# Amines By Bharat Panchal Sir.

These are alkyl or asyl desiratives of Ammonia

H-N-11

R-N-H

R-N-H

R-N-H

R-N-H

R-N-R

8° amine

8° amine

### Structure of Amines

Structure - trigonal peramedal

R 3 Bond Paix + 1 Lone Ris

Hybrid. 7 Sp3

### . Nomenclature >

CH3-CH2-CH2-NH2 Propan-1-amine

CH3-NH-CH3-CH3 N-Methyl ethanamine

NH2

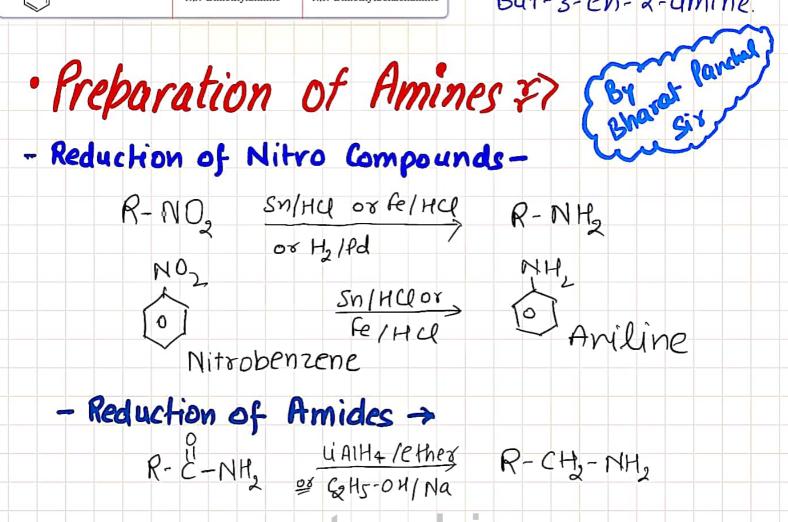
Aniline

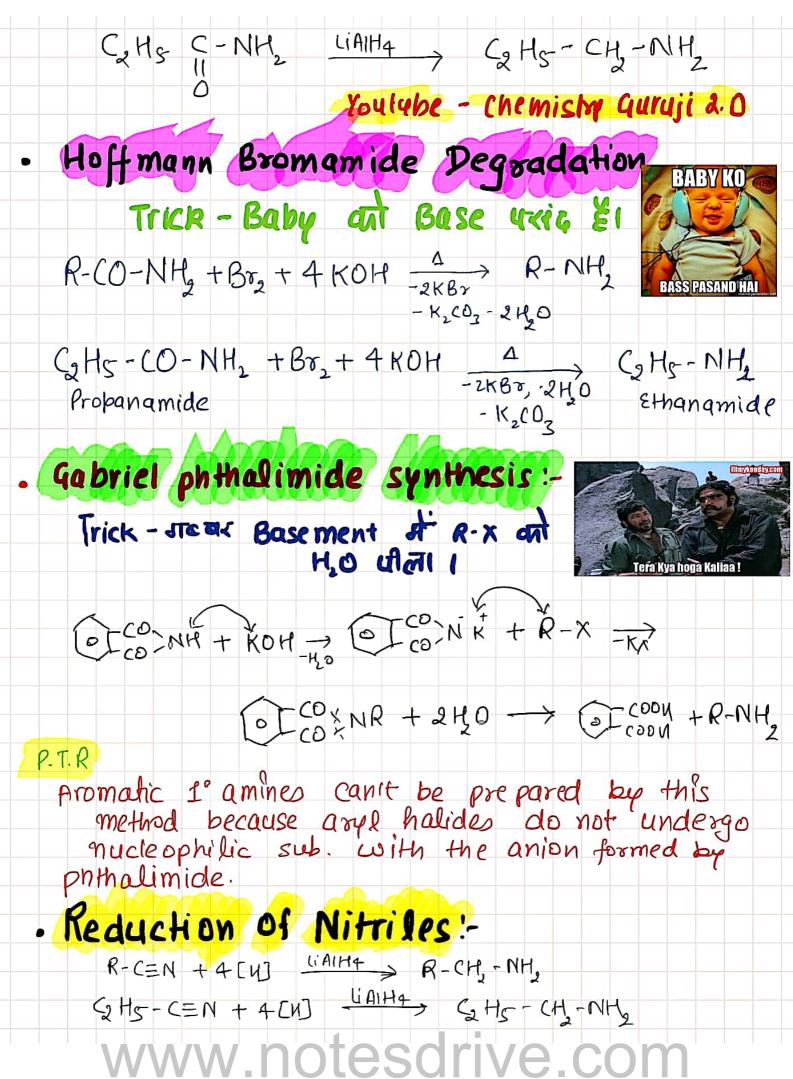
Of Aniline

Of CH3 2-Amino toluene

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### NCERT Ques. (D-2016) IUPAC name CH2-CH2-NH, Ethanamine Ethylamine CH<sub>3</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> n-Propylamine Propan-1-amine 2,4,6-Tribromo сн,-сн-сн, Isopropylamine Propan-2-amine NH, aniline Ethylmethylamine N-Methylethanamine CH, -N-CH, N,N-Dimethylmethanamine Trimethylamine $C_2H_5 - N - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_3 - CH_3 - CH_3$ N,N-Diethylbutylamine N,N-Diethylbutan-1-amine () CH-N-(H,- CH3 (A.I.2013) $NH_2-CH_2-CH=CH_2$ Allylamine Prop-2-en-1-amine NH, -(CH.), -NH, Hexamethylenediamine Hexane-1,6-dtamtne N,N-Dimethyl Antline Antline or Benzenamine ethanamine o-Toluidine 2-Methylantline ( ) CH = CH - CH - NH (D-1012) 4-Bromobenzenamine p-Bromoantline 4-Bromoantline But-3-en-2-amine N,N-Dimethylantline N,N-Dimethylbenzenamine





· Hoffmann Ammonolysis of Alkyl Halide

