<u>Dashboard</u> / My courses / <u>CS/IT314_2024</u> / <u>General</u> / <u>MidSem_20.03.2024_GNR+DIU_CS/IT314_9.30 to 11.30 AM</u>

Start	ed on	Wednesday, 20 March 2024, 9:30 AM
	State	Finished
Complet	ed on	Wednesday, 20 March 2024, 10:30 AM
		1 hour
Question 1 Complete		Which of the following technologies is essential for VoLTE operation on LTE networks?
Marked out of 1.00		a. MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output)
	J	b. OFDM (Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing)
		○ c. Carrier Aggregation
		d. IMS (IP Multimedia Subsystem)
	1	
Question 2 Complete		Determine the signal-to-interference ratio (SIR) in dB, for path loss $\eta = 3$ and $i = 2$, $j = 1$. There are six co-channel
Marked out of		cells in cellular system.
	J	a. 16.03 dB
		○ b. None of these
		O d. 12.05 dB
	1	
Question 3 Complete		A spectrum of 30 MHz is allocated to a cellular system which uses two 25 KHz simplex channels to provide full duplex voice channels. What is the number of channels available per cell for 3 cell reuse factor?
Marked out of 1.00		a. 300 channels
		b. 200 channels
		○ c. None of these
		Od. 150 channels

Question 4 Complete	What is the primary advantage of OFDM in wireless communication systems?
Marked out of	a. Reduced power consumption
	b. Increased spectral efficiency
	o c. Simplified receiver design
	O d. Lower latency
Question 5 Complete	In the link design analysis the power received path loss is not a function of
Marked out of 1.00	a. None of these
	b. Distance between the transmitter and receiver
	C. Antenna Gain
	O d. Transmitter power
Question 6 Complete	If a user is in a voice call and also want to use his/her data connection uninterruptedly then which network will be preferred
Marked out of 1.00	○ a. LTE
	b. Volte
	c. None of these
Question 7 Complete	What is the typical communication technique between cluster heads and the cluster nodes in LEACH?
Marked out of	a. Frequency division multiple access (FDMA)
	b. Code division multiple access (CDMA)
	C. Time division multiple access (TDMA)
	d. Spatial division multiple access (SDMA)

Question 8	The uplink and downlink frequency channels of GSM are separated by
Complete Marked out of 1.00	○ a. 50 MHz
	b. 45 MHz
	○ c. 25 MHz
	○ d. None of these
Question 9 Complete	Which of the statement is incorrect among the following
Marked out of	a. UTMS networks has both circuit and packet switched element.
	○ b. UTMS networks has a circuit switched element.
	C. UTMS networks has a circuit switched element.
	○ d. None of these
Question 10 Complete	The number of sensor nodes in an Adhoc network is more than in a Wireless Sensor Network
Marked out of	○ a. True
	b. False
Question 11 Complete	For a roaming user who is visiting a new MSC, the IMSI (International Mobile Subscriber Identity) will be temporarily stored in
Marked out of 1.00	a. All of these
	b. AuC (Authentication Center)
	c. HLR (Home Location Register)
	d. VLR (Visitor Location Register)

Question **12**Complete
Marked out of 1.00

Determine the capacity of a cellular system, with cluster size N = 7 where each cell is allocated a group of 60 channels and replication factor M = 4.

a. None of these

	○ c. 1480
	O d. 1600
Question 13 Complete	A network of five mobile phones for data sharing is created using Bluetooth, what is the operating frequency of this network
Marked out of 1.00	a. 2.4 GHz
	O b. None of these
	○ c. 5 GHz
	O d. 200 MHz
Question 14 Complete	What is the purpose of the guard interval in OFDM?
Marked out of 1.00	a. To guard against Inter Symbol Interference (ISI)
	b. To protect against frequency-selective fading
	c. To provide security
	Od. To increase the data rate
Question 15 Complete	What does GSM stand for?
Marked out of 1.00	 a. Global System for Mobile Communications
	b. General System for Mobile Connectivity
	c. Global Standard for Mobile Devices
	d. Global System for Mobility
Question 16 Complete	Which of the following is not a phase in the LEACH protocol?
Marked out of 1.00	a. Setup phase
	○ b. Data collection phase
	○ c. Steady-state phase
	d. Cluster formation phase

