

Flatten Binary Tree to Linked List

This problem asks us to flatten a binary tree to a linked list in preorder (root \rightarrow left \rightarrow right) order, modifying the tree in place ($O(1)$ extra space).

Key Idea:

- We rearrange the tree such that:
 1. Each node's right child points to the next node in preorder.
 2. Each node's left child is null.
- Must avoid additional data structures (like arrays or stacks) for the follow-up.

Approach 1: Morris traversal style ($O(1)$ space)

Steps:

1. Iterate through the tree starting from root.
2. For every node:
 - If the node has a left child:
 - Find the rightmost node in its left subtree (predecessor).
 - Connect this rightmost node's right to the node's right.
 - Move the left subtree to the right (node \rightarrow right = node \rightarrow left) and set node \rightarrow left = NULL.
3. Move to the next node using node \rightarrow right.

Complexity:

- Time: $O(N)$ - each node is visited once, finding rightmost node per step still results in $O(N)$ total.
- Space: $O(1)$ extra - in-place manipulation.

Alternative:

- Recursive or stack-based preorder traversal (simpler to understand but $O(N)$ space due to recursion / stack).