# Foreword cont'd

### QNAP QPKG

- QPKG may be seen as <u>SaaS-like applications</u>
  - Provide a wide variety of applications to the end-users
  - Groups of applications are tailored by market segment (usage)
  - EZ to install/remove by **non-technical end-users**
  - Generic (database, mail) or specific (ERP) applications
  - Open system that enables OS communities to develop QPKGs
  - Currently all QPKG are released for free to NAS users
  - QPKG system will evolved in the near future to improve

#### QPKG available today

- Official QPKG
  - MLDonkey, SSOTS (*SlimServer on Turbo Station*), Optware IPKG (*Itsy Package Management System*), phpMyAdmin, Joomla, WordPress, SABnzbd+, AjaXplorer, Tomcat, XDove, Asterisk, JRE 6 (*Java Runtime Environment*),
- Beta QPKG
  - rTorrent++, NZBGet, IceStation, Plugmedia (Multimedia Station), Perl, Piwik, phpBB3, Unrealircd, Q-Ext, Q-Sims (Virtual World Simulator), eyeOS, Magento, OpenX, MediaWiki, PostgreSQL



### Developer Prerequisite

- In order to develop QPKG applications, you will need to deal with:
  - Linux Bash scripts
    - For installation and administration tasks
  - PHP language
    - Web interface code writing
    - JQuery for Rich Interface Applications
    - Smarty\* for web page skin management
    - TinyMCE\* as user text editor
  - Linux cross-compilation understanding
    - Compile some application from source
  - CGI script understanding
    - To issue admin commands from the web interface
  - LOCALE and Internationalization understanding
    - To enable the QPKG to support several selectable languages
    - To enable the QPKG to support help pages in different languages
  - Wiki page writing
    - To make available online help pages
    - To maintain a troubleshooting page
    - To provide additional information about the QPKG (eg. case study, technology information, etc...)
  - Technical English
    - For code comments and QPKG help pages
    - For Applications Notes and Wiki pages











## What to package



- There are several levels of packaging:
  - Packaging applications as a PHP web applications (eg Joomla). The QPKG provides:
    - an installation/remove script to copy/remove the PHP code
    - A folder with the web files
    - an URL link to access the application from the QPKG Interface
  - Packaging applications already existing as **IPKG modules** (eq Asterisk). The QPKG provides:
    - an installation script for the IPKG
    - a script to Start/Stop the application
    - An URL link to access the Web server/GUI if any
  - Packaging an already existing **Debian x86/ARMEL package** (*eg Mono*). The QPKG provides:

     A folder with the binary/libs downloaded from the Deb pkg

    - an installation/remove script to copy/remove the files and recreate the symbolic links to the libs
    - a script to Start/Stop the application
    - An URL link to access the Web server/GUI if any
  - Packaging an application from a **source code** exists (eg FreeSwitch). The QPKG provides:
    - A folder with your compiled binaries
    - A folder with the binary/libs downloaded from the Deb pkg
    - an installation/remove script to copy/remove the files and recreate the symbolic links to the libs
    - a script to Start/Stop the application
    - An URL link to access the Web server/GUI if any
  - BUT most of the time you will have to (eg Plugmedia):

     Use some IPKG to install libs

    - Compile some **source code** to get the application running
    - Write/modify script for the QPKG installation/removal
    - Write/modify script to **start/stop** the application
    - Develop a PHP interface to enable the user to configure the application

### Internationalization



- Help and Documentation
  - Code files MUST BE documented in English
  - User help pages shall support Internationalization (selectable languages)
  - Application **user interface** (*web GUI*) shall have help pages/pop-ups to provide additional information to the user (*English*, *Chinese*)
  - Applications Notes for each QPKG must be accessible from QNAP website
  - **User documentation**, application examples, troubleshooting sections may be gathered as wiki pages
  - Also consider to translate the application in **Chinese** if not available
    - Translate the Web GUI
    - Translate the Help pages any
    - Translate the *Installer* if any
    - Optionally, you can translate (low priority)

      The wiki pages (shall be at least in English)
      The online help if any
      The examples
  - Languages (speakers)

