Tutorial - 4 7(n) = 37(1/2) + n2 T(n)=47(n/2)+n2 071 671 I(n) = 97(n) + F(n) 9=4,b=2,f(n)=n2 $T(n) = O(n^2 \log_2 n)$ 951,621 e=legi4 = 9 Comparing 9=3 b=2, f(n)=n $n^{c} = n^{2} = f(n) = n^{2}$ T(n) = O(n2 log 2 n) Now C= loga = log_3=1,584 ne = n',584 < n2 f(n)>nc (4) +(n) = on+(n/2)+n T(n) = T(n/2)+ 2n (3) Sol a=1 b=2 b=2 1F(n)=nn F(m) = 2h (= logo = logo 2h C= log a = log 2 (= 0 n = n0=1 1(n)7nc
T(n)=0(2n) Q6 T(n)= 2T(n/2) +n logn T(n) = 167(n/4) + n 05 9=2,6=2 a=16 . b=4 F(n) = n logn F(n)=h (= logy 16 = logy (4) = 2 C= leg 2=1 nc - n2 n'= n'= n f(n) cn Since inlognim F(n)>nc T(n) = O(n2) $T(n) = O(n \log n)$

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$$T(n) = 27(\frac{n}{2}) + n/\log n$$

$$a=2$$
 $b=2$, $f(n)=n/\log n$.
 $c=\log \frac{2}{2}=1$

$$F(n) < n^{\epsilon}$$
 $T(n) = O(n)$

(i)
$$47 (1/2) + \log n$$

 $a = 4, b = 2, F(n) = \log(n)$
 $c = \log s^{9} = \log^{19} = 2$

$$T(n) = O(n^i)$$

$$O(n^2).$$

(13) 7 (n) = 31(n/2) + n

a=3 b=2 f(n)=n.

(= leg p9 = log 3 = 1,53

n'= n'5849

N<1.5849

 $f(n) < n^{(1)}$ $T(n) = O(n)^{(1-58)}$

(18) T(n) = 47(7/2)+n

0=4,6=2

(= lgg9 = logg7 = 2

n<n' (for any constant)

 $f(n) < n^4$ $T(n) = O(n^2)$

(17) T(n) = 3T(n/3) + n/2

9=3 6=3

C= logs 9 = log3=1

f(n) = n/2. n' = n' = n

As n/2 Cu

g(n) (nº

T(n) = O(n)

$$n^{L} = n^{2}$$

$$T(n) = O(n^2).$$

21)
$$T(n) = 77(n/3) + n^2$$

 $a = 7 + b = 3 + f(n) = n^2$

$$T(n) = O(n^2)$$