H-N-H  $+R-X \rightarrow R-N-H$   $+R-X \rightarrow R-N-R$  +R-X -HX H  $\to R-N-R$  R  $\to R-N-R$   $\to R-N$ H-N-H + GHs-Cl -HC CH5-N-H + GHs-Cl -HC CHS-N-GHS + CHS-U -HCU GHS-N-GHS-H 2° amine GHS-13° amine

Physical Properties of Amines:-

Physical Stak:-

hysical State:Lower amines are gases and liquids
but higher amines are solids. The lower aliphatic

amines are gases with fishy odour.

Arylamines are usually colourless but get coloured on storage due to atmospheric oxidation.

- Solubility:Lower aliphatic amines are soluble in
Wafer because they can form H-Bond with water

Н Н --- 0-H --- 0- И R И R И

Primary and secondary amines are soluble in water due to H-bonding while 3° amines are insoluble in water.

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- The solubility decrease with increase in size of hydrophobic alkyl part.
- P.T.R The solubility of amines is less than that of alcohol of comparable more cular mass because alcohols are more polar than amines because accomous The Bond.

  By- Bharat Panchal Six

· Boiling Point =>

- The order of bpt bomeric amines

  1° amines > 2° amines > 3° amines
- 8° amines de not have intermolecular H-Boding because no H-is attached to N-atom.

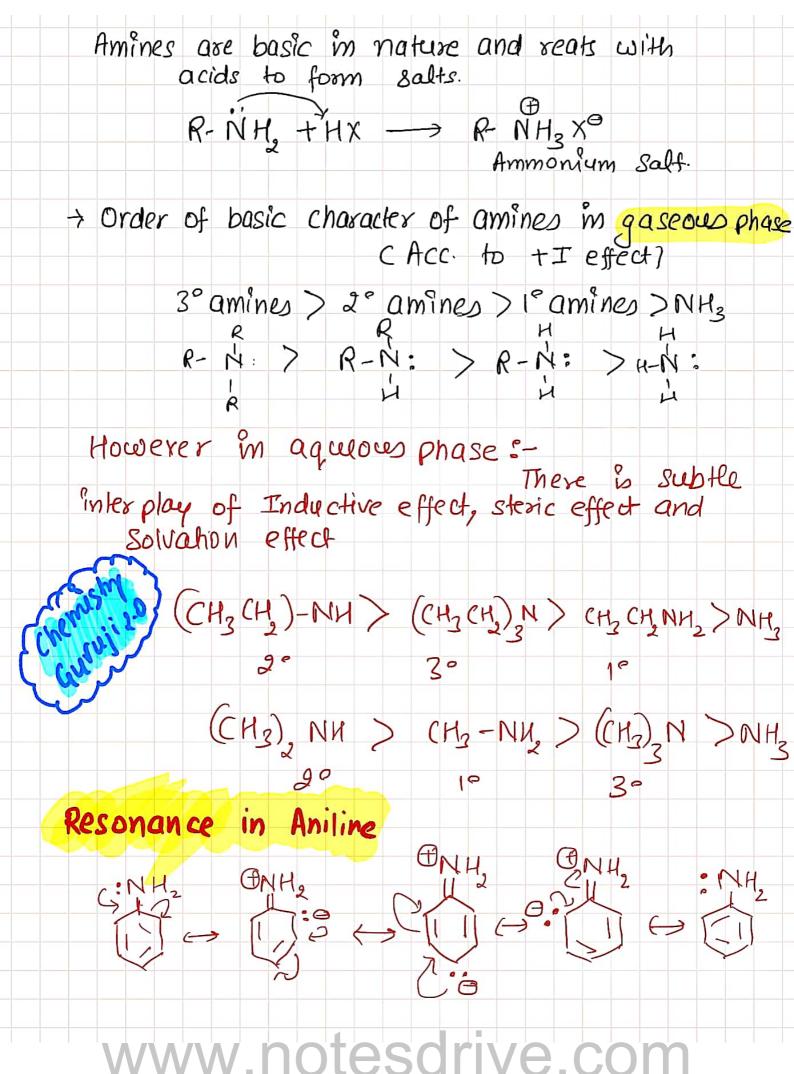
  1° amines have maximum amount q H-Bonding because two H-atoms are attached to N-atom.