b. 1680

Question 17 Complete	An unauthorized access of information from a wireless device through a Bluetooth connection is called
Marked out of 1.00	a. Blueprint
	b. Bluesnarfing
	○ c. Bluestring
	O d. None of these
Question 18 Complete	In LEACH, what technique is used to reduce energy consumption during data transmission?
Marked out of 1.00	a. Spatial division multiple access (SDMA)
	b. Frequency division multiple access (FDMA)
	c. Time division multiple access (TDMA)
	d. Code division multiple access (CDMA)
Question 19 Complete	In a cellular system, the capacity pf the system is directly proportional to
Marked out of 1.00	a. Number of times a cluster is replicated
	○ b. Number of cells
	c. Number of Base stations
	○ d. None of these
Question 20 Complete	The Radio Frequency Identifier tag needs Line of Sight (LoS) communication to be scanned by the Radio Frequency Identifier reader?
Marked out of 1.00	a. False
	○ b. True
Question 21 Complete	What is full form of UMTS?
Marked out of	a. Universal Mobile Telephonic Server
1.00	b. Universal Mobile Telephonic System
	c. Universal Mobile Telecommunication Server
	d. Universal Mobile Telecommunications System

Question 22 Complete	Which of the following statement is incorrect
Marked out of 1.00	 a. In OFDM (Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing), the ICI (Inter-carrier-Interference) and ISI (Inter- Symbol-Interference) problem is less.
	 b. In OFDM (Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing), the PARP (Peak to average power ratio) is less.
	○ c. None of these
	Od. OFDM (Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing) provides a high spectral efficiency and data rate.
22	
Question 23 Complete	An Radio Frequency Identifier (RFID) system, consists of how many components
Marked out of 1.00	○ a. Two
	b. Three
	○ c. Four
	O d. One
Question 24 Complete	Which of the following is responsible for the transmission and reception of radio signals in UTRAN?
Marked out of	○ a. Node B
1.00	○ b. Home Location Register (HLR)
	c. Radio Network Controller (RNC)
	d. Serving GPRS Support Node (SGSN)
Question 25 Complete	Which entity in the GPRS architecture is responsible for the mobility management of users?
Marked out of	a. Serving GPRS Support Node (SGSN)
	○ b. Gateway GPRS Support Node (GGSN)
	c. Mobile Station (MS)
	d. Base Transceiver Station (BTS)
Question 26 Complete Marked out of 1.00	The Signaling Correction Control Part (SS7) protocol supports the interface between the BSC and MSC.
1.00	○ a. False
	b. True

Question 27 Complete	The barcodes needs Line of Sight (LoS) communication to be scanned by the barcode reader?
Marked out of 1.00	○ a. False
	b. True
Question 28 Complete	Wireless networks are same as computer networks, that uses radio frequency channels as their for communication.
Marked out of 1.00	a. Media access control
	○ b. CDMA
	c. Physical media
	O d. TDMA
Question 29 Complete	The uplink and downlink frequency bands of cellular GSM system are
Marked out of 1.00	 a. Uplink 935-960 MHz, Downlink 890-915 MHz
	O b. None of these
	c. Uplink 890-915 MHz, Downlink 935-960 MHz
	Od. Uplink 1710-1785 MHz, Downlink 1805-1880 MHz
20	
Question 30 Complete Marked out of	Determine the distance between nearest co-channel cells of cellular system for $i = 1, j = 2$ and cell radius 2 m
1.00	○ a. 7.75
	○ b. _{10.00}
	○ c. _{4.59}
	[™] 9.16

