

$$\mathcal{F} = (A, B, R)$$

$\mathcal{F}(x) = \{b \in B \mid \exists a \in X : a \mathcal{F} b\}$ - section of \mathcal{F}

$$\mathcal{F}(x) = \mathcal{F}(\{x\})$$

$$33) \quad \mathcal{F} = (\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{N}, |)$$

\nwarrow divisibility

$$\mathcal{F}(1) = ?$$

$$\mathcal{F}^{-1}(\{4, 9\}) = ?$$

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathbb{N}) = ?$$

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$$\mathcal{F}(1) = \mathcal{F}(\{1\}) = \{b \in \mathbb{N} \mid \exists a \in \{1\} : a \mathcal{F} b\} = \mathbb{N}$$

\uparrow
all the elements divisible by 1

$$\mathcal{F}^{-1}(\{4, 9\}) = \{a \in \mathbb{N} \mid \exists b \in \{4, 9\} : a \mathcal{F} b\} = \underbrace{\{1, 2, 4, 3, 9\}}_{\substack{\text{divisors of } 4 \\ \text{and } 9}}$$

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathbb{N}) = \mathbb{N}$$

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathbb{N}) = \mathbb{N} \quad (\text{o divides o}) \quad \text{olo} \quad 1 \mid m, m \in \mathbb{N}$$

(35 exam) $\mathcal{F} = (A, B, R), \quad \mathcal{F}' = (A', B', R')$ Prove that

$$\underline{\text{b)} \quad P(X \cup X')} = \mathcal{F}(X) \cup \mathcal{F}(X'), \quad X, X' \subseteq A$$

subset of B

$$\text{Let } b \in \mathcal{F}(X \cup X') \Leftrightarrow \exists a \in \underline{X \cup X'} : a \mathcal{F} b \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \exists a \left((a \in X) \vee (a \in X') \right) \wedge (a \mathcal{F} b) \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \underbrace{\exists a}_{\substack{\in X}} \left((a \in X) \wedge (a \mathcal{F} b) \right) \vee \underbrace{\left((a \in X') \wedge (a \mathcal{F} b) \right)}_{B'} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftarrow (\text{tautology}) \exists x (A \vee B) \Leftrightarrow (\exists x A) \vee (\exists x B)$$

2.3.9

$$\Leftarrow \exists a \left(\underbrace{(a \in x) \wedge (a \not\in b)}_{A} \right) \vee \exists a \left(\underbrace{(a \in x') \wedge (a \not\in b)}_{B} \right)$$

$$(b \in \mathcal{P}(x)) \vee (b \in \mathcal{P}(x')) \Leftrightarrow b \in \mathcal{P}(x) \cup \mathcal{P}(x')$$

Define the section of \mathcal{P} with respect to x and prove the equality.

$$\Leftarrow \mathcal{P}(x \cap x') \subseteq \mathcal{P}(x) \cap \mathcal{P}(x')$$

$P \wedge P \Leftarrow P$ idempotence

$$\text{Let } b \in \mathcal{P}(x \cap x') \Leftrightarrow \exists a \in x \cap x' : a \not\in b \quad (\text{defn})$$

$$\Leftarrow \exists a \left(\underbrace{(a \in x) \wedge (a \in x')}_{\text{idem}} \right) \wedge (a \not\in b) \quad (\text{defn})$$

$$\Leftarrow \exists a \left(\underbrace{(a \in x) \wedge (a \not\in b)}_A \right) \wedge \left(\underbrace{(a \in x') \wedge (a \not\in b)}_B \right) \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\exists x (A \wedge B) = \exists x A \wedge \exists x B$$

$$\exists a ((a \in x) \wedge (a \not\in b)) \wedge \exists a ((a \in x') \wedge (a \not\in b)) \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftarrow b \in \mathcal{P}(x) \wedge b \in \mathcal{P}(x') \Leftrightarrow b \in \mathcal{P}(x) \cap \mathcal{P}(x')$$

$$(\mathcal{P} \cap \mathcal{P}') (x) \subseteq \mathcal{P}(x) \cap \mathcal{P}'(x)$$

$$\text{Let } b \in (\mathcal{P} \cap \mathcal{P}')(x) \Leftrightarrow \exists a \in x : a \in (\mathcal{P} \cap \mathcal{P}') b \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftarrow \exists a \in x \text{ s.t. } (a \not\in b) \wedge (a \not\in b') \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftarrow \exists a (a \in x) \wedge ((a \not\in b) \wedge (a \not\in b'))$$

$$\Leftarrow \exists a (a \in x) \wedge (a \in x) \wedge (a \not\in b) \wedge (a \not\in b')$$

$$\Leftarrow \exists a (a \in x) \wedge (a \not\in b) \wedge (\exists a (a \in x) \wedge (a \not\in b')) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \exists a (a \in x) \wedge (a \not\in b) \wedge \exists a (a \in x) \wedge (a \not\in b')$$

$$\Leftarrow b \in \mathcal{P}(x) \cap b \in \mathcal{P}'(x) \Leftrightarrow b \in (\mathcal{P}(x) \cap \mathcal{P}'(x))$$

