Making and Using Graphs

College Algebra

# Introduction

In the last section, we made tables for a function given by a formula. We will now make graphs from formulas.

# Making Graphs on Texas Instruments Calculators

Graphing a function on a graphing calculator is relatively easy. We will have to spend some time setting up the viewing window. This is because graphing calculators are setup for traditional algebra classes by default.

## Calculator Directions – Graphing a Function

To make a graph on a TI graphing calculator, do the following:

1. Rewrite the formula so that the independent variable is and the dependent variable is .
2. Press the Y= button on the calculator and type the formula for Y1.
3. Press the WINDOW button to set the viewing window.
4. Press the GRAPH button to display the graph.

Most of our work will go into finding the window settings.

(A quick aside: I realize that graphing calculators are considered old-fashioned now that programs like DEMOS exist. The reason I still like them is because you must know math to make them work. This is a math class, not a calculator class.)

# Finding the Window Settings

The window settings determine how much of the graph we will see. You want to be able to focus on key features or give an overview of the function depending on your needs.

## Calculator Directions – Setting a Viewing Window

1. Determine the range of values for the horizontal axis. This will either be given to you in the problem, or you will have to infer it from the context.
2. Make a table of values for the graph. This table will give you an idea of the highest and lowest values of the dependent variable. You will have to use the range of values for the horizontal axis from step 1 to make the table.
3. Set the window variables. Press the “WINDOW” button and enter numbers for these variables:
   1. Xmin – The left-most value on the horizontal axis.
   2. Xmax – The right-most value on horizontal axis.
   3. Ymin – The bottom-most value on vertical axis.
   4. Ymax – The top-most value on vertical axis.

The variables Xscl and Yscl are not critical. They can make the graph look pretty by setting the spacing in the tick marks on the axes.

# Examples of Graphing a Function

## Example 1

For the first example, graph the function for between 0 and 10.

## Solution

The calculator steps are below. Please follow along with your calculator.

| Calculator Steps | TI-84 Plus CE | TI-83 Plus |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Press “Y=” and enter the function formula. | A screenshot of a computer  Description automatically generated | A screenshot of a computer  Description automatically generated |
| “2ND" → “WINDOW” to get to “TBLSET”  For x between 0 and 10, use: TblSart=0  ΔTbl = 2 | A screenshot of a video game  Description automatically generated | A screenshot of a computer program  Description automatically generated |
| “2ND" → “GRAPH” to get to “TABLE”  For this function, the lowest y value is 0 and largest is 2.66. | A screenshot of a computer  Description automatically generated | A screenshot of a computer  Description automatically generated |
| “WINDOW”  From the directions, use 0 for Xmin and 10 for Xmax.  From the table, use 0 for Ymin and 2.8 for Ymax. You do not have to be precise with the y-values. | A screenshot of a computer  Description automatically generated | A black text with black letters  Description automatically generated with medium confidence |
| “Graph”  The graph is displayed. If you have any gaps, revise the window settings. | A graph of a curve  Description automatically generated | A black line drawing of a curve  Description automatically generated |

## Example 2

Graph the function for between 0 and 100.

| Calculator Steps | TI-84 Plus CE | TI-83 Plus |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Press “Y=” and enter the function formula. | A screenshot of a computer  Description automatically generated | A screenshot of a computer  Description automatically generated |
| “2ND" → “WINDOW” to get to “TBLSET”  For x between 0 and 10, use: TblSart=0  ΔTbl = 2 | A screenshot of a video game  Description automatically generated | A screenshot of a computer program  Description automatically generated |
| “2ND" → “GRAPH” to get to “TABLE”  For this function, the lowest y value is 0 and largest is 2.66. | A screenshot of a computer  Description automatically generated | A screenshot of a computer  Description automatically generated |
| “WINDOW”  From the directions, use 0 for Xmin and 10 for Xmax.  From the table, use 0 for Ymin and 2.8 for Ymax. You do not have to be precise with the y-values. | A screenshot of a computer  Description automatically generated | A black text with black letters  Description automatically generated with medium confidence |
| “Graph”  The graph is displayed. If you have any gaps, revise the window settings. | A graph of a curve  Description automatically generated | A black line drawing of a curve  Description automatically generated |

# Tracing On a Graph

Once you have a graph, you can answer many questions about the function. You will need exact function values to get the information to answer these questions. The trace feature on your calculator will allow you to access specific function values.

## Calculator Directions – Using the Trace Function