Complete Marked out of	Which of the following statement is incorrect?
1.00	a. In soft handoff, the existing connection with the Base Station (BS) must be broken before establishing a connection with a new BS.
	b. In hard handoff, the existing connection with the Base Station (BS) must be broken before establishing a connection with a new BS.
	C. In soft handoff, a new connection is established before the old one is released.
	d. In hard handoff, the mobile unit simultaneously remain connected to more than one Base Station (BS).
Question 32 Complete	What type of network topology does LEACH create in wireless sensor networks?
Marked out of	a. Clustered
	○ b. Ring
	○ c. Star
	○ d. Mesh
Question 33	Why is a cyclic prefix required in Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing?
Marked out of	a. None of these
1.00	○ b. To ensure symbol time is an integer number
	c. To help overcome Inter Symbol Interference (ISI)
	○ d. To maintain orthogonality
Question 34	What is a cluster in cellular system?
Complete Marked out of	a. A group of cells
1.00	b. A small geographic area
	○ c. A large group of mobile systems
	○ d. A group of subscribers

Question 31

Question 35 Complete	Which one of the following is not a characteristic of ADHOC network?
Marked out of 1.00	a. Dynamic changing topology
	b. Energy-constrained
	c. Fixed infrastructure
	O d. No fixed infrastructure
Question 36 Complete Marked out of	In an AMPS cellular operator, there are 355 channels of 33 KHz each in a bandwidth of 12.5 MHz. If a narrowband TDMA system is used with frame duration 40 ms, with 8 time slots per frame, duration of time slot that carries data is 4.25 ms, then calculate the spectral efficiency of the TDMA system.
1.00	
	a. 94%
	○ b. 80%
	○ c. 100%
	od. None of these
Question 37 Complete	How does OFDM mitigate the effects of frequency-selective fading?
Marked out of	a. By using differential encoding
1100	b. By employing frequency-hopping
	o. By utilizing cyclic prefix
	d. By employing error correction coding
Question 38 Complete Marked out of	To avoid cell dragging which parameters has to carefully handled
1.00	a. Transmitting power of Base Station (BS)
	b. Distance between the BS and the mobile unit
	C. Handoff threshold
	 d. Both transmitting power of BS and distance between the BS and the mobile unit

Question 39 Complete	What is the primary difference between 4G LTE and 4G VoLTE networks?
Marked out of 1.00	 a. LTE operates on different frequency bands than VoLTE
	 b. LTE provides higher data speeds, while VoLTE provides better voice quality
	oc. LTE uses circuit-switched technology, while VoLTE uses packet-switched technology
	Od. LTE focuses on data transmission, while VoLTE focuses on voice calls
Question 40 Complete	What is the typical communication pattern between cluster heads and the base station in LEACH?
Marked out of	a. Unicast
	○ b. Multicast
	c. All of these
	O d. Broadcast
Question 41 Complete	Which multiple access technology is used in LTE?
Marked out of	a. OFDMA
	b. TDMA
	○ c. CDMA
	O d. FDMA
Question 42 Complete	Which of the following is not a component of the UMTS core network?
Marked out of	a. Serving GPRS Support Node (SGSN)
1.00	○ b. Home Location Register (HLR)
	C. Gateway GPRS Support Node (GGSN)
	d. Base Transceiver Station (BTS)
Question 43 Complete	The Adhoc network is a centralized type of network
Marked out of	a. False
1.00	○ b. True

Question 39

Question 44 Complete	Which of the statement is incorrect among the following
Marked out of	a. None of these
	 b. The PCU (Packet Control Unit) in GPRS directs the circuit switched data to GPRS network and packet switched data to standard GSM network.
	o. The PCU (Packet Control Unit) in GPRS directs only the packet switched data to GPRS network.
	d. The PCU (Packet Control Unit) in GPRS directs the circuit switched data to standard GSM network and packet switched data to GPRS network.
Question 45 Complete	Which feature of GPRS enables more efficient use of network resources compared to traditional GSM?
Marked out of 1.00	a. Voice call prioritization
	b. Dedicated communication paths for data transfer
	c. Circuit-switched data transmission
	○ d. Always-on connectivity
Question 46 Complete	The interface between an mobile user and its nearest base transceiver station is
Marked out of	a. A Interface
	b. Air Interface
	○ c. Abis Interface
	O d. None of these
Question 47 Complete	The 5G technology uses
Marked out of	a. None of these
1.00	○ b. Microwave
	○ c. Infrared wave
	d. Millimeter wave

