



Inspiring Excellence

Department of Mathematics and Natural Sciences

Semester: Fall 2022

Midterm Examination

Course Title: Mathematics for Machine Learning & Signal Processing

Course Code: MAT 215, Section: 05

Total marks: 40

Date: November 7, 2022

Times: 1 hour (11.5 am -12.5 pm)

Room: UB70303

Answer any FOUR including question 1:

Q1. [3+4+3]

- Find all the values of z for which $z^5 = -32$.
- Locate these value in the complex plane.
- State the necessary and sufficient conditions for being a function analytic. Hence show that the function $\sin z$ is analytic.

Q2. [3+4+3]

- Solve the equation $z^2 + (2i - 3)z + 5 - i = 0$.
- If $\left(\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^{50} = 3^{25}(x + iy)$, where x and y are reals then find the values of x and y .
- Evaluate $\lim_{z \rightarrow 2e^{\frac{\pi i}{3}}} \frac{z^3}{\pi i z^4 + 4z^2 + 16}$.

Q3. [3+4+3]

- Show that $\sin^{-1}z = -i \log[iz + (1 - z^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}]$.
- Find $\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin z}{z}\right)^{\frac{1}{z^2}}$.
- Determine whether the following function u is harmonic. For harmonic function, find the conjugate harmonic function v and express $u + iv$ as an analytic function of z .

$$e^{-2xy} \sin(x^2 - y^2)$$

Q4.

[3+4+3]

- a. Show that $\log(-1 + i)^2 \neq 2 \log(-1 + i)$.
- b. Sketch the set of point determine by the given condition: $|z + i| \leq 3$.
- c. Prove that $u = e^{-x}(x \sin y - y \cos y)$ is harmonic.

Q5.

[3+4+3]

- a. Suppose $f(z) = \begin{cases} z^2 + 2z & \text{if } z \neq i \\ 3 + 2i & \text{if } z = i \end{cases}$; Find $\lim_{z \rightarrow i} f(z)$ and justify your answer.
- b. Let $f(z) = \frac{2z-1}{3z+2}$. Prove that $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(z_0+h)-f(z_0)}{h} = \frac{7}{(3z_0+2)^2}$ provide $z_0 \neq -\frac{2}{3}$.
- c. If the equation $\frac{|z-i|}{|z+i|} = 3$ represent a circle in the complex plane, then find the radius and the center of the circle.