•	English – mandatory	( 920 millions)
•	Chinese	(1.12 milliard)
•	Hindi	( 740 millions)
•	French	( 600 millions)
•	Arabic	( 482 millions)
•	Spanish	( 380 millions)

## QPKG Debugging



- Full testing requires the QPKG to be created
  - You may install the QPKG manually (see §3)
- Application testing can be done "in situ" by duplication of the QPKG src-xxx folders
  - Copy the relevant src-xxx folders for a specific NAS model under:
    - /share/xx0\_DATA/.qpkg/<your\_qpkg>
  - Create the symbolic links and set the permissions
  - Run the application from this location
- Installation debugging is tricky
  - Once the QPKG is created copy the QPKG into /share/Public
  - Start the installation using ./your\_qpkg.qpkg (self-extraction)
  - The QPKG installs on your NAS the same way as if it was uploaded and installed from the QPKG interface
  - Monitor the installation and check for failure
  - qinstall\_xxx.sh script debugging:
    - There is no easy way to debug the installation script
    - If the qpkg installation fails use ./built.sh <model> debug and check the temporary folder: /mnt/HDA\_ROOT/update\_pkg/tmp
    - You will find the qinstall.sh, qpkg-name.tgz, qpkg.cfg and common.sh
    - Edit and modify the **qinstall.sh** to fix bug
    - Copy the working version back to your SVN

## **QPKG** Debugging

#### Recommendations (TBD)

- Avoid folder removal (rm -R /xxx/\$VAR and VAR is empty due to bug or user entry error)
- Log your code execution
  - into a log file for **debugging** (using a tee instruction for example)
  - Report **critical errors** using the QNAP Admin log system (/sbin/write\_log)
  - Keep log file **size** under control (tail or rotation files)
- To improve coding, use "pair programming" on sensitive pieces of code
- Use code review across project teams
- Cross projects with your colleagues for beta tests
- Suggestion : Agile Software development methodology (e.g. Scrum)
  - List all tasks into a backlog
  - Extract a backlog subset which can provide in a fixed 2 weeks timeslot, a functional\* product with the selected features (**Sprint**)
  - Reiterate the Sprints until the backlog gets empty
  - \* Functional means, all selected features for the Spring have been implemented, tested and validated like in a final product

## **QPKG** Testing

- Minimum testing to be performed on a QPKG for each NAS models (series) before Alpha release
  - Test QPKG installation qinstall.sh script
  - Test QPKG removal .uninstall.sh script (and check for residue after removal such as broken symblink )
  - Test QPKG Enable/Disable <your\_qpkg>.sh script
  - Test QPKG installation and upgrade
  - Test Web GUI if any
  - Test for security issues if the QPKG needs to support some restrictions (password, account, multi-users,...)
  - Test cased can be user cases and may also be providing in the user's document
  - Any other tests to ensure the QPKG to meet the requirements
- If your QPKG (A) is to be used by an other QPKG (B) (eg. PostgreSQL)
  - Test your QPKG (A) with the QPKG (B)
  - Test that the QPKG (A) removal will not destroy data that belong to QPKG (B)
  - For the time being there is no way to prevent the removal of QPKG (A) if QPKG (B) is still installed
- Testing with IPKG modules installation
  - Shall you QPKG use IPKG modules, you must test the correct installation of modules
  - If a pre-installation is enabled (see next slides for ipkg modules installation) check for failure and possible remote ipkg installation from Internet
- QPKG shall be released for Production
  - Ensure to fully passed the Alpha and Beta levels