Question 48 Complete Marked out of 1.00	In a dense urban environment, path loss exponent $\eta = 3$ and there are six number of co-channel cells in cellular system. The minimum required signal to interference ratio is 12.05 dB . Determine the smallest cluster size needed to maintain this minimum required.
	○ a. 4
	b. 1
	O c. 7
	O d. 3
Question 49 Complete	What frequency band is commonly used for UMTS deployments?
Marked out of 1.00	○ a. 2600 MHz
	○ b. 800 MHz
	○ c. 1800 MHz
Question 50 Complete	If the distance between co-channel cells are D and the cell radius is R , then the co-channel reuse ratio is given by
Marked out of 1.00	\bigcirc a. D/R ²
1.00	○ b. D*R
	\bigcirc c. D^2/R
	■ d. D/R
Question 51 Complete	What is the maximum number of timeslots used for GPRS in the GSM frame structure?
Marked out of	O a. 12
	O b. 4
	© c. 8
	O d. 16

Question 52 Complete	Among the following which is not a part of Base Station Subsystem (BSS)
Marked out of	a. Mobile Switching Centre (MSC)
	b. Base Station Controller (BSC)
	c. Base Transceiver Station (BTS)d. Mobile Station (MS)
Question 53 Complete Marked out of 1.00	A base station (BS) is transmitting with a power of 75 watt at frequency f_c = 915 MHz, the distance between the BS and the receiver mobile unit is 50 m. Calculate the power received in dBm by the mobile unit considering free space propagation, where both the transmitting and receiving antenna has unit gain.
	a. −16.89 dBm
	○ b. 2.046 × 10 ⁻² dBm
	○ c. None of these ○ d. 16.89 dBm
Question 54 Complete Marked out of 1.00	In the link design analysis, the received power is not a function of
	a. Doppler shift
	○ b. Transmitter power
	○ c. Antenna gain
	Od. Path loss

Question 55 Complete	What is the typical communication technique between cluster heads and the base station in LEACH?
Marked out of	a. Code division multiple access (CDMA)
	b. Frequency division multiple access (FDMA)
	o c. Time division multiple access (TDMA)
	d. Spatial division multiple access (SDMA)
Question 56 Complete Marked out of	For a roaming user who is visiting a new MSC, the IMSI (International Mobile Subscriber Identity) will be temporarily stored in
1.00	a. None of these
	○ b. HLR (Home Location Register)
	c. VLR (Visitor Location Register)
	d. AUC (Authentication Center)
Question 57 Complete Marked out of	Which of the following statement is incorrect about microcell zone concept?
1.00	a. No loss in trunking efficiency
	b. More number of handoffs
	C. Reduced interference
	○ d. Increase in capacity
Question 58 Complete	Among the following which is not a part of Network Switching Subsystem (NSS)
Marked out of	○ a. Base Transceiver Station (BTS)
1.00	
	b. Authentication Center (AUC)
	c. Operation Support Subsystem (OSS)
	d. Mobile Switching Centre (MSC)

Question 59 Complete	Which of the statement is correct among the following
Marked out of 1.00	a. UTMS networks has a packet switched element.
	b. UTMS networks has a circuit switched element.
	c. UTMS networks has both circuit and packet switched element.
	○ d. None of these
Question 60 Complete	Why the shape of cell in a cellular system is hexagonal not circle?
Marked out of 1.00	 a. Overlapping regions or gaps are left
	○ b. Complex design
	c. Omni directionality
	O d. None of these
Question 61 Complete	What is the use of an Radio Frequency Identifier module?
Marked out of	a. To provide 3G Connectivity
	b. To monitor temperature
	c. Object Indentification
	Od. To measure the Wi-Fi strength
Question 62 Complete	In a MACA protocol, a neighbor node near the receiver upon hearing the CTS (clear to send) packet
Marked out of	a. All of these
	 b. may initiates its data transmission process as per the requirement
	o. will refrain from its transmission till the receiver receives the entire data packet
	d. will send RTS (request to send) packet to the transmitter/sender