$f = (A, B, f)$ function $\Leftrightarrow \forall a \in A \quad |f(a)| = 1$

$$f: A \rightarrow B \quad A \xrightarrow{f} B$$

$$x_A \xrightarrow{f} x_B \quad x_A = x_B \Rightarrow x_B = (f^{-1} \circ f)(x_A)$$

(41) $P = (A, B, R)$ relation

Prove that P is a function $\Leftrightarrow \forall a \in A \quad \{(a)\} \subseteq P^1 \circ P$ and $P \circ P^{-1} \subseteq I_B$

For equivalence, we have to prove both ways

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow P \text{ is a function} &\Rightarrow \forall a \in A \quad \exists! b \in B : a R b \\ &\Rightarrow \forall a \in A \quad \exists! b \in B : (a R b) \wedge (b R^{-1} a) \xrightarrow[\text{of 2 relations}]{\text{composition}} \\ &\Rightarrow a \in (P^{-1} \circ P) a \xrightarrow{\text{def}} I_A \subseteq P^{-1} \circ P \end{aligned}$$

Let $b_1, b_2 \in B$

$$b_1 (P \circ P^{-1}) b_2 \Rightarrow \exists a \in A : (b_1 P^{-1} a) \wedge (a P b_2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \subseteq \exists a \in A : (a P b_1) \wedge (a P b_2) &\xrightarrow{P \text{ is a function}} b_1 = b_2 \\ \left(\begin{array}{c} f(a) = b_1 \\ f(a) = b_2 \end{array} \right) &\Rightarrow f(a) = b_1 \\ \text{function} \Rightarrow g_f = b_1 \end{aligned}$$

$$I_A \subseteq P^{-1} \circ P \Rightarrow \forall a \in A \quad a (P^{-1} \circ P) a \subseteq$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Leftrightarrow \forall a \in A \quad \exists b \in B : (a P b) \wedge (b P^{-1} a) \\ \Rightarrow \forall a \in A \quad \exists b \in B : a P b \end{aligned}$$

$$P \circ P^{-1} \subseteq I_B$$

$\forall a \in A \quad \exists$

$$\begin{aligned} b_1 (P \circ P^{-1}) b_2 \Leftrightarrow \exists a \in A : (b_1 P^{-1} a) \wedge (a P b_2) \Leftrightarrow \\ \Leftrightarrow \exists a \in A : (a P b_1) \wedge (a P b_2) \end{aligned}$$

If $(\forall a \in A) \exists b_1, b_2 \in B : (a \in b_1) \wedge (a \in b_2) \Rightarrow$
 $\forall a \in A \exists b_1, b_2 \in B : (b_1 \in^{\text{def}} f^{-1}(a)) \wedge (b_2 \in^{\text{def}} f^{-1}(a)) \Rightarrow \forall a \in A b_1 \in^{\text{def}} f(f^{-1}(a))$

$$f \circ f^{-1} \subseteq^{\text{def}} \text{id}_B$$

$$\Rightarrow b_1 = b_2$$

$$\neg (\forall x A) \Leftrightarrow \exists x \neg A$$

4b) exam

d) $C(\bigcap_{i \in I} A_i) = \overline{\bigcup_{i \in I} C(A_i)}, A_i \in \mathcal{P}(U)$

Let $x \in C(\bigcap_{i \in I} A_i) \Leftrightarrow x \in \overline{\bigcap_{i \in I} A_i} \Leftrightarrow \forall i \in I x \in \overline{A_i} \Leftrightarrow$

$\exists i \in I, \overline{x \in A_i} \Leftrightarrow \exists i \in I x \in C(A_i) \Leftrightarrow x \in \bigcup_{i \in I} C(A_i)$

$$\boxed{\exists x \forall y A \Rightarrow \forall y \exists x A}$$

4b) exam CHECK WERT 4

b) $f(\bigcap_{i \in I} X_i) \subseteq \bigcap_{i \in I} f(X_i)$

Let $y \in f(\bigcap_{i \in I} X_i) \Leftrightarrow \exists x \in \bigcap_{i \in I} X_i : f(x) = y \Leftrightarrow$

$\Leftrightarrow \exists x \forall i \in I (x \in X_i) \wedge (f(x) = y) \Leftrightarrow$

$$\forall i \in I \exists x (x \in X_i) \wedge (f(x) = y)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \forall i \in I y \in f(X_i) \Leftrightarrow y \in \bigcap_{i \in I} f(X_i)$$

$\boxed{f^{-1}(Y) - \text{preimage}}$