

Basic Forms



Element form

- Attribute method
 - Specifies how the form's data is sent to Web server
 - method = "post"
 - Appends form data to the browser request
 - method = "get"
 - Appends form data directly to the end of the URL
- Attribute action
 - Specifies the URL of a script on the Web server
- input
 - Specifies data to provide to the script that processes the form

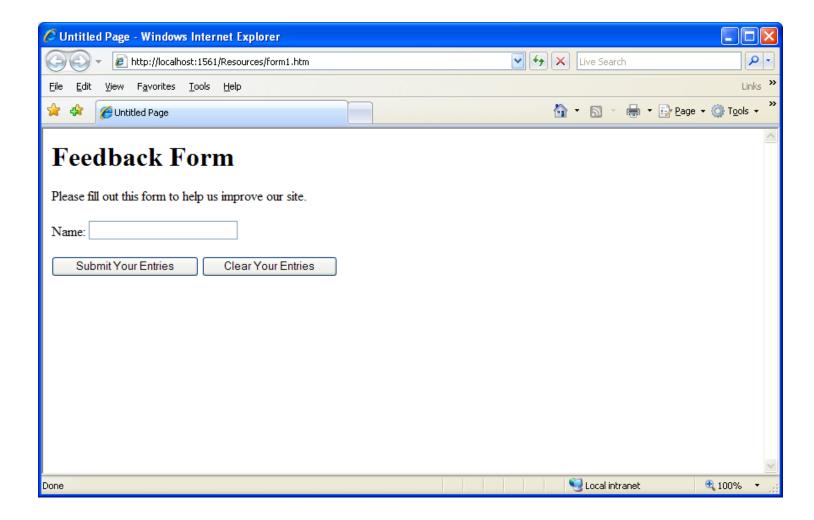




```
<form action="formmail.html" method="post">
    >
       <label> Name: </label>
       <input type = "text" maxlength="30" name="nm" size="25">
    >
       <!-- input types "submit" and "reset" insert -->
       <!-- buttons for submitting and clearing the -->
       <!-- form's contents
       <input type="submit" value="Submit Your Entries">
       <input type="reset" value="Clear Your Entries">
    </form>
```











- Text input: <input type="text">
- Password input: <input type="password">
- Email input: <input type="email">
- Number input: <input type="number">
- Date input: <input type="date">
- Time input: <input type="time">
- Checkbox: <input type="checkbox">
- Radio buttons: <input type="radio">
- File upload: <input type="file">

- Range input: <input type="range">
- Color picker: <input type="color">
- Search input: <input type="search">
- URL input: <input type="url">
- Telephone input: <input type="tel">
- Hidden input: <input type="hidden">
- Submit button: <input type="submit">
- Reset button: <input type="reset">
- Image button: <input type="image">
- Button: <input type="button">

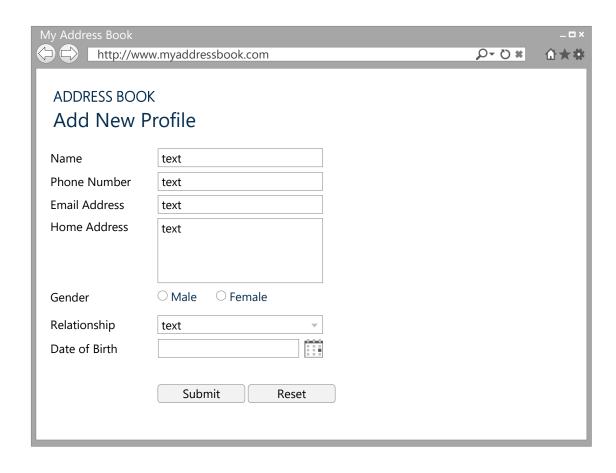




- <textarea>: Used for multiline text input.
- <select>: Creates a dropdown list of options for the user to choose from.
- <option>: Defines an option within a <select> element.
- <button>: Creates a clickable button within a form.