a. Managing handovers between cells
○ b. Providing Internet connectivity
oc. Encoding voice signals
d. Processing billing information
In MACA protocol, a neighboring node near the sender which receives RTS (request to send) packet
 a. will delay the transmission it receives the CTS packet
 b. will delay the transmission for long enough time so that the sender could receive the CTS packet from the destined receiver
c. will not transmits till it receives the data packet
d. will transmit RTS-CTS packets ae per the requirements
Among them which one is not a multicarrier modulation technique
a. None of these
b. OFDM (Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing)
c. GFDM (Generalized Frequency Division Multiplexing)
○ d. CDMA (Code Division Multiple Access)
GPRS (General Packet Radio Service) is an example of
○ a. 3 G
○ c. 2 G

What is the purpose of the Base Station Controller (BSC) in GSM?

Question **63**

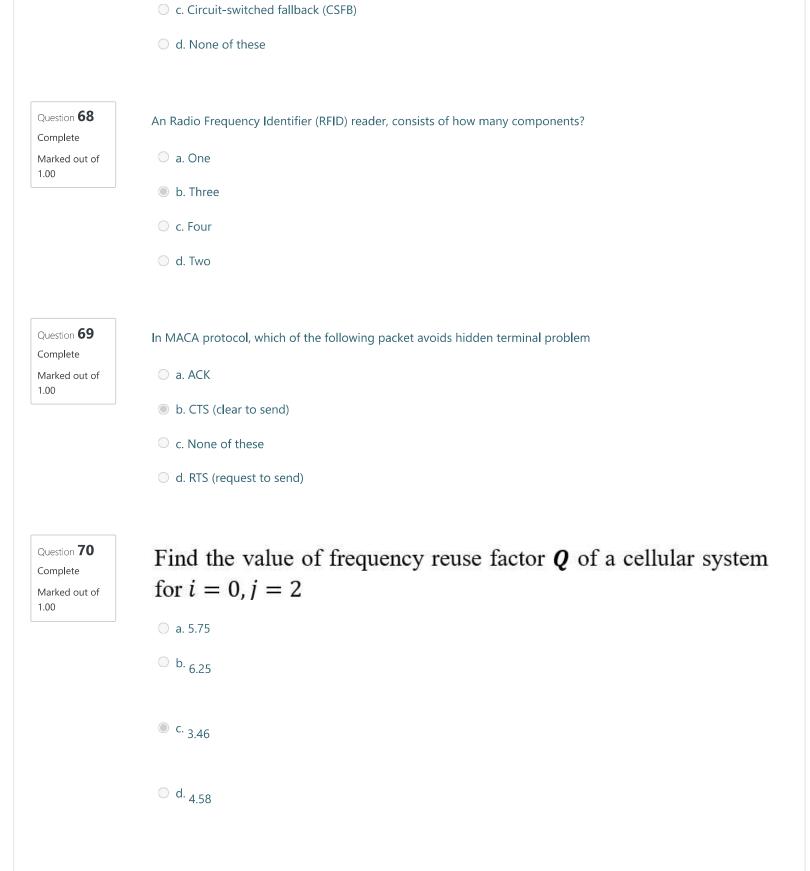
Question **67**Complete

Marked out of 1.00

a. Voice over IP (VoIP)

b. Single Radio Voice Call Continuity (SRVCC)

What is the LTE technology used for VoLTE (Voice over LTE)?



