① Array / string ✓✓

Window size (k)

subarray / substring ✓✓

- ① window size given
- ② window size find

Given an array of integers Arr of size **N** and a number **K**. Return the maximum sum of a subarray of size K.

Example 1:

Input:

N = 4, K = 2

Arr = [100, 200, 300, 400]

Output:

700

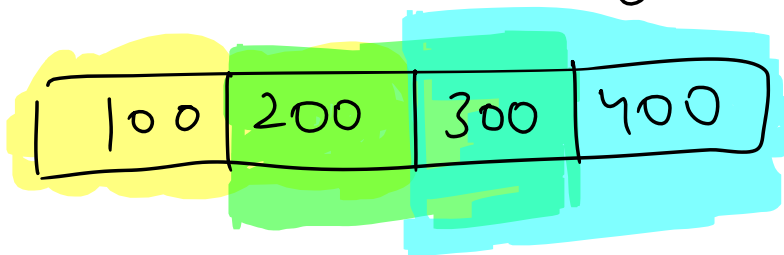
Explanation:

Arr₃ + Arr₄ = 700,
which is maximum.

① Array (✓)

arr3 = arr4 = 700,
which is maximum.

- ① Array ☒
- ② SubArray ☒
- ③ Window size k given ☒



$N=4$
 $K=2$

300 500 700

↑

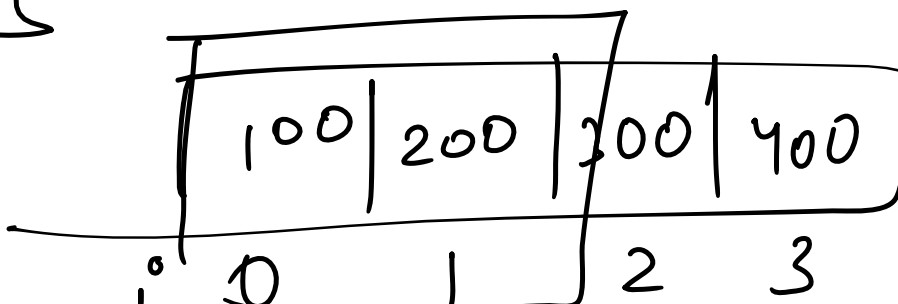
return 700

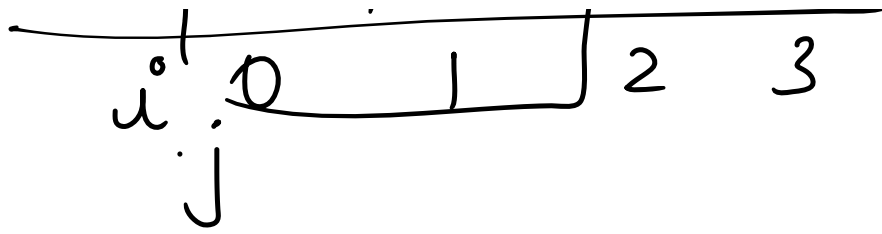
0 1
 $maxi = INT_MIN$

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
 sum = 0
 for (int j = i; j < i + 2; j++) {
 sum += arr[j]
 }
 maxi = max(maxi, sum);
}

