

C++ Loops

Lecture- 5

- 1) Revise
- 2) Notes
- 3) Assignment

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What and Why?

Rounds → Iteration

→ Repetition

initialisation condition increment
 ↑ ↑ ↗

```
for(int i=1;i<=5;i++){  
    cout<<"Good Morning"<<endl;  
}
```

$i = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$

5 baar "Good Morning"

- Initialize
- check
- inside loop
- increment
- Repeat

Output

- Good Morning
- Good Morning
- Good Morning
- Good Morning
- Good Morning

For Loop

```
for(int i = 1; i<=10; i++){
```

```
// code
```

```
}
```

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Ques : Print hello world 'n' times. Take 'n' as input from user *in separate lines*

```
int n;
```

```
cin >> n;
```

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How for loop works : the various parameters.

initialization , condition , increment / decrement

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Ques : Print numbers from 1 to 100



for loop wala variable , \rightarrow i \rightarrow iterator

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Ques : Print all the even numbers from 1 to 100

```
for(int i=1;i<=10;i++){
    if(i%2==0) cout<<i<<endl;
}
```

$i = 1, 2, 3, 4$

1) Check

2) Inside loop

3) Increment

Output

- 2
- 4
- 6
- 8
- 10

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Ques : Print the table of 19.

```
for (int i = 19; i <= 190; i += 19) {
```

```
    cout << i << endl;
```

```
}
```

i = 19 38 57

Output

• 19

• 38

• 57

•

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Ques : Display this AP - 1,3,5,7,9.. upto 'n' terms.

$$n = 10$$

a
 1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17 19 a_n

```
for (int i = 1 ; i <= 2*n-1 ; i += 2) {
```

```
    cout << i << endl ;
```

```
}
```

M-I : Mathematica $\rightarrow a = 1, d = 2$

$$a_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$= 1 + (n-1) \cdot 2$$

$$= 1 + 2n - 2$$

$$= 2n - 1$$

$$2^n - 1$$

Ques : Display this AP - ~~1, 3, 5, 7, 9~~.. upto 'n' terms.

4, 7, 10, 13, 17

↓

$a = 4, d = 3$

$$a_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$= 4 + (n-1) \cdot 3$$

$$= 4 + 3n - 3$$

$$= \boxed{3n + 1}$$

Ques : Display this GP – 1,2,4,8,16,32,.. upto 'n' terms.

$$n = 8$$

1 2 4 16 32 64 128 256

Practice: n to 1

$n \rightarrow n = 8 \rightarrow$

8
7
6
5
4
3
2
1

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* **Ques** : Display this AP - 100, 97, 94, .. upto all terms which are positive.

100 97 94 91 88 4 1 -2 -5 . . .

Dhancha Method \rightarrow 1 to n Extra Variable

$$a = 100, d = -3, n = ?, a_n = ?$$

$$a_n > 0$$

$$\Rightarrow a + (n-1)d > 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 100 + (n-1)(-3) > 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 100 > 3(n-1)$$

$$\Rightarrow 100 > 3n - 3$$

$$103 > 3n$$

$$\rightarrow 3n < 103$$

$$\Rightarrow n < \frac{103}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow n < 34.33$$

$$n_{\text{last}} \rightarrow 34$$

While Loop

i = 1 2 3 ... 11

```
int i = 0;
while(i<10){
    // code
    i++;
}
```

```
int i = 1;
while(i<=10){
    i++;
    cout<<i<<endl;
}
```

1 2 3 ... 11

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Predict the output

```
int main() {  
    int j;  
    while (j <= 10) {  
        cout << j << endl;  
        j = j + 1;  
    }  
}
```

Error

Garbage values

Predict the output

```
int main() {
    int x = 1;
    while (x == 1) {
        x = x - 1;
        cout << x << endl;
    }
}
```

x = 1 0

Output

. 0
.

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Do- While Loop

→ Useless

```
do {
```

```
    //code
```

```
} while ( another == 'y' );
```


Find the error

```
int main() {
```

```
    int x;
```

```
    while (x = 0; x <= 255; x++) {
```

```
        cout << "Ascii value of Character " << (char)('a' + x);
```

```
        cout << " is " << x << endl;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

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Ques: Print all alphabets (uppercase) with their ASCII values.

A 65

B 66

C 67

D 68

.

.

.

.

Z 90

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Thank you!

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