### PHP Interface Guidelines



- You may have to develop a Application interface
  - This does NOT concern the Application PHP to be packages (e.g. Joomla PHP or PhpPgAdmin PHP interface)
  - It is related to YOUR PHP development to create an application configuration page for example.
  - Configuration and variable in the config.php
    - No hard coded paths please (use path variable in config.php)
    - Variables for : params (Ports, URL, IP Add, ...) etc.
  - Recommended folders structure (to be discussed first and used by <u>EVERYONE</u>)

```
⊢ /src-shared

    └─ /<qpkg name> (web gui folder)
         index.php

    /database

         - /svstem
              ├ / cache
                                       Smarty cache
               - / compiled
                                       Smarty accelerator
               /config
                                       configuration files
                                       JQuery, javascript code
               - /libraries

⊢ /smarty
                   └─ /editors
                      └ /tiny mce
               - /langs
                                       folder for languages and help files
               - /logs
              — /inc
                                       folder for php files
              /themes
                   └ /default
                                       Default skin themes
                       ⊢ /css
                                       folder for CSS sheets
                       /images
                                       folder for images and thumbnails
                                       javacript used by the default template only
                       └ /tpl
                                       (or inc)
    src-xxx
                      binaries not related to the application (eq. compiled bash) and cqi files
```

Required by Smarty Required by TinyMCE

# PHP Interface Guidelines cont'd



- PHP web interface
  - Has DOCTYPE = **DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional** 
    - Needed with JQuery
    - DocType experts are welcomed to address this topic then use the same for all QPKG
  - Has CHARSET = UTF-8
  - Is W3C compliant please submit your pages for compliance
  - Has to support Internationalization for different languages
    - Set a default language to English using a configuration variable in your config.ini
    - Have a language drop list to enable the user selection
    - Optional: Use browser language detection to find the language or fallback to English
  - Has to follow the **QNAP graphical charter** 
    - Get it from ONAP or mimic the v3 admin GUI
    - Share graphics, CSS, Smarty templates between your QPKG devs
- Shall you need a skinner please use Smarty
  - Default page size is 1024 x 768 px.
  - Pages must be correctly displayed for this resolution and above.
  - Choose one stable version and keep it for all QPKG
- 1 Shall you need a RIA (Rich Internet Application) please use JQuery
  - Do not mods the JQuery (tweek the code) to allow future upgrades

# PHP Interface *User configuration screens*

\*

- For application that requires a user configuration
  - Use a QSA Quick Start Assistant (Wizard) and support internationalization
  - 5/6 pages maximum
  - Users are <u>non-technical persons</u>



# PHP Interface Execute cmds with admin privileges

- PHP web interface
  - User is seen as Guest (Apache)
  - User cannot issue admin commands using the exec PHP instruction
- A workaround exists
  - Call a CGI code (bash) from the PHP using the wget instruction
  - The CGI code is executed with admin privileges
  - Execution may be incredibly slow because:
    - wget start to check for IPV6 then fallback to IPV4 after timeout
    - Need to force IPV4 (use a variable to allow easy setup changes)
- To do
  - Place you cgi files under the right folder:
    - apps/qpkg-name/src-shared for ASCII cgi files
    - apps/qpkg-name/src-xxx for compiled cgi files
    - CHMOD 755 qpkg\_name.cgi
    - Create a symbolic link from qpkg\_name/bin/ folder to /home/httpd/qpkg\_name
- For debugging unitary tests
  - Enable your CGI to be run from a shell command line
    - PHP code
      - Bash command as guest
        \$ret = exec('\( \)bash command\( \)', \( \)\( \)
      - Bash command as admin

 $ret = exec('/usr/bin/wget "http://127.0.0.1:8080/\langle cgi_file \rangle', \ soutput);$  Please see code examples to log the command output for debugging



# PHP interface Access control

- Basic restricted access control can be implemented
  - By using .htaccess file
  - And user from the /mnt/HDA\_ROOT/.config/shadow file
    - Example:

AuthName "This Access is Restricted"
AuthType Basic
AuthUserFile /mnt/HDA\_ROOT/.config/shadow
AuthGroupFile /dev/null
limit GET POST>
require user admin
</Limit>

#### Protect the user's data

- Configuration folders must be <u>restricted access</u>
  - Eg .htaccess with deny all
- Sensitive data must be gathered and stored in a protected folder
- Protect user's data against typing errors (confirm deletion/modifications, enable rollback transactions, confirm password change, etc.)
- Use poke-yoke to limit user errors or check user entry consistency
  - All default answers are Yes but one which is inverted must be set to No
  - Do not display the 'Continue' button unless all fields are fill-in
- Implement <u>backup/restore</u> procedures for databases and sensitive data (.bak files, archive)