K

N





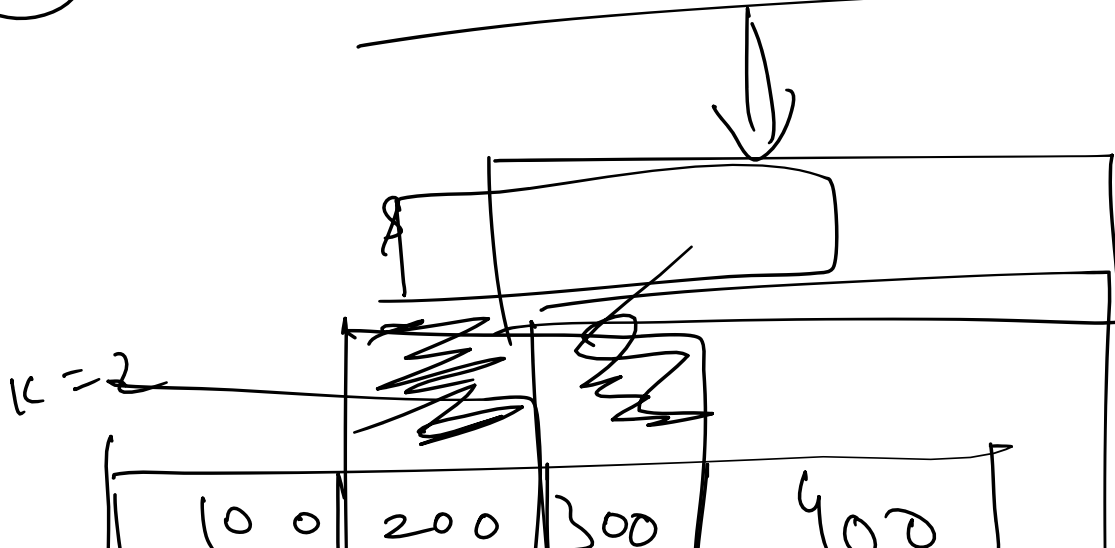
$$T.C - O(k \times N)$$

$$T.C - O(N^2)$$

Sliding Window

1st point \rightarrow window - start
 2nd pointer \rightarrow window - end

(k) \Rightarrow k size hilt at ET GIVE



100	200	300	400
i			

300

$$ws = 0$$

$$we = 0$$

0	1	2	3
100	200	300	400

ws
~~we~~

we

k = 2
maxi

$$wsizel = we - ws + 1$$

$$0 - 0 + 1 = 1$$

k = 2

$$1 - 0 + 1 = 2$$

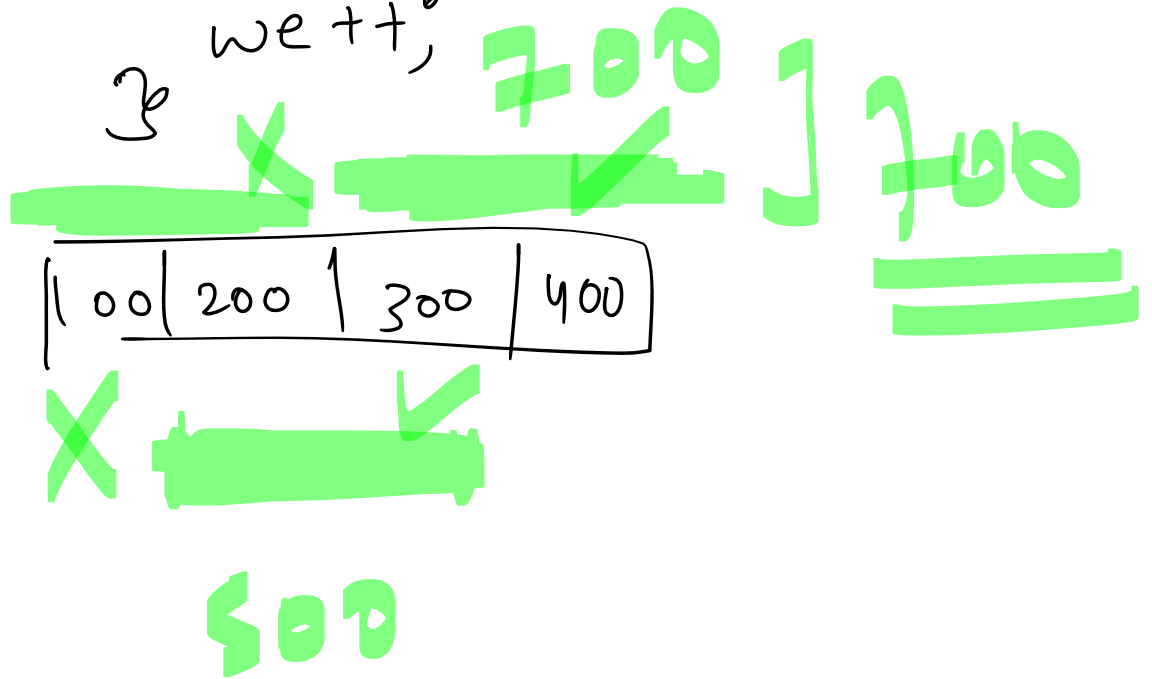
maxi = INT_MIN

if (we - ws + 1 == k) {

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if (we - ws + 1 == k) {
    maxi = max(maxi, sum);
    ws++;
    we++;
}

```



```

we = 0
ws = 0
sum = 0;
maxi = INT_MIN;
while (we < n) {
    sum += arr[we]; // increment
    if (we - ws + 1 < k) {
        we++;
        continue;
    }
    else if (we - ws + 1 == k) {
        // sliding
    }
}