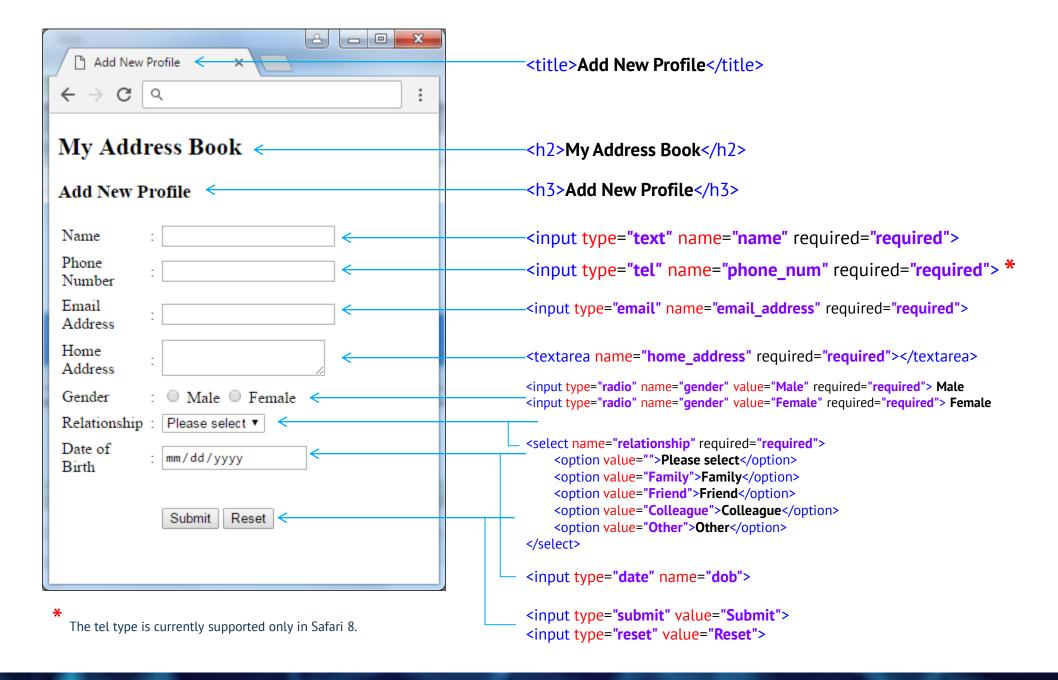
Field Name	Data Type	Data Format	Field Size	Description	Example
id	integer	NNNNN	6	Unique Number for all contact record Primary Key	12345
contact_name	varchar		255	Name for the contact	John Doe
contact_phone	varchar		50	Phone number for the contact	012546679
contact_email	varchar		255	Email address for the contact	john@gmail.com
contact_address	text			Home address for the contact	No 33, Jalan Bukit Jalil, 57000 Kuala Lumpur
contact_gender	varchar		10	Gender for the contact	Male
contact_relationship	varchar		10	Relationship between address book owner with the contact	Family
contact_dob	date	dd/mm/yyyy		Date of birth of the contact	10/12/1999





contacts

id
contact_name
contact_phone
contact_email
contact_address
contact_gender
contact_relationship
contact_dob







Styling Input Fields

```
input {
  width: 100%;
}
```

The example above applies to all <input> elements.

If you only want to style a specific input type, you can use attribute selectors:

```
input[type=text] - will only select text fields
input[type=password] - will only select password fields
input[type=number] - will only select number fields
```

Styling Up Forms



Valid Input Styling:

```
<style>
input[type='text']:focus:valid
{background:#D2F587; }

input[type='number']:in-range {
border-color: green; }
</style>
```

Invalid Input Styling:

```
<style>
input[type='text']:focus:invalid
{background:#F5BFD1; }

input[type='number']:
out-of-range{ border-color: red; }
</style>
```

Name:	Enter name	
Number:	Between 1 and 20]
Submit		

:focus represents form input that has received focus. It is generally triggered when the user clicks or taps on an element or selects it with the keyboard's Tab key.

:invalid represents any <input> or other <form> element whose contents fail to validate.

:valid represents any <input> or other <form> element whose contents validate successfully.

:in-range represents an <input> element whose current value is within the range limits specified by the min and max attributes.

Q&A