Question **71**Complete

Marked out of 1.00

A Bluetooth enabled wireless device supports

a. None of these

b. point-to-multipoint communication

o. c. point-to-point communication

	d. both point-to-point and point-to-multipoint communication
Question 72 Complete	Which of the following is a characteristic of MANET (Mobile Ad hoc Network)?
Marked out of 1.00	a. High data throughput
	○ b. Fixed network infrastructure
	c. Mobility of nodes
	O d. Centralized control
Question 73 Complete	What is the primary advantage of GPRS compared to traditional GSM?
Marked out of	a. Greater coverage range
	b. Higher voice quality
	c. Faster data transmission
	O d. Longer battery life
Question 74 Complete	In Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing, the guard interval is provided to
Marked out of	a. To maintain orthogonality
	○ b. None of these
	c. To eliminate Inter Symbol Interference (ISI)
	od. To attain high symbol rate
Question 75 Complete	The interface between the UTRAN (UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network) and the CN (Core Network) is
Marked out of	a. lu interface
	O b. lur interface
	○ c. None of these
	od. lub interface

Question 76 Complete	Which of the statement is incorrect among the following
Marked out of	a. The A5 algorithm is used to provide the scrambling for the 114 coded data bits sent in each time slot.
	 b. The A3 ciphering algorithm is used to authenticate each mobile by verifying the user passcode within the SIM with the cryptographic key.
	c. All of these
	 d. A3 is a ciphering algorithm used to provide scrambling of coded data bits but A5 is not an ciphering algorithm.
Question 77 Complete	In MAHO, what does the mobile station (MS) measure to determine neighboring cells?
Marked out of	a. Transmission power
1.00	O b. Timing advance
	c. Carrier frequency offset
	d. Received signal strength indicator (RSSI)
Question 78 Complete Marked out of 1.00	Determine the capacity of a cellular system, with cluster size $i = 1, j = 1$ where each cell is allocated a group of 60 channels and replication factor $M = 6$.
	○ a. 720
	○ b. None of these
	⊚ c. 1080
	O d. 1680
Question 79 Complete Marked out of	In a closed room environment with several scattered objects, a signal is going to fade due to
1.00	a. None of these
	○ b. Both small and large scale fading
	○ c. Small scale fading
	d. Large scale fading

Question 80 Complete Marked out of 1.00	The coverage are of a cellular system is 2400 sq km. Each hexagonal cell having a radius of 4.806 km. There are total 500 radio channels allocated for the cellular system. Calculate the system capacity (\mathbf{C}) for cluster size \mathbf{N} =4.
	○ a. 5000
	O b. 1000
	○ c. 1600
	d. 4000
Question 81 Complete	In cellular system, neighboring stations are assigned different group of channels to
Marked out of	a. maximize capacity of each cell
1.00	b. minimize interference
	o. maximize throughput
	O d. minimize area coverage
Question 82	Which of the following is a feature of VoLTE but not necessarily of LTE?
Complete Marked out of	a. Support for high-definition (HD) voice calls
1.00	b. Carrier aggregation
	c. Multi-user MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output)
	Od. Enhanced voice codecs
Question 83 Complete Marked out of 1.00	A spectrum of 60 MHz is allocated to a wireless cellular system which uses 50 KHz of duplex channel for communication. For cluster size $N = 7$ and replication factor $M = 4$, calculate the total capacity offered by the cellular system.
	a. None of these
	b. 4800
	○ c. 4200
	O d. 4400

Question 84 Complete	What parameter in LEACH determines the probability of a node becoming a cluster head?
Marked out of	a. Node density
	○ b. Residual energy of a node
	○ c. All of these
	d. Transmission power
Question 85 Complete	The frequency range of IEEE 802.11b standard is
Marked out of	○ a. 5 GHz
	b. 2.4 GHz
	○ c. 5 Gbps
	O d. 2.4 Gbps
Question 86 Complete	The UMTS is based on multiple access technique.
Marked out of	○ a. FDMA
	b. CDMA
	○ c. TDMA
	O d. SDMA
Question 87 Complete	What defines an Ad-hoc network?
Marked out of	a. A network with a fixed topology
	b. A network that operates without any infrastructure
	c. A network with centralized control
	d. A network that relies solely on wired connections