### Basic Character of Amines

- > Amines are basic in nature due to the presence of lone pair of eo on nitrogen atom.
  - This phatic amines are stronger bases than ammonia due to +I effect of Alkyl group.
  - 7 Aromatic amines are weaker bases than ammonia due to -I effect or Asyl group.
    - Besides inductive effect, effects like

      Steric effect, solvation effect, resonance
      effect also affect the basic

      Strength of amines.



### Carbylamine Reaction

R-NH, + CHU3 +3KOH → R-N=C+3KU+3H,0 CoHs-NHo+CHClo+3KON - CoHs-NC+3KCO+340 (0) NH2 + CHCl3+3KOH -> (0) NC +3KCl+3H20

## · Reaction with Grignard Reagent > by wasonat

R-NH2 + CH3-MgI -> CH4 + R-NU-MgI R-NH + CH3-MgI -> CH4 + Ro-N.MgI O>NH2+ C2H5-MgT -> C2H6+(0>NU.MgI

P.T.R) Tertiany amines do not react with Grignard reagents as they do not contain active H-atoms.

### ( ALKYLATION)

a) GHS-NH, + GHS-BO -HBV (COHS)-NH + C2H5-B0 -HBV (CH5)3N + C2H5-Br



-HB? (GHs)4 N+ Bo- Petraethyl ammonium bromide

A CO-NH + CH3I -> CO-NH-CH3+CH3I -> A) (O) N(CH)2 + CH3I A) (O) N+(CH)3I-

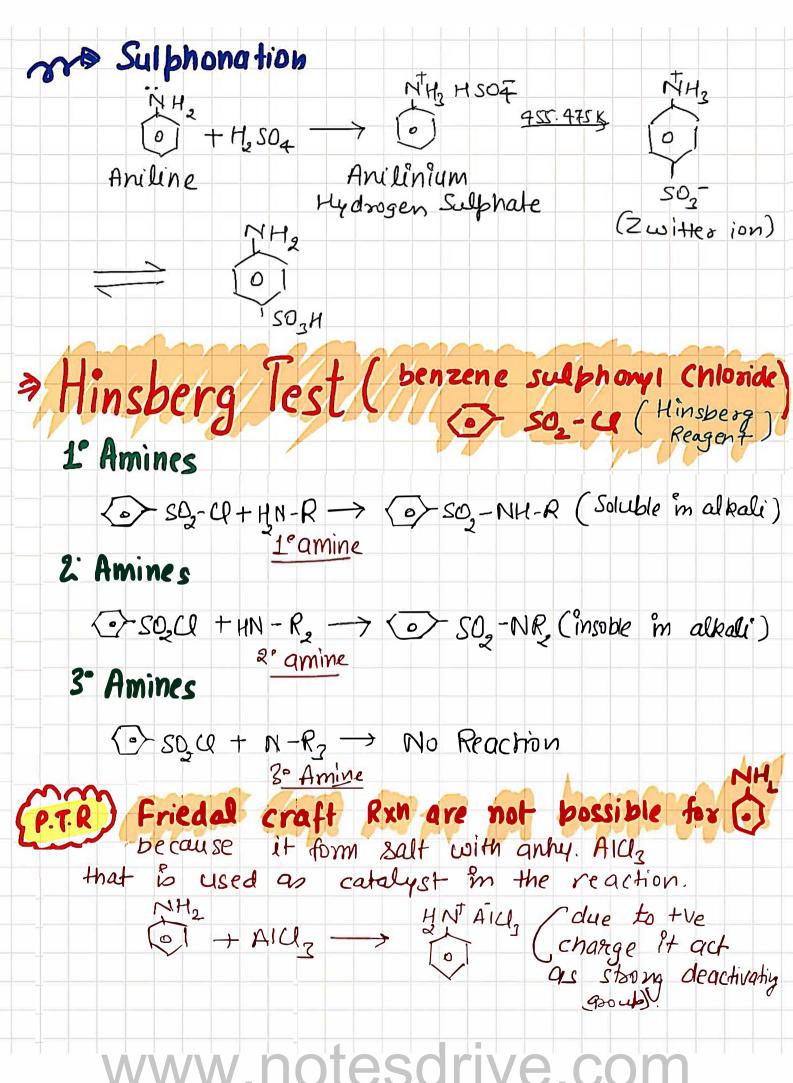
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### Acylation

### - Electrophilic Substitution Reaction ?

P.T.R For monobromination, treat aniline with acetic anhydride (CH2CO),0

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### Basic Character & Ko Basic Character & L PKD



- · Arrange the following in the increasing order of proposed values: (C.B.S.E-2018)
  - ONH, CoHS-NH, ONUCH3

Solution: - Cather-NH2 < DNH-(H3 < DNH2

(\*) Gire reasons: (CH3) NH is more basic than (CH3)3 N in an aqueous solution (CBSE-2018)

Am: (CH3) NH is more basic than (CH3)3 N in an aqueous solution due to less steric hindrance.

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