# PHP interface SQL databases



- MySQL database system is available on QNAP NAS
  - Recommanded by QNAP
- PostgreSQL database system is available through a QPKG
- SQLite is not available but through the IPKG modules

### Internationalization

- Translated strings must be able to support :
  - HTML tags to improve the presentation
  - Foreign characters, Quotes
- There are mainly two implementations today
  - Use of arrays (plugmedia)
    - Loaded as any PHP variable

```
$lang = array(
'TRIER_PAR' =>'Trier par',
'ORDRE TRIS' =>'Ordre de tris');
```

- Use of constants (XDove, q-ext, Q-Sims)
  - Need to process the language text file (parser)
  - Strings are gathered into sections (e.g. by pages, common, buttons, etc.)

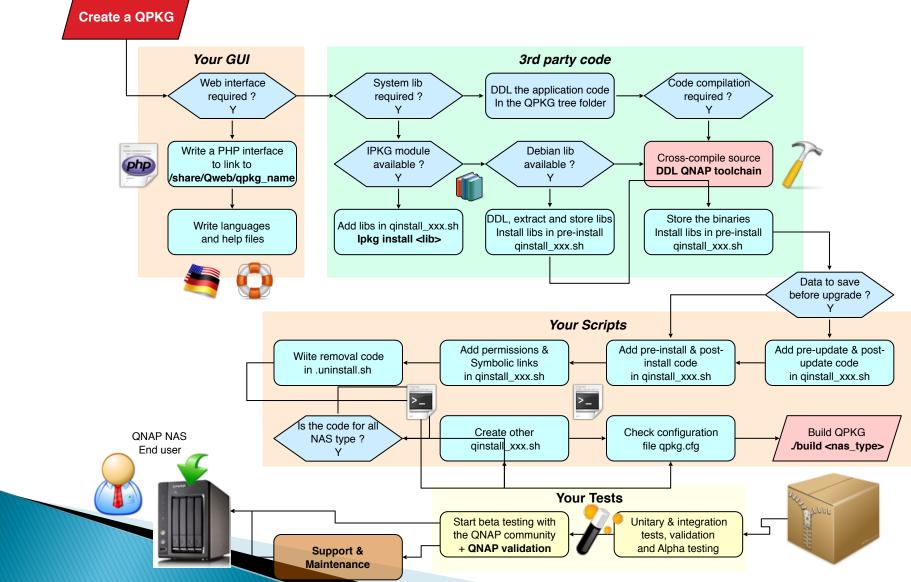
- Translation files for the web interface and help
  - Are 2 different files
  - Translation of the apps interface may be used with default English help pages
  - On the LOCALE NAS are seldom set to correct regionalization

```
# locale -a
C
en_US.utf8
POSIX
```

Q-Ext QPKG can install locales if needed but uis still Beta and for Tech. guys

# QPKG Dev Sum-up





### **QPKG Examples**

- Some QPKGs (you must be registered to access the QPKG on the forum)
  - Forum: http://forum.qnap.com/viewforum.php?f=121
  - Asterisk:
  - XDove:
- QPKGs with QSA (configuration wizard)
  - XDove
  - Q-Sims
- QPKG that installs PHP web interface
  - Joomla, phpMyAdmin, AjaXplorer, XDove, PlugMedi@, PostgreSQL, MediaWiki, eyeOS
  - Tomcat,
- QPKG with Ajax
  - PlugMedi@, AjaXplorer
- QPKG that installs binaries
  - JRE, Tomcat, Mono, FreeSwitch
  - SSOTS
- QPKG with admin commands from PHP interface
  - Q-Ext, NZBGet, Q-Sims
- QPKG that have required to compile source code
  - Mono, FreeSwitch
- QPKG that use IPKG pre-installation process
  - PosgreSQL, PlugMedi@ v2
    - **WARNING**: QPKGs may have been developed with a different QPKG template and therefore may slightly differ in their folder structure and/or script functions organization