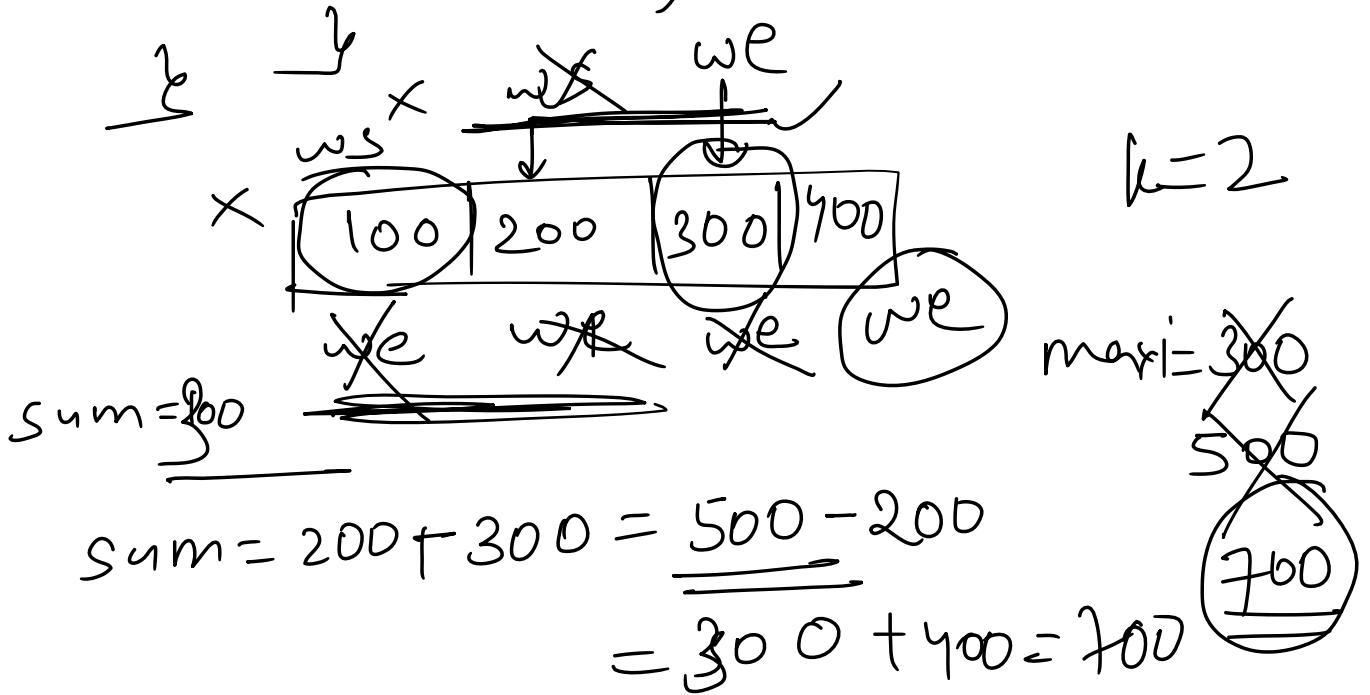
```

$$\text{maxi} = \max(\text{maxi}, \text{sum});$$

$$\text{sum} = \text{sum} - \text{arr}[\text{ws}]; //$$

$$\text{ws}++;$$

$$\text{we}++;$$



$$\text{T.C} = O(N)$$

$$\text{S.C} = O(1)$$

Due to the rise of covid-19 cases in India, this year BCCI decided to organize knock-out matches in IPL rather than a league.

Today is matchday 2 and it is between the most loved team Chennai Super Kings and the most underrated team - Punjab Kings. Stephen Fleming, the head coach of CSK, analyzing the batting stats of Punjab. He has stats of runs scored by all N players in the previous season and he wants to find the maximum score for each and every contiguous sub-list of size K to strategize for the game.

subarray of size K

Example 1:

Input:

$N = 9, K = 3$

$arr[] = 1\ 2\ 3\ 1\ 4\ 5\ 2\ 3\ 6$

array

Output:

3 3 4 5 5 5 6

Explanation:

1st contiguous subarray = {1 2 3} Max = 3

2nd contiguous subarray = {2 3 1} Max = 3

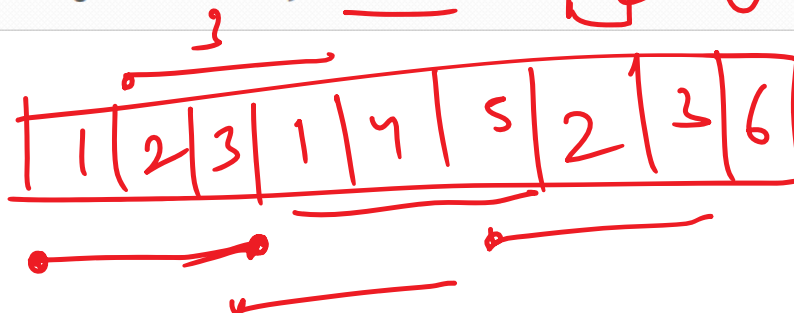
3rd contiguous subarray = {3 1 4} Max = 4

4th contiguous subarray = {1 4 5} Max = 5

