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HW 23: 4.27, 4.31 - 4.35

M328K

April 24th, 2012

**4.27 Question.** *The numbers 1, 5, 7, and 11 are all the natural numbers less than or equal to 12 that are relatively prime to 12, so  $\phi(12) = 4$ .*

1. *What is  $\phi(7)$ ?*
2. *What is  $\phi(15)$ ?*
3. *What is  $\phi(21)$ ?*
4. *What is  $\phi(35)$ ?*

*Answer.*

□

**4.31 Theorem.** *Let  $n$  be a natural number and let  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{\phi(n)}$  be the distinct natural numbers less than or equal to  $n$  that are relatively prime to  $n$ . Let  $a$  be a non-zero integer relatively prime to  $n$  and let  $i$  and  $j$  be different natural numbers less than or equal to  $\phi(n)$ . Then  $ax_i \not\equiv ax_j \pmod{n}$ .*

*Proof.*

□

**4.32 Theorem** (Euler's Theorem). *If  $a$  and  $n$  are integers with  $n > 0$  and  $(a, n) = 1$ , then*

$$a^{\phi(n)} \equiv 1 \pmod{n}.$$

*Proof.*

□

**4.33 Corollary** (Fermat's Little Theorem). *If  $p$  is a prime and  $a$  is an integer relatively prime to  $p$ , then  $a^{(p-1)} \equiv 1 \pmod{p}$ .*

*Proof.*

□

**4.34 Exercise.** *Compute each of the following without the aid of a calculator or computer.*

1.  $12^{49} \pmod{15}$ .

2.  $139^{112} \pmod{27}$ .

*Solution.* □

**4.35 Exercise.** Find the last digit in the base 10 representation of the integer  $13^{474}$ .

*Solution.* □