5th contiguous subarray = {4 5 2} Max = 5

6th contiguous subarray = {5 2 3} Max = 5

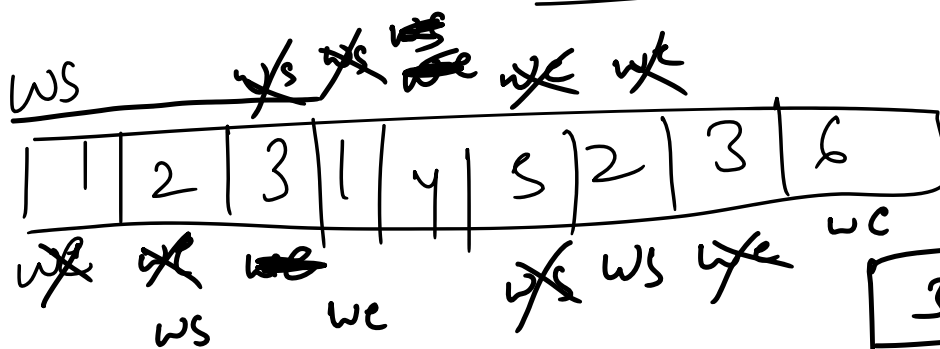
7th contiguous subarray = {2 3 6} Max = 6



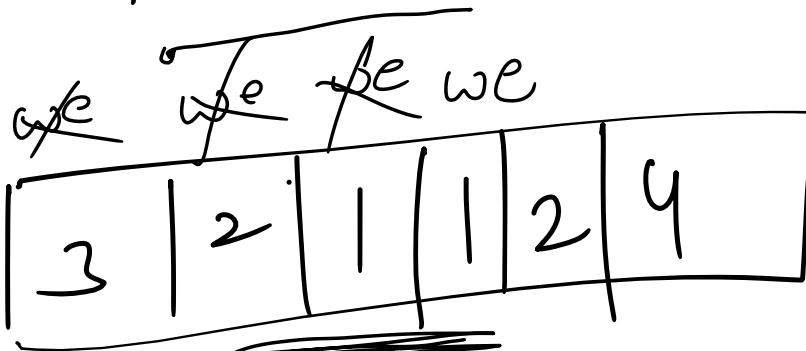
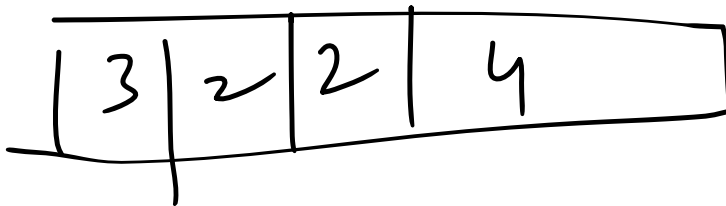
$K=3$

Sliding window of fixed size

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

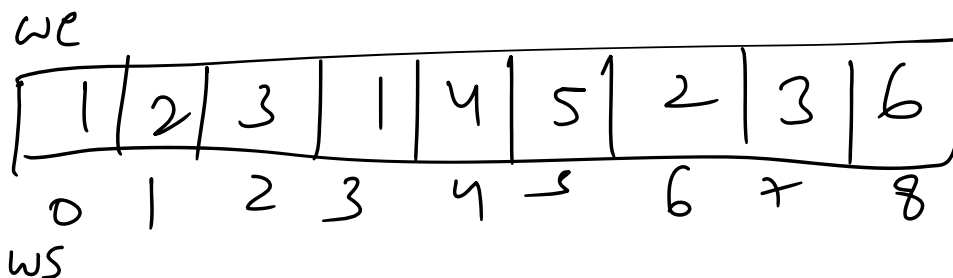
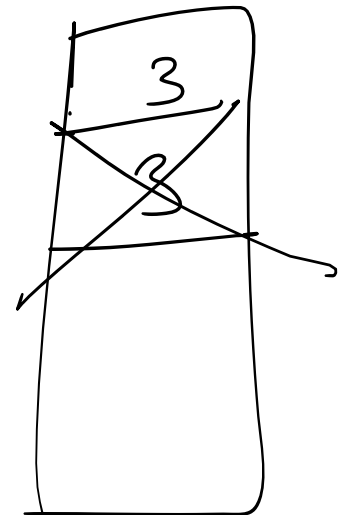
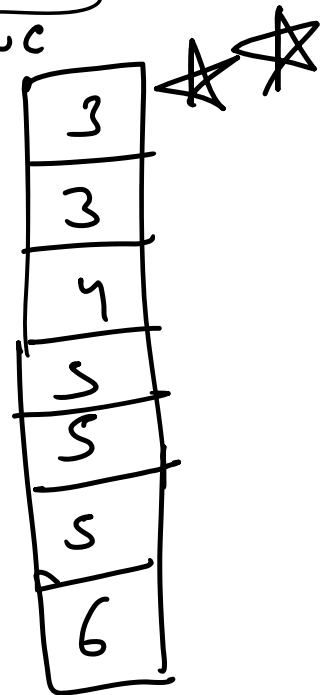


maxi = ~~1~~ ~~2~~ ~~3~~ ~~4~~ 5



~~ws~~ ~~ws~~ ~~ws~~ ~~ws~~

maxi = ~~3~~ ~~3~~ (?)



~~| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|----|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|
| 9 | 5 | 10 | 7 | 9 | 4 | 15 | 12 | 90 | 13 |
|---|---|----|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|~~

degree

~~| | | | | | |
|---|---|----|---|---|---|
| 8 | 5 | 10 | 7 | 9 | 4 |
|---|---|----|---|---|---|~~

10
10
10
15
15
90
90

~~| | | | |
|---|---|----|----|
| 9 | 4 | 15 | 12 |
|---|---|----|----|~~

<=

d

90	13
----	----

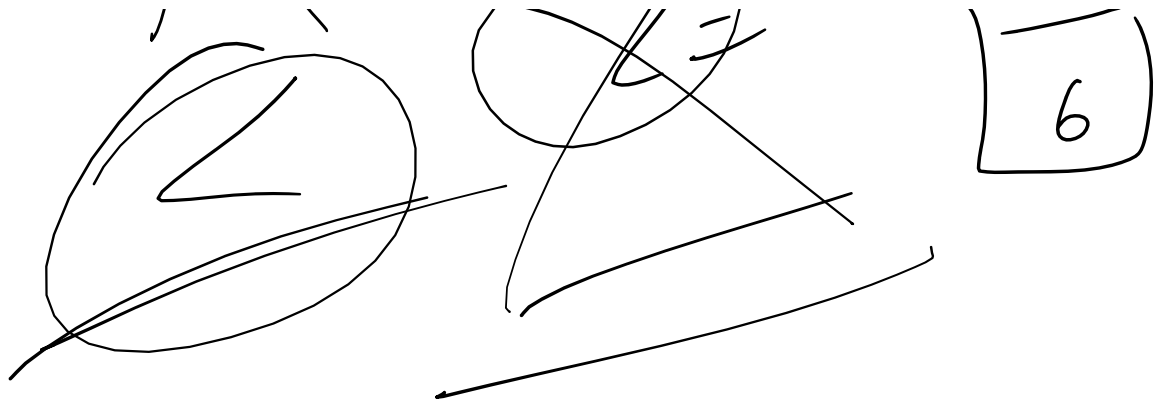
max:-

~~| | | | | | | | |
|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| -7 | -8 | 7 | 5 | 7 | 1 | 6 | 0 |
|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|~~

<=

~~| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 5 | 7 |
|---|---|---|~~

7
7
6



```

class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> maxSlidingWindow(vector<int>& nums, int k) {
        deque<int> d;
        vector<int> ans_array;
        int ws = 0, we = 0;
        while(we < nums.size()){
            if(d.size() == 0){
                d.push_back(nums[we]);
            }else{
                while(d.size() > 0 && d.back() < nums[we]){
                    d.pop_back();
                }
                d.push_back(nums[we]);
            }
            if(we - ws + 1 < k){
                we++;
            }else if(we - ws + 1 == k){
                // sliding
                ans_array.push_back(d.front());
                if(d.front() == nums[ws]){
                    d.pop_front();
                }
                ws++;
                we++;
            }
        }
        return ans_array;
    }
};

```

$T.C - O(N)$

S